"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day; Sunday, unsettled, decidedly colder; brisk to high south and west winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,139. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1913.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

M'REYNOLDS REFUSES AID TO PACIFIC PLAN

Sends Word to St. Louis Court That Not Having Seen Modifications He Can't Approve Them.

TIME LIMIT UP TO-NIGHT

$1,500,000 Underwriting Fee Will Then Become Forfeit and a New Syndicate Must Be Formed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The modified plan for the dissolution of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific Railway merger, which will be presented to the United States court in St. Louis to-morrow by representatives of the two railway companies, has not been approved in its final form by Attorney General McReynolds, according to statements made by the Attorney General to-day. He has instructed the United States District Attorney at St. Louis to say to the court that he had not seen the modifications, and therefore could not say whether they were or were not entirely in accordance with his views. Nothing was forthcoming from the Attorney General's office to make clear whether Mr. McReynolds expected the court to withhold its approval of the modified dissolution plan on the representations made by the United States District Attorney in Mr. McReynold's behalf.

Attorney General McReynolds was notified yesterday by the Reorganization Committee of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific that the dissolution plan had been modified by the committee to meet the objections of the California Railway Commission. The modification was along the lines of traffic agreements, in place of trackage arrangements. The Attorney General was asked to join the railway representatives in St. Louis to-morrow to present the modified plan to the United States court.

The Attorney General responded that he had not seen the plan as completed after modification, and he did not care to give approval of it until he had examined it carefully. Besides, he said, he could not start for St. Louis on such short notice.

Later the railway committee asked the Attorney General to designate a representative to appear in court at St. Louis to give approval to the modified plan. His answer to this was a telegram to the United States District Attorney to make to the court the statement mentioned.

CHIEF BLOW TO UNION PACIFIC.

Its Loss if Plan Fails Likely to Figure Up $6,000,000.

It seems to be quite generally believed here that the attitude assumed by Attorney General McReynolds toward the modified plan for the dissolution of the Harriman merger disposes of the last chance of getting it approved by the court in St. Louis to-day, just in time to head off the expiration of the railroad and syndicate agreement, save the Union Pacific $1,500,000 and obviate the necessity of forming a new syndicate on less favorable terms, due to the depreciation of Southern Pacific stock in the market.

When the syndicate was formed it looked as though the dissolution plan would be put through before Attorney General Wickersham went out of office on March 4. It had been agreed on by him and the Union and Southern Pacific Directors. The $126,650,000 of Southern Pacific stock was to be offered to the stockholders of both roads at par, and the subscription was underwritten by the international syndicate headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., on a basis of 98. The agreement was to run to March 15, the expectation being that the whole matter would be disposed of before that time.

The plan was submitted to the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis, which was expected to approve it, as both parties to the suit were in agreement. Just at that time, however, the California Railroad Commission took a hand in the proceedings at the instance of the Western Pacific, George J. Gould's road. The plan contemplated the sale of the Central Pacific line by the Southern Pacific to the Union Pacific and they were to share the exclusive use of the Benicia cut-off and certain terminal facilities.

California Sustains Objections.

The Western Pacific demanded the same right to the use of these facilities as was to be accorded to the Southern Pacific, after they should have become the property of the Union Pacific. The California Railroad Commission upheld this view and objected to some features of the plan on its own account, with the result that the matter was held up and the court waited for further developments. As both the Central and Southern Pacific are located largely within the State of California, and the facilities at issue entirely so, it was admitted that the views of the Railroad Commission must be met.

The boards of the two roads and the syndicate managers began a new series of conferences in this city, but there seemed to be no way out that could be arranged to prevent the expiration of the syndicate agreement. Some of the officials went to Washington to see Attorney General McReynolds, who had succeeded Mr. Wickersham, and they reported that he was satisfied with the plan in a general way, without representing him as having committed himself to it. Nothing developed, however, in the way of a modified plan, and up to Thursday the general idea in Wall Street was that no agreement could be reached in time for the court to act before the expiration of the syndicate agreement at midnight to-night. This would mean a loss of $1,500,000 to the Union Pacific, inasmuch as the underwriting agreement provided for a commission to the syndicate of about that amount in case the Union Pacific couldn't get the plan through and be in a position to deliver the stock by that time. The first part of the week it was taken as a foregone conclusion that this would be the result.

Cost of Upsetting the Plan.

In the meantime the price of Southern Pacific stock had been gradually receding in the market. It was about 107 when the syndicate was formed, but a couple of weeks ago it had fallen below par. This meant that stockholders would not be likely to exercise their rights to subscribe for additional shares at par, and that the syndicate would probably have to take the entire $126,500,000 at its net price of 98. This looked less and less attractive

Continued on Page 2.

LA FOLLETTE TO AID WILSON.

Discusses Reforms with President and Will Help to Forward Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—For the first time in three years Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, Progressive Republican, called at the White House to-night. He went at President Wilson's invitation, to discuss questions of legislation and administration.

The invitation was the natural outcome of President Wilson's admiration for the Wisconsin Senator. All through the campaign the President carried with him and read over many times Mr. La Follette's autobiography, which contained an account of the reforms undertaken by the Senator in Wisconsin and in the United States Senate. In speeches at Hartford and Wilmington Mr. Wilson referred to Mr. La Follette as "the little giant." While Mr. La Follette declined to follow Col. Roosevelt, and remained nominally a regular during the campaign, he was in Baltimore during the sessions of the Democratic Convention and gave the candidacy of Mr. Wilson his moral support, publicly and privately.

To an inquiry when the Senator was last at the White House, he said he called in December, 1909.

"I couldn't get in that time," he went on, "and I didn't come again."

The subjects discussed by the President and Senator La Follette were the tariff, currency, physical valuation of railroads, conservation, development of Alaskan coal resources, Government ownership of railroads, the coal deposits, and legislation on social reform On these subjects the two found themselves virtually in agreement.

That assurances of support in the accomplishment of various measures on these lines were given by Mr. La Follette is beyond doubt. The President was more concerned with the order and method necessary to working out the reforms. That the tariff should be first to be taken up was agreed. Currency reform, it is understood, is to be postponed to the next regular session of Congress.

The conference with La Follette tonight was merely preliminary to others to be held later, as the situation in Congress develops. Other Progressive Senators will be asked to the White House from time to time, and the President hopes that many of them will find it consistent to line up with the Democrats in passing what he regards as progressive legislation.

GASHED BY RELIGIOUS MANIAC

Mrs. Carhart Held Prisoner and Stabbed Eight Times by Woman.

After having been held a prisoner for nearly two hours in her apartments on the top floor of the five-story tenement house at 17 Stuyvesant Street, early last night by a woman, who, brandishing a large knife, ordered her to pray, Mrs. Margaret Carhart, forty-one years old, who had received eight stab wounds in the hands, arms, back and legs, escaped by running down the rear fire escape to the street.

The woman who attacked her, Mrs. Nellie Seaman of 136 East Twelfth Street, ran down the stairs to the street. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital by Policeman Seederburg of the Fifth Street station. Mrs. Carhart then came from the cellar of the house, where she had hidden. She told Detectives Gratano and Brooks of the Fifth Street station that she and Mrs. Seaman had been attending a mission in St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church.

Mrs. Seaman and Mrs. Carhart were talking of the experiences at the mission in Mrs. Carhart's flat when Mrs. Seaman ordered Mrs. Carhart to pray to the Blessed Virgin. Mrs. Seaman then demanded that Mrs. Carhart remove her shoes. As Mrs. Seaman drew a carving knife from her dress Mrs. Carhart obeyed and in her stocking feet knelt in prayer. Mrs. Seaman told her she had been delegated toinitiate Mrs. Carhart as a Child of Mary. Every time Mrs. Carhart attempted to rise from her knees Mrs. Seaman stabbed her until she had eight wounds.

After an hour of torture she fled through an open door and thence down the fire escape to the cellar. Mrs. Seaman ran down the front stairs to the street, and was found by Policeman Seederburg.

Mrs. Seaman was detained at Bellevue, but no charge has been made against her. Mrs. Carhart went home with her husband, refusing treatment at the hospital.

TEN DAYS WEARY McADOO.

Comes Home to New York's "Green Fields" for a Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, left Washington for New York this afternoon to spend the week-end with his family.

He said he was tired after ten days of strenuous life that is the portion of every Cabinet officer at the beginning of a new administration. New York would seem like green fields to him after Washington, said Mr. McAdoo just before his departure.

Lindley M. Garrison, the Secretary of War, also went home to-day. He will close up his affairs in Jersey City preparatory to making a four years' stay in Washington.

Secretary Bryan will leave Sunday night for Lincoln, where on Tuesday his fellow-townsmen will join in celebrating his fifty-third birthday. Attorney General McReynolds will be in New York, and Secretary Daniels will go to Raleigh to-morrow. Secretary Houston is in St. Louis, where he will remain until Tuesday.

This will leave but four Cabinet officers in town over Sunday, and they are the ones that have the fewest jobs to bestow on hungry office seekers.

VAN VALKENBERG DIVORCE ON

Summons Served on $5,000,000 Heiress—S. H. Wandell for Plaintiff.

Suit for divorce against Mrs. Nevada Van Valkenberg, known as the $5,000,000 widow of William Hayes Chapman, was begun yesterday by the service of a summons upon her in the Vanderbilt Hotel. Philip Van Valkenberg, who married her in 1909, has retained as his attorney Samuel H. Wandell of 2 Rector Street.

The records of the Supreme Court show that Attorney Wandell was one of the counsel for Mrs. Amanda Lauterbach in her successful suit for divorce against Edward Lauterbach. The Lauterbach divorce case was heard in secret before a referee, and the circumstances and persons who figured in a favorable judgment for Mrs. Lauterbach never became known publicly.

Mr. Wandell said last night that the complaint in the suit against Mrs. Van Valkenberg had not been drawn and that there was yet no corespondent actually named in the case.

Mrs. Van Valkenberg has been married three times. Her first husband, Lee Agnew, an inventor, was divorced by her. When she married Mr. Chapman he was 73 years old.

$55 ONE WAY—PACIFIC COAST AND OTHER WESTERN POINTS, Baltimore & Ohio—Mar. 14 to April 14. Full particulars at Ticket Office.—Adv.

EVIDENCE IN AGAINST GRAFT MESSENGER

Confession Expected from Hartigan After Walsh's Testimony, but He Remains Silent.

NURSE TELLS OF HIS FRIGHT

Says the Neighbors Heard His Cries in Walsh Flat After Mrs. Walsh Had Confessed to Whitman.

The State rested its case yesterday afternoon in the trial of Patrolman John J. Hartigan, clerical man and messenger for Capt. Dennis Sweeney, formerly an Inspector, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court before Justice Seabury on a charge of perjury based on the attempt of the police system to keep George A. Sipp, the informer, out of the clutches of District Attorney Whiman. Hartigan sat through the six-hour court session without evincing the least emotion and at adjournment said through his attorney, James A. Donnelly, that he was the victim of a "frame up" intended to drag down Inspector Sweeney.

When Capt. Walsh, who had been Hartigan's chief for five years, finished his testimony, it was expected in the court room that Hartigan would plead guilty and ask the court for clemency. When later the testimony of Capt. Walsh was corroborated by Mrs. Walsh and by a nurse in the Walsh home, a confession seemed even more inevitable. But Hartigan only sat straighter, smiling to his many friends in the courtroom. Outside the courtroom his young wife waited with their 3-year-old son, hoping for his discharge.

There was no intimation in the case which District Attorney Whitman built around Hartigan that the prisoner had ever been a collecor for any police official. Assistant District Attorney Clark, who made the opening address for the State, specifically stated, in fact, that the only stigma against Hartigan was the commission of perjury to save, not himself, but a man higher up.

"Hartigan," said the Assistant District Attorney, "was merely misled by that theory so prevalent in the Police Department that the wrongdoing of any man in the department must be covered up by every other man in the department, even at the expense of committing perjury."

Urged Hartigan to Confess.

It was learned that every opportunity had been given to Hartigan to confess to the District Attorney before he came up for trial. None pleaded more, it was said, than Capt. Walsh and Mrs. Walsh. Hartigan was on intimate terms with the Walshes. They called him "Johnnie," and he was a frequent visitor to their apartment at Madison Avenue and 125th Street. So great was their admiration for Hartigan that it was feared that they would refuse to come to court and testify against him.

The greatest blow to Hartigan came during the testimony of Capt. Walsh. Mr. Clark brought out that Hartigan had broken down and cried before Capt. Walsh when he learned that Mrs. Walsh had told District Attorney Whitman that Hartigan had brought $800 directly from Sweeney to the Walsh home. Mrs. Walsh and the Captain's nurse, Mina Mischel, further told that Hartigan, on this occasion, had cried so loud and had become so hysterical, that persons in the apartment just over the Walsh apartment had pounded on the floor for order. Mr. Donnelly, Hartigan's lawyer, could not counteract this damaging testimony.

It was 10:45 o'clock before Hartigan's case was called. About 150 talesmen were on hand and the court room was crowded.

Only twenty-six talesmen had to be examined for the selection of a jury, and the selections were made in quick order. Mr. Whitman questioned all the talesmen for the State. He appeared anxious to get only married men on the jury, and showed an aversion for traveling salesmen. His preference was for Scotchmen, of whom six were chosen, and a mechanical engineer was agreed upon for foreman. Mr. Whitman challenged five talesmen and Mr. Donnelly challenged two.

Jury Quickly Seated.

The jury was seated in one hour and thirty-five minutes. Here is the jury:

Albert W. Bruce, mechanical engineer, 487 West 135th Street.
William Archibald, wholesale drugs, 538 West 142d Street.
William W. Brown, civil engineer, 250 West Ninety-third Street.
Alfred C. Lord, clerk, 111 Mount Hope Place, the Bronx.
William Moeller, painter, 469 165th Street.
Harley P. Wilson, bonds and securities, 25 East Seventy-second Street.
Archibold Leroy, stock broker, 618 Fifth Avenue.
Charles E. Smith, salesman, 408 West 150th Street.
Edward S. Chloran, treasurer, 385 Fort Washington Avenue, the Bronx.
James D. Lockhead, dental metals, 437 West 124th Street.
William M. Butler, magazine manager, 454 Fort Washington Avenue, the Bronx.
Chester A. Dick, manager, 2,170 Washington Avenue, the Bronx.

A recess was taken immediately after the jury box had been filled. Long before court reconvened at 2 o'clock the Criminal Court Building was packed with persons interested in the case. The faces of many policemen in citizens' clothes were noticed. Police Captain Tierney and a squad of ten policemen were called upon to preserve order in the corridor. A place was cleared in the crowd for Hartigan's wife, his aged mother, and for the little son. This little boy seemed to enjoy the unusual sights and amused the crowd with his antics.

Assistant District Attorney Clark briefly outlined his case against Hartigan, saying he would prove that Hartigan had perjured himself before the Grand Jury when he said that he did not know the envelopes he carried from Sweeney and Walsh contained bribes to influence the informer Sipp to stay out of the State. Patrolman Eugene Fox, who confessed that Hartigan had brought an envelope containing $800 of Sweeney's money and another envelope containing $150 of Walsh's money to him in the Tombs Court, was in the courtroom. So was Sipp whose confession started the ball rolling in the direction of Sweeney, Walsh, and their messenger, Hartigan.

Grand Jury Minutes Read.

The authenticity of the Grand Jury minutes concerning Hartigan's testimony before that body on Feb. 17, as well as of the notes taken by a stenographer in Capt. Walsh's bedroom at the time of his confession on Feb. 9, was established by the court stenographers. This testimony of Capt. Walsh at the time of his

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Dr. Friedmann's Own Story of His Cure for Tuberculosis

told before the Berlin Medical Society, together with a complete report of the succeeding

Discussion by Doctors

who were present and heard the amazing claims made in this important paper. Layman and medical man alike will be deeply interested in this feature of

To-morrow's Sunday Times.

EATON CASE SERIOUS, PROSECUTOR ADMITS

Analysis of Admiral's Stomach in His Hands When the Comment Is Made.

POISON RECORDS SEARCHED

Mother-in-Law, Ill, Hints Her Daughter Was Queer—Gossips Say Veteran Sought Man's Death.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 14.—Prof. William F. Whitney of the Harvard Medical School submitted to District Attorney Barker of Brockton to-day a report of his examination of the stomach of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, whose death had caused an investigation by the State police. Mr. Barker refused to disclose the finding of the analyst, but he remarked:

"This is a most serious case."

That was the first statement made by the District Attorney since his official attention was called to the death of Admiral Eaton. A thorough search was begun by detectives to-day through the "poison sale" records of all the fifteen drug stores in Brockton, as well as of drug stores in Boston, near the South Station. That search was made by State Officer John Scott of Braintree, Deputy Sheriff John T. Condon of Rockland, and a third man. The former two men have been conducting the general investigation all the week.

Gastro-enteritis was given in the death certificate as the cause of the Admiral's end. Medical Examiner Osgood said that malady might be due to poison.

In the Eaton house in Assinippi, Mrs. Harrison, mother of the Admiral's widow, was under the care of Dr. Frame. Her condition apparently was dangerous.

Mrs. Harrison, although adhering to her assertion of belief that the Admiral's death was due to acute indigestion following a hearty meal of fresh pork, repeatedly has intimated that her daughter was "queer." That theory was shared by neighbors of the Eatons.

"My daughter," Mrs. Harrison said, "often has manifested traits that made me feel that she was not herself. She has a sensitive, highly-strung nature which at times has caused her to get into a temper. I look for an examination as to her mental condition before this affair is over. Jennie expects it herself and is ready for it if it comes."

It was village talk that Admiral Eaton had an enemy—at least, that there was a man whom he hated and had threatened with violence. On one occasion, the Admiral was alleged to have gone to a neighbor in Assinippi and said:

"Lend me your shotgun. I want to kill a skunk."

It was believed firmly when the Admiral's request became known to the village that the retired naval commander meant to kill a man. That, however, was neighborhood gossip, which was busy with everything concerning the Admiral and his household.

District Attorney Barker put at rest today a report that he had issued a summons for Mrs. Ralph Keyes of Dorchester, elder daughter of Mrs. Eaton, who was not so much in favor with the Admiral as was her younger sister, Dorothy Ainsworth. Mrs. Keyes, it happened, was in the Eaton home in Assinippi last Friday, the day before the Admiral died, and, of course, could give information of incidents in the household on that day.

BIG DROP IN MARRIAGES.

A New Low Record Is Set in the License Bureau.

Employes attached to the Marriage License Bureau in the City Hall were startled at the close of business yesterday to note that only fifty-three licenses had been taken out during the day. The average daily number of licenses is close to 160, and the lowest number previously recorded was 60, obtained about one year ago.

A peculiar feature of the present situation is that the number of licenses issued has been running low all through the week. On Monday only 106 licenses were granted, on Tuesday 83, on Wednesday 93, and Thursday 100.

This brings the total for five days in the week up to 435, or about 365 lower than the average for five days. Friday is generally the poorest day in the week. Its average is very close to 100, however.

Clerk Hart, the veteran employe, who has been on duty in the License Bureau ever since it was opened on Jan. 1, 1908, said that he could not account for the falling off in the number of licenses.

GIRL STRIKERS STORM CAR.

Throw Stones Through the Windows in Attack on Trenton Mill Officials.

TRENTON, N. J., March 14.—The 500 girl strikers who attacked Holdsworth Robertson, one of the officials of the Straus Woolen Mills of this place, where they were employed, last night, attacked J. W. Foster, the general manager of the mills, and his two sons, Frederick and William, as they were riding in a trolley car this evening. The girls threw stones and bricks at them, breaking every window in the car.

The conductor and motorman locked the front and rear doors and thus prevented the strikers from entering the car. The Fosters, when the attack started, lay down upon the floor and in this way escaped injury. The police drove the strikers away, but made no arrests.

USHER'S GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH Is synonymous with the best.—Adv.

100 DEAD IN WAKE OF SOUTHERN STORM

Seven States Swept by Tornado and Millions in Property Destroyed.

EARTH TREMBLES IN GEORGIA

Roll of Fatalities Grows as Reports Filter In from Remote Sections.

Death Toll of the Storm.	
Georgia	29
Tennessee	26
Alabama	13
Texas	1
Louisiana	7
Mississippi	13
Kentucky	1
Total	90

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, March 14.—Late reports indicate that nearly a hundred persons were killed, scores seriously injured, and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed, in the terrific electrical tornado which swept Georgia, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Texas on Thursday.

Ninety deaths have been reported, and the total loss of life probably will be increased when wire communication is restored in remote sections devastated by the cyclone. The damage to property cannot be estimated, but will have to be computed in millions.

Twenty-nine persons are reported to have perished in Georgia, and the property loss in that State is roughly estimated at $1,000,000. Calhoun, Gordon County, Ga., and its vicinity bore the brunt of the storm in that State, and eleven persons are reported to have been killed there. The other fatalities in Georgia were nine at Tucker, four at Eaglesville, three at Clarkston, and two at Columbus.

The latest reports from Tennessee have increased the death toll in that state to twenty-six persons. Six perished in Middleton, four at South Berlin, three at Huron, two each at Culleoka and Lexington, and one each at Leesburg, Rally Hill, and Bryant Station. Many sections swept by the storm have not been heard from.

The loss of life in Alabama is estimated at thirteen, although several persons still are reported missing. Five negroes were killed near New Decatur, three persons perished at Calera, and two each at Hoyles Bluff, Gayesville, and Duke.

Advices from Louisiana contain news of no additional deaths, seven having been previously reported in that State. Thirteen are known to have been killed in North Mississippi, and later reports will no doubt swell that total.

The greatest damage to property was the destruction of buildings and houses in the sections of the State where deaths were reported. Telephone and telegraphic communication has been restored to most of the larger towns and all of the cities in the storm-swept territory

Earth Trembled in Georgia.

At Calhoun, Ga., in which region of Northwest Georgia the loss of life apparently was heaviest, the storm was accompanied by earth shocks. Five were killed in the neighborhood of Atlanta and two at Columbus.

To-day the storm seemed to have spent its fury, and all casualties reported were sustained yesterday afternoon or during the night.

Reports of the storms which visited Middle and Western Tennessee yesterday afternoon are coming in slowly to-day. From reports received this morning the death list in Tennessee will exceed twenty-six.

There were two storms, or two offshoots of the same storm, one sweeping west of the Tennessee River, and the other up through Middle Tennessee and into Southern Kentucky. The storm west of the river reached its greatest fury in Benton, Hardeman, and McNairy counties, Tennessee, sweeping a clean path from one-quarter to three-quarters of a mile in width diagonally across the country.

In Middle Tennessee the most disastrous work of the storm was in Maury County, so far as reports have been received. The dead are:

Mrs. Alice Peebles, widow of a widely known Methodist preacher, and Charles S. Williamson, both of Culleoka; J. O. Lanier of Rally Hill and Mrs. Penina Orr of Bryantville.

Mrs. Charles S. Williamson, who has a broken hip, may die. She was buried in the wreckage of her home. Three persons are reported to have been killed in South Berlin.

The storm crossed the Kentucky line four miles east of Adairville and destroyed twenty barns and houses, but no lives are known to have been lost in that region.

One carpenter, J. J. Walter, was killed and another fatally injured when the wind blew down a 100-foot construction tower at Louisville, Ky. The men were at work on the top of the structure, and were crushed under the debris.

At Lexington, Tenn., between seventy-five ad one hundred houses were demolished. Those killed there were Mrs. Thorne, Green Threadgill, and the three children of Hubert Brown.

Telegraphic and telephone communication is still out between Jackson and Lexington. The towns of Camden, Timberlake, Huron, Life, and Sharon, suffered heavy property loss.

Woman Dies of Fright.

In Benton County, Tenn., Lewis Williams, Robert King, and the latter's daughter were killed. Part of the house of Leonard Davis was blown two miles and his little daughter was carried 200 yards. Several children were injured when a schoolhouse was blown down. Mrs. Rock Mahon, whose husband was reported killed near Middleton, Tenn., died of fright after the storm.

Wire communication with Provencal, La., a centre of the cyclone, was partly restored to-day. Only two persons were killed outright, but of the score or more injured four persons were believed to be fatally hurt.

At Gadsden, Ala., the killed were: Mrs. Ballard Grandy Stancil, Mrs. Ford and child, B. Johnson and James Haralson.

A Southern Railway train that left Gadsden early to-day was wrecked, presumably by spreading rails, near Round

Continued on Page 2.

ROCKEFELLERS LOST IN CUBA

Arrive at Wrong Havana Dock and Wander Till Negro Aids Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 14.—Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., wandered helplessly along Havana's docks this morning trying to find some one speaking English to direct them to their hotel.

They arrived on board the Hamburg-American liner Victoria Luise, but through some mistake the launch landed them at the wrong dock, while those expecting to meet them waited at another. With grips and bundles they accosted passers-by trying to find some one who could understand them till finally a negro expressman understood their appeal, sought out a coach, put them in it and directed the driver to their hotel.

The Rockefellers have engaged rooms at the Havana Country Club, where they expect to spend several days golfing.

IDENTIFIES PARALYSIS GERM.

Dr. Flexner Announces Another Step Toward Combating Child Disease.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 14.—Before a great audience of medical men at Johns Hopkins Hospital to-night Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute, New York, announced that he had been able to identify and cultivate the germ of infantile paralysis, the minuteness and general characteristics of which he described in an interview in THE NEW YORK TIMES several months ago.

Illustrating his statements with microphotographs, Dr. Flexner told the audience that the organism which causes infantile paralysis was one of the smallest which had ever been identified. As shown on the screen in an enlarged view of a spinal cord infected with it, the germ appeared in a chain-like form in a wavy line.

The importance of the identification of the germ by Dr. Flexner, it was pointed out, lies in the probability that with the other knowledge acquired through his experiments, the treatment of the disease may proceed along definite lines, and the discovery of a serum for its cure may be looked for.

Dr. Flexner said that in cultivating the germ the use of a medium found freed from oxygen was necessary. Because it could grow only in the absence of oxygen it would never be found in blood or in any cavity containing oxygen. Tissue infected with the virus was placed in a receptacle from which the air was drawn by means of a vacuum pump. Under the resultant condition the virus was propagated. With this virus, Dr. Flexner said, infantile paralysis was induced in monkeys which were infected with it.

Dr. Hideyo Noguchi of the same institution stated that he had demonstrated the presence of treponema pallidum in the brain of a person having genral paresis

WILSON TO STICK TO WORK.

Will Give His First Year Exclusively to Duties, Declining Invitations.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—President Wilson to-day declined an invitation to attend the celebration of the one hundred and thirty-seventh anniversary of the signing of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence at Charlotte, N. C., on May 20. In his letter of declination the President said:

"I feel that it is my duty to devote myself exclusively during this, my first year of office as President, to the duties which engage me here at Washington. I have, therefore, declined all invitations away from the city."

OCEAN FLIGHT ON APRIL 1.

German Aeronaut to Sail from Key West with Gas Bag, It Is Said.

MILWAUKEE, March 14. — Joseph Brucker, a former Milwaukee man, now in Germany, who is planning to cross the Atlantic in a balloon, will not use a dirigible, but an improved gas bag with no mechanical devices, according to a letter received to-day by his wife, who is visiting here.

Brucker is a manufacturer in Kiel, and has won some fame as an aeronaut.

Mrs. Brucker says her husband will soon leave Munich for Key West, where he will begin his air trip across the ocean. He plans to start April 1, and will make his only landing at the Canary Islands.

SMALL FIRE MAKES BIG SCARE

Two Firemen Overcome and 23 Families Flee from $500 Blaze.

Two firemen were overcome and twenty-three families fled to the roofs and street late last night when a fire was discovered in the subcellar of the five-story brick tenement house at 106 East Broadway. The smoke spread throughout the building. Several women with children were carried to the street by the police and firemen.

The two firemen overcome were Patrick Hickey and John Lauguge, both of Truck Company 4. They were attended by Dr. Banks of Gouverneur Hospital after they had been carried out by several of their companions. The fire did only $500 damage.

500 BOYS IN STONE FIGHT.

Trolley Cars Tied Up During Battle on Morris Canal Banks.

As a result of a gang of Jersey City boys' compelling a Bayonne lad to "run the gantlet," a hot battle with stones, in which 500 schoolboys from both cities participated, took place on the banks of the Morris Canal, the boundary line between Bayonne and Jersey City, yesterday afternoon. All traffic over the canal bridge was stopped, and trolley cars were tied up for more than half an hour. The police reserves of Bayonne and Jersey City were sent to the scene in patrol wagons. The road on either side of the canal bridge is fringed with woods. One of the boys saw the patrol wagons coming and gave the alarm. There was a wild scramble, and hundreds of boys fled into Currie's Woods. All escaped.

Several pedestrians reported injuries to the police, and a number of windows were broken in trolley cars and in passing trains of the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Breakfast foods come and go, but MALT BREAKFAST FOOD has been the standard for over 16 years. Try some to-day.—Adv.

CONVICT THREE MEN IN HAWTHORNE CASE

Jury Finds Son of Novelist, Dr. W. J. Morton, and Albert Freeman Guilty of Mining Frauds.

ACQUITS EX-MAYOR QUINCY

Hawthorne and Morton Sentenced to a Year and a Day from Nov. 25, 1912—Five Years for Freeman.

Julian Hawthorne, son of the novelist, who has atttained prominence as a writer himself; Dr. William J. Morton, son of the discoverer of ether, and a nerve specialist, and Albert Freeman, a promoter, were found guilty yesterday in the Federal District Court of having used the mails to defraud in connection with mines in Canada. Josiah Quincy, twice Mayor of Boston, and Assistant Secretary of State under President Cleveland, who was tried with them, was acquitted. Judge Mayer sentenced Hawthorne and Morton to imprisonment in the Atlanta Penitentiary for a year and a day, their terms to date from Nov. 25, the day the trial began, and Freeman to five years and three days' imprisonment, his term to begin on Jan. 1.

This verdict was returned after the jury had been out for nearly twenty-eight hours. Judge Mayer completed his summing up at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, and the jurors deliberated until 11 o'clock that night, when they were sent to the Astor House for the night. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon they came into court and asked for the exhibits affecting the defendant Quincy. At 5:45 o'clock they announced that they had agreed on a verdict.

The jurors filed into court without casting a glance at the defendants, who sat in a row, Freeman and Quincy conversing nervously together, Hawthorne and Morton staring straight in front of them. Judge Mayer took his seat, and then, as the clerk called for the verdict, John McGowan, the foreman, handed up a paper. In it the indictments were taken up, count by count. Freeman was found guilty on twenty-three counts and Hawthorne and Morton on seventeen. Quincy was acquitted of the one charge which stood against him, that of conspiring with the other defendants to defraud.

Counsel Pleads for Hawthorne.

Judge Mayer thanked the jury and promised to give them a certificate setting forth their prolonged jury service, which they could show if summoned in the State courts. He granted them permission to ask Marshal Henkel to pass them over on the Federal rolls for the next eight years. As they passed out Herbert C. Smyth, counsel for Hawthorne, arose to make a plea in behalf of his client. In this he dwelt on the writer's own certainty of his innocence.

"He is not a business man," the lawyer said, "and his fault is rather one of judgment than of evil intent. His attitude throughout the trial has shown his supreme confidence in his own innocence, and he has never had the slightest fear of the result. He bears an honored name, and surely to a man of his age it should be sufficient punishment that he has knowledge that he has sullied this name in the eyes of the world. He made no profit whatever for himself from these mines, and he was carried away by enthusiasm for the enterprise."

"It is not necessary for the Government to say anything," said District Attorney Wise in a low tone, as Mr. Smyth sat down.

Then Joseph H. Choate, Jr., made a plea for his client, Dr. William J. Morton. He spoke of Dr. Morton's long and honored life and the valuable work he had done for the community as a physician. The ordeal of the trial was, the lawyer held, sufficient punishment.

Again Mr. Wise had nothing to say, and Thomas W. Proctor addressed the court on behalf of Freeman.

Judge Mayer stood to impose sentence. It was, he said, the most painful duty which had ever been forced upon him, and he desired to say nothing that would add to the humiliation and distress of the defendants.

"I do take into consideration," the court said, "the willingness of the defendants to continue the trial after Judge Hough was taken ill, and that thereby they saved the Government a great deal of expense. If it had not been for that I should have imposed a very much more severe sentence."

The court then pointed out that the circulars advertising the Hawthorne mines were sent out to persons of intelligence, but of limited means, such as teachers and army officers, who could ill afford to lose any money at all. He then sentenced Freeman to four separate terms: the first three of one year each, and the fourth two years, beginning Jan. 1 last. Later Judge Mayer's attention was called to the provision of the Federal parole law. To give the defendant the benefit of the parole system in Atlanta Penitentiary, and to save him from going to Blackwell's Island, he added a day to each of the three sentences of one year. Hawthorne and Morton were then sentenced to imprisonment for a year and a day each, dating from Nov. 25, 1912.

As the court pronounced sentence the defendants sat with their eyes fixed upon him. They did not move a muscle for a moment or two, then as one term was added to another term in the case of Freeman, the strain became too much for him. He moved uneasily, and with a sickly smile turned to whisper to Hawthorne. The writer paid no attention, but gazed straight at the Judge, and when the court, with evident relief at completing the ordeal, pronounced sentence on him and Morton, a slight frown crossed Hawthorne's brow.

Mr. Proctor obtained a stay of ten days in the execution of sentence in which to consider an appeal, and Quincy was released on his own recognizances until the two indictments still pending against him were disposed of. Then the other defendants were led away by Marshal Henkel to his room.

Defendants Show Strain.

Hawthorne strode ahead down the corridor with as steady a gait as though nothing had happened, and a Deputy Marshal had hard work to keep up with him. Hawthorne took a seat in the Marshal's office, and, pulling out his case, offered a cigarette to Freeman and Morton. Freeman paced rapidly up and down the little room, while the doctor stood in one corner as though dazed, his face gray and

wrinkled, showing the emotion under which he suffered. Freeman would say nothing, but Hawthorne grasped gratefully a hand which was held out to him and stood erect as ever as he talked. Some surprise was expressed that Quincy was acquitted, and Hawthorne said:

"I shouldn't have wanted to get off unless the others did. I was willing to take a fighting chance and to stand or fall with my associates. It seems to me the indictments should have been interlocking and we should have been all found guilty or all acquitted. We shared the responsibility, so no one man more than another should have taken the blame for our joint acts."

Asked if the strain of the trial had not been great, he replied:

"Not till the last moment had I any doubt of the outcome. I was sure we should be acquitted till the jury came in to ask for the exhibits about Quincy. I still have faith in the enterprise, and believe that our only mistake was a commercial one. We did not develop fast enough, and did not realize how deep the mining must be up there."

Just then the Deputy Marshal produced handcuffs. Hawthorne started palpably, but then quietly putting his cigarette in his mouth stretched out his arm.

Meanwhile Dr. Morton talked rapidly and nervously of what he called the "anaesthesia curse." He seemed to think that, as his father had by his discovery of ether removed from mankind so great a load of pain, it was the fate of him and his son to bear pain themselves.

"I am not surprised," he said. "All my life I have expected some terrible misfortune, and after the way the American people treated my father it is not strange that something terrible should happen to his son. The American Nation allowed my father to die penniless at 48, and I had to take care of his family. They took from him the gift of ether. They fought the civil war on ether and they gave him nothing.

"If every man, woman, and child who has been saved from pain by ether were to give us our due, the Morton family would be the richest in the world. But it seems to be a law of nature that relief from suffering must be bought by suffering, and my father and I have had to pay the price."

As he spoke there came the click of the steel handcuff on Hawthorne's wrist, and he turned away hastily.

There was much speculation among those in court yesterday as to how much time the defendants would spend in prison under their sentences. According to the Federal regulations, a prisoner may ask for a parole after he has served one-third of his term. Therefore, four months from the time Hawthorne and Morton arrive at Atlanta they may apply for release. On the other hand, inasmuch as the court dated the sentence from Nov. 25, if they are not paroled, Hawthorne and Morton will be released on Nov. 26, or in some seven months.

Freeman's case is different. Sentenced to four different terms, he can apply for parole on the first, of a year and a day, after four months, and if this is granted begin at once to serve his second term of a year and a day. If he receives all possible commutation, he will be released in twenty months from the day he enters Atlanta Penitentiary. On the other hand, he might be compelled to serve until Jan. 4, 1918, if he did not obtain a parole.

MOB SURROUNDS JAIL.

Illinois Troops Out to Prevent Lynching of Two Prisoners.

Special to The New York Times.

SALEM, Ill., March 14.—Two hundred frenzied men made such vigorous efforts to-night to lynch Thomas Fullen and Ernest Harrison, in jail on a charge of having attacked Dorothy Holt, 15 years old, daughter of Judge C. H. Holt, that Sheriff Purcell wired for troops, and Gov. Dunne ordered F Company of the National Guard from Mount Vernon to this city. Adjt. Gen. Dickinson started for Salem with the infantry company. He was under orders from the Governor to save the lives of the accused men at any cost.

That the guardsmen would not be able to avert the threatened double lynching without bloodshed seemed certain late in the evening. As a precaution, the Rev. C. E. Peterson of the Methodist Episcopal Church, heading a strong body of citizens eager to prevent a public crime, had raided all the saloons and poured the city's supply of liquor into gutters.

Two hundred men from Kinmundy are on the way here to swell the ranks of the rioters.

The victim of the attack was on her way home from a moving-picture show last night when a man seized her by the throat, gagged her with a handkerchief, and dragged her a mile and a half out of town to a slaughter house. The girl lost consciousness and remained in a slaughter pen until to-day. She regained her senses and walked home. She is in a dangerous condition. Fullen was arrested this afternoon.

At 4 o'clock Fullen made a statement to the authorities in which he said he had been prompted to commit the attack on the Holt girl by Harrison. Fullen asserted that Harrison had a grudge against Judge Holt on account of the jurist's diligent and persistent inquiry into the Miller murder. He also said that Harrison concocted a plot to kidnap the two Holt children, Ward, 10 years old, and Dorothy, and to hold them for a ransom.

RUSSELL'S FOE GUILTY.

Technical Verdict Against Kahn, Who Assailed Opera Director.

BOSTON, March 14.—Those who crowded Judge Brown's courtroom to-day hoping to hear sensational testimony in the case of Philip L. Kahn, charged with having criminally libeled Henry Russell, managing director of the Boston Opera Company, were disappointed. The trial ended abruptly. The defense offered no evidence and the court instructed the jury to return a verdict of guilty.

Jesse M. Gove, counsel for Kahn, was making his opening address when Thomas D. Lavelle, Assistant District Attorney, interrupted him, saying that Gove should confine his remarks to the specifications of the bill of particulars. The court sustained the prosecutor, and Mr. Gove announced that, in view of the court's ruling, he would offer no defense at all. The jurors thereupon were instructed to bring in a verdict of guilty, which they did. Mr. Gove has twenty days in which to file exceptions for his client.

FELDMAN FOR PRINCIPAL.

Erasmus High School Teacher Named for Head of Curtis High School.

The Board of Superintendents, on the recommendation of Associate City Superintendent Stevens, who is in charge of the high schools of this city, has nominated Daniel D. Feldman, head of the department of mathematics in Erasmus Hall High School, Flatbush, to succeed the late Harry Towle as Principal of the Curtis High School, New Brighton, S. I. There were no less than twenty-eight applicants for this position. Among them was Philip R. Dean, who was Acting Principal in the school during Mr. Towle's last illness, and who since Mr. Towle's death has continued to hold over to the satisfaction of the Board of Superintendents. It seemed probable that, in view of that fact, he would be permanently appointed, and until recently the choice really was between him and Mr. Feldman. The candidates appeared before the Committee on High Schools last week, and that committee will pass upon the Board of Superintendents' nomination before it is acted upon by the Board of Education at its next meeting.

Mr. Feldman has been a teacher for twenty years. He was assistant teacher in the Boys' High School for three and a half years, and has been head of the department of mathematics in Erasmus Hall High School for the past six and a half years. Previous to going to Brooklyn he was teacher or Principal in a number of schools beginning at Creighton, Neb., and ending at Wilkes-Barre, Penn. He received his A. B. from the Northern Indiana Normal School, and his B. S. from the University of Nebraska. He is the author of books on geometry, and is President of the Association of Men First Assistants of High Schools of this city.

PREACHER'S WIFE ARRESTED.

Chicago Woman in Custody as Friend of Owen D. Conn, Burglar.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Mrs. Mabel Clarkson, who is alleged to have deserted her husband, a clergyman, to run away with Owen D. Conn, a burglar now in jail in San Francisco, was arrested in Milwaukee this afternoon as she was about to board a train to Chicago.

A letter dated Milwaukee, and supposed to have been written by Mrs. Clarkson, was found among Conn's effects.

Mrs. Clarkson said that her sole purpose in following Conn was to complete his conversion, which she believed to be genuine.

TALK OF G. F. PEABODY FOR PORT COLLECTOR

Wilson Said to Have Offered Him That Position or Assistant Treasurership Here.

MALONE MAY GET LAW POST

Is Considering $7,500 Job as Assistant Attorney General—J. E. Davies and Burke Have Offers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—George Foster Peabody, the New York banker, who was Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, had a talk with President Wilson to-day, when the President asked him to accept office under the new Administration. Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury, who is understood to have suggested the tender to Mr. Peabody, accompanied the latter to the White House. The understanding is that Mr. Peabody was asked to become Collector of the Port of New York or Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York.

After his call at the White House Mr. Peabody said, in response to a question, that he was not a candidate for any office.

"But are you likely to be appointed to anything?" he was asked. "It often happens that a man who is not a candidate gets a place, nevertheless."

"How can a man get a place," asked Mr. Peabody, "when he won't accept it if it should be offered to him? That is my position."

Mr. Peabody was born in Columbus, Ga., sixty years ago. He was Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee from 1896 to 1905. He retired from business in 1906. The Senate committee that investigated political campaign contributions and expenditures had Mr. Peabody before it last Summer to tell about the Democratic campaign fund of 1904, when Alton B. Parker was the party's candidate for President. Mr. Peabody testified that he knew very little about the fund, as the Treasurer's work was really in charge of Assistant Treasurer Hall. Mr. Peabody has an office at 43 Exchange Place, New York, and a permanent residence at Lake George.

Dudley Field Malone, son-in-law of Senator James A. O'Gorman, who was a candidate for the collectorship, has been asked by President Wilson to accept appointment as Assistant Attorney General of the United States, in charge of customs cases at New York. He has the offer under consideration. The salary is $7,500 a year. The incumbent is William L. Wemple, whose office is at 641 Washington Street, New York City.

President Wilson has asked Joseph E. Davies of Madison, Wis., Secretary of the Democratic National Committee, to accept the post of Assistant Secretary of War. If Mr. Davies does not do so he may have a diplomatic position.

Former Gov. John Burke of North Dakota was regarded to-night as the choice of the Administration for United States Treasurer, and it is said that he has the offer under consideration. Some of Mr. Burke's friends say they expect his nomination will be sent to the Senate to-morrow.

Alaskan matters, the Hawaiian Governorship, and the question of who should be Commissioner of Indian affairs were considered to-day by Secretary Lane of the Interior Department. He talked with Moses Friedman, Supervisor of the Carlisle Indian School, in Pennsylvania, who is a candidate for the head of the Indian Bureau. Thomas Riggs, Jr., of this city, who is being considered for Governor of Alaska, was another caller. Col. Richardson, in charge of roads and trails in Alaska, discussed with the Secretary some of the needs of the Territory.

SNAPSHOTS OF WASHINGTON.

Boy's Gift to President — Economy Hits Senate Masseurs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Misses Jessie and Eleanor Wilson, daughters of the President, are taking lessons from Abel Long, chief chauffeur of the White House, in operating an electric runabout. Long is giving his instructions to the President's daughters in Executive Avenue, a short asphalted street that runs between the White House grounds and the big gray stone structure that houses the State, War, and Navy Departments. The machine used for the lessons is part of the White House equipment, and bears the coat of arms of the United States on its sides. This runabout was used by Miss Helen Taft.

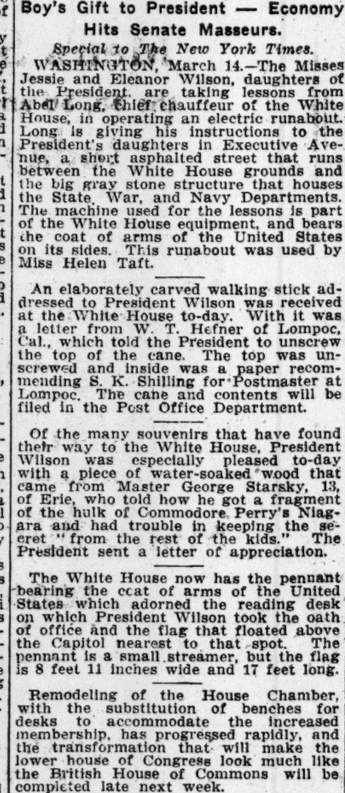
An elaborately carved walking stick addressed to President Wilson was received at the White House to-day. With it was a letter from W. T. Hefner of Lompoc, Cal., which told the President to unscrew the top of the cane. The top was unscrewed and inside was a paper recommending S. K. Shilling for Postmaster at Lompoc. The cane and contents will be filed in the Post Office Department.

Of the many souvenirs that have found their way to the White House, President Wilson was especially pleased to-day with a piece of water-soaked wood that came from Master George Starsky, 13, of Erie, who told how he got a fragment of the hulk of Commodore Perry's Niagara and had trouble in keeping the secret "from the rest of the kids." The President sent a letter of appreciation.

The White House now has the pennant bearing the coat of arms of the United States which adorned the reading desk on which President Wilson took the oath of office and the flag that floated above the Capitol nearest to that spot. The pennant is a small streamer, but the flag is 8 feet 11 inches wide and 17 feet long.

Remodeling of the House Chamber, with the substitution of benches for desks to accommodate the increased membership, has progressed rapidly, and the transformation that will make the lower house of Congress look much like the British House of Commons will be completed late next week.

One expert masseur and two assistants who have smoothed the wrinkles from the brows of worried Senators ever since the Senate office building's baths were opened are to be dropped from the pay roll under the Democratic reform era. In all sixty employes will be dismissed, making a saving of $46,000 annually.



REFUSE TILLMAN HIGH POST.

Steering Committee Urges Another as Appropriations Chairman—Fight On.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Fur will fly in to-morrow's caucus of Senate Democrats, unless Senator Tillman's demand for the Chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations is heeded.

The Steering Committee, headed by Senator Kern, the new floor leader, will report the list of Senate committee assignments for confirmation, and in connection with the Appropriations Committee has decided to recommend Senator Martin of Virginia for Chairman.

Senator Tillman has told his friends that he has just one good fight left in himself yet, and that the caucus would learn this, if the final ambition of his life regarding this appointment was not gratified.

The Steering Committee to-day agreed to recommend for adoption several revolutionary changes in the rules. The most important is a proposal which will give a majority of every committee control of the appointment of Senators on conference committees and sub-committees. Under this rule conservatives like Simmons, who is to be Chairman of the Committee on Finance, which will handle the tariff, will be helpless unless they line up with the progressives who control the committees.

WILSON WANTS RHOADS.

Asks Taft's Military Aid and Physician to Remain at White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14. — President Wilson has asked Major Thomas L. Rhoads, Medical Corps, U. S. A., to remain at the White House as military aid. Major Rhoads was attached to the White House as the official physician in the Taft Administration, and after the drowning of Major Archibald W. Butt, President Taft's military aid, in the Titanic wreck in April, 1912, he combined the duties of military aid and physician in attendance.

Major Rhoads is also the surgeon in charge of the Walter Reed General Army Hospital in Washington.

CHEVY CHASE SEEKS WILSON.

President's Refusal Was Because He Wished to Pay Dues Like Others.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—That President Wilson will be asked to reconsider his refusal to accept honorary membership in the Chevy Chase Club is evident from the fact that Thomas Hyde, President of the club, has arranged to call on the President at the White House to-morrow.

President Wilson's objection to accepting the club's invitation to be an honorary member without payment of dues was that he preferred to be on an equality with other members of any social organization that he might join.

GOING BACK TO SEE WILSON.

McCombs Still Silent as to the American Embassy in France.

William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, came from Washington yesterday to attend to personal and business affairs, and he will probably return to-day or to-morrow to keep an engagement he has with President Wilson. Asked if he had made up his mind to accept the Ambassadorship to France, which the President had urged him to take, Mr. McCombs said he did not care to discuss the matter. Mr. McCombs declined the appointment, but the President asked him to reconsider, and there is said to be still a chance that he may take it. He would not say yesterday what his appointment with the President was about.

LABORER'S WIFE FOR MAYOR.

Mrs. Taylor Competes with Four Men in Lively Topeka Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 14.—Mrs. May Taylor is competing with four men for the Mayor's office in Topeka, and is stirring the city by her platform.

"I will drive the white slave trade from Topeka if you elect me Mayor," she promises the citizens. "The big jointist shall suffer with the little boot-legger on liquor. The fellows 'high up' are the men I am after."

Mrs. Taylor stands for a uniform wage and minimum work hours for all city employes. She promises to refund to the city all her salary above the minimum wage fixed for all employes. She guarantees the absolute freedom of the press.

Mrs. Taylor is the wife of a laboring man, and before her candidacy for Mayor was unknown to Topeka people. The Socialist organization of the city is supporting her, although she says she is not a Socialist. She addresses working people every night. Her supporters believe she will run second in the primary, which takes place a week from Tuesday, and that she has a good chance to win.

CONGRESS BUDGET BREAKS ALL RECORDS

Total of $2,238,470,990 Was Appropriated and Authorized in Two Democratic Years.

EXECUTIVES ARE BLAMED

Fitzgerald Urges Reforms in House Methods Also—Cannon Huge Deficit Is Right Ahead.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Sixty-second Congress, which adjourned on March 4, appropriated $2,118,060,671.12, as compared with $2,054,584,510.90 appropriated by the Congress preceding. The appropriations for the two years of Democratic control of the House of Representatives exceeded those of the last Congress controlled by the Republicans by $63,476,160.22, and made a new record in Government expenditures.

Besides the amount actually appropriated, the Sixty-second Congress authorized contracts aggregating $120,410,319, as compared with contracts authorized aggregating $97,026,430 during the Sixty-first Congress.

The grand aggregate of contracts, authorizations, and appropriations during the Sixty-second Congress was $2,238,470,990.12, as compared with $2,151,610,940.90 for the Sixty-first Congress, and likewise makes a new high-water mark. The total excess of the recent Congress over the previous Republican Congress was, therefore, $86,860,049.22. The recent session of Congress appropriated $79,235,249.30 more for the fiscal year 1914 than the previous session of the same Congress gave for the fiscal year of 1913. The figures are $1,098,647,960.21 for 1914, as compared with $1,019,412,710.91 for 1913.

These staggering figures are taken from the statement agreed upon by Democratic and Republican leaders of the House of Representatives, which was made public to-day. While united as to the figures, these leaders differ in their interpretation of them.

Fitzgerald Blames Executive Branch

Speaking for the Democratic side, Representative Fitzgerald of New York, Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, fixed the responsibility for large appropriations on the Executive branch of the Government, and says the rules must be changed to reduce expenditures.

"The continued growth and development of the country," he said, "the increased activity of many services of the Federal Government, and the constant pressure to divert to the Federal Treasury burdens which properly belong elsewhere, are factors which tend, more or less legitimately, to increase the cost of the Federal Government. Such cases necessarily impose additional burdens upon the Treasury, but they are neither the chief nor the most troublesome obstacles toward the co-ordination and systemization of our expenditures necessary to increased efficiency without proportionate additional expense."

Mr. Fitzgerald asserted that despite many intimations from the Executive departments efforts were being made to effect economies in administration of the public service, the estimates of appropriations transmitted to Congress at the opening of the session, exclusive of deficiencies and miscellaneous items, were $113,415,455.14 above the estimated revenues.

Concerning plans for appropriation reform and a National budget, Mr. Fitzgerald said:

"I am convinced that little change is needed in the laws regulating the preparation and submission of estimates. What is required is that the existing laws be observed and the responsibility for the adequacy of appropriations be left where it belongs, with Congress.

"If the Federal Treasury is not to be so overburdened in the near future with obligations which will require new, novel and vexatious taxes or the financing of our Federal undertakings by means of long or short time loans, then it is imperative that the methods of the House be changed in so far as the preparation and control of the supply bills are concerned."

Budget Impossible, Says Cannon.

Acting for the Republicans, ex-Speaker Cannon, ranking member for his party on the Appropriations Committee, filed a statement attacking the record of the Democrats on appropriations during the past two years. In part he said:

"All performances of Republican Houses pale into utter insignificance when placed in contrast with what the Democratic House of Representatives of the Sixty-second Congress has accomplished in emptying the Treasury and piling up obligations against revenues to be derived by direct taxation and from revenue of free-trade tariff laws, for which the new Administration stands committed and solemnly pledged.

"There has been recent discussion of a National budget. The very term in itself is wholly inapplicable to our system of Government. It contemplates both expenditures and taxes, and, as used by the British Government, implies a scheme of expenditure and taxation prepared and submitted by the Ministry to the Commons, which must be accepted as a whole by the latter, otherwise the Government is discredited and a new Ministry must be called into power.

"A budget committee, such as has been suggested, aside from all other objections, would be ineffective in its work without a joint rule binding the Senate equally with the House in the scheme.

"It is my opinion that in the future the record of the House will go from bad to worse until there is again vested in the Speaker the power to organize committees and until the preparation of the supply bills is again intrusted to the jurisdiction and control of one committee."

Mr. Cannon predicts a deficit in revenues for 1914 aggregating $183,821,626.

WILL MAKE WOOD PULP FREE.

Tentative Tariff Bill to be Sent to Printer Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Reports were current to-day that the Ways and Means Committee had decided to put boots and shoes on the free list of the new tariff and also remove the duty from wood pulp. A member of the committee said that no vote had been taken on the boot and shoe rates. He expressed the belief that those duties would not be materially changed, but that the committee would probably recommend the removal of the duty on wood pulp.

The committee is likely to submit the tariff revision to the Democratic caucus in one bill, instead of in a series of bills. There has been an intimation that if a schedule-by-schedule revision was attempted, a combination might be formed in the Senate on several schedules, which might be defeated, while other schedules, in which the combination was not especially interested, would be allowed to become law.

The Ways and Means Committee is making steady progress with the bill, which will be sent to the Printing Office next week, according to present plans. The 4,000 rates it will contain are then to be submitted confidentially to the Treasury Department for a calculation as to the revenue the bill would produce. After that computation has been made, the committee will again check up the rates, in order to obtain the amount of revenue needed from customs rates, in conjunction with the proposed new income tax.

100 DEAD IN WAKE OF SOUTHERN STORM

Continued from Page 1.

Mountain. The crew and passengers escaped injury.

Just east of Atlanta, Ga., the storm cut a swath about 100 yards wide and extended through De Kalb County.

At Columbus, Ga., the buildings of the Eagle and Phoenix Mills and the Swift Manufacturing Company were partly demolished. Several residences were blown down and street traffic demoralized.

CHICAGO IN DARKNESS.

Electric Wires Blown Down by Storm —$1,000,000 Loss in Illinois.

CHICAGO, March 14.—It is estimated that the damage done by the severe wind and rain storm which swept Chicago and Illinois last night and early to-day, will reach $1,000,000. In Chicago the wind reached a velocity of fifty miles an hour for several hours, and scores of plate-glass windows were demolished. Electric light wires were blown down, and as a result many miles of streets were in darkness.

At Quincy wires were blown down and many windows broken. Several large boats on the Mississippi River were torn from their moorings and many launches were swamped. Old-time river menace declared that the waves in the river were higher than they had been before in twenty years.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., March 14.—Ice jams have blocked the Fond du Lac River and caused the worst local flood in ten years. The damage already runs into many thousands of dollars. The Eldorado dam, west of here, threatened to give way until Henry Stillman swam out to the slush gates and loosed new torrents. The police, using cowboats, to-day rescued many families from their homes.

LA CROSSE, Wis., March 14.—A passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad ran into a washout near Hokah, Minn., this morning, killing the fireman and seriously injuring the engineer. The eginead most of the coaches were partly submerged i the river.

The breaking of an ice jam at Rapids, Wis., flooded the village and forced the people to flee from their homes.

M'REYNOLDS REFUSES TO AID PACIFIC PLAN

Continued from Page 1.

from the syndicate viewpoint, as the fall of Southern Pacific continued. Yesterday it got down to 98⅛ the lowest it had been in years, and within an eighth of a point of the syndicate price.

While it was looking as though the whole plan and the syndicate agreement would lapse, and the dissolution would have to be begun over again, a sudden move was made by the boards of the two roads on Thursday. Modifications that they believed would meet the objections of the California Railroad Commission were formulated, and the telegraph wires were soon hot with messages directed to getting the Circuit Court Judges together in St. Louis to-day to pass on the amended plan before the syndicate agreement expired. The changes were telegraphed to the various members of the Railroad Commission, and Thursday night Judge Lovett, Chairman of the Union Pacific, and other officials started for St. Louis. When the last conference adjourned late Thursday afternoon Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the Southern Pacific, said:

"We have made the change necessary to satisfy the California board's objections, we think. Attorney General McReynolds has given us his qualified approval, and we will present the plan as changed to the court at St. Louis Saturday noon."

While no details of the changes in the plan were made public, it was understood that instead of conceding the Gould contention as to the use of the short line into San Francisco, traffic arrangements would be offered that would put the Western Pacific on an equal basis. Apparently it was thought that the California Commission could not refuse its consent to a traffic arrangement offering the same terms to all carriers, so the matter would be presented to the court without waiting for the commission's approval.

Besides the money loss directly involved in paying the syndicate for its services up to date, if the plan fails, a larger loss would be involved in the organization of a new syndicate. On Thursday, when Southern Pacific was 1½ points higher than yesterday, the probable loss from this cause was figured at $6,000,000.

CALIFORNIA UNMOVED.

Commission Says Late Representations Are Inadequate—Order Stands.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The California Railroad Commission, with the data now before it, finds itself "unable to pronounce an opinion on the modified plan for the dissolution of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific merger presented by the railroad attorneys," and so telegraphed to Attorney General McReynolds to-day.

Attention is called in the telegram to the condition that any traffic agreement between the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific for the use of the Southern Pacific tracks on the short line between Sacramento and Oakland, via Benicia, must be "open door" in its character. This is said to mean that the section of track which gives direct outlet to the Pacific Ocean must be kept open to all competing lines, or to none.

In substance, the message to Attorney General McReynolds says that, while the commission does not believe the sale or lease of the Central Pacific to the Union Pacific is necessary or required, under the terms of the order of the Supreme Court, it recognizes that it has not jurisdiction over such matters outside the boundaries of California. The message says that if the Federal authorities permit the lease or sale as proposed, the commission will not oppose it.

The commission reiterates its position in saying that any order it may make after receipt of the additional information as to the modified plan of dissolution will certainly embody the terms and conditions of the original order, in so far as the lines in California are concerned.

Will Make Subterfuge Costly.

The original agreement was for trackage rights. Between trackage rights and traffic agreements the commission sees a difference which it maintains has not been satisfactorily explained. The commission says:

"We have absolutely no objection to a traffic arrangement whereby the Union Pacific traffic is turned over to the Southern Pacific, and conveyed thence to San Francisco over the Benecia line, and the same may be said for the Union Pacific traffic originating at bay points. Yet if such an agreement is desirable from the standpoint of the Southern Pacific certainly it should be willing to perform a like service for the Western Pacific (a Gould line) or any other competing line, for a like payment, and the Union Pacific, desiring only that the service be performed for it for the stated compensation, of course, can have no interest in preventing the Southern Pacific from making more money by performing for another line a like traffic service for adequate consideration.

"The Supreme Court wants these lines to be unmerged, and we will prevent, if we can, combinations in such unmerging. As a condition to any approval we may give to any matter for which our approval is required by law, the substance of our conditions respecting the Benecia Cutoff and the terminal facilities must be complied with. Therefore, any traffic arrangement which will, in our opinion, serve to evade our conditions heretofore imposed, and accompilsh by indirection that which we have refused to approve when squarely presented, will be considered by us sufficient grounds to warrant our withholding our approval of the lease."

Fears Defeat of Court Decree.

The commission reiterates its previous criticism of purchase by the Kuhn-Loeb Syndicate of the Southern Pacific stock and its fear that such an arrangement would result "in the practical control of the Southern Pacific by stockholders of the Union Pacific, so that there would be in reality but one agency in control of these two alleged or supposedly competing companies, thus entirely defeating the object sought to be brought about by the Supreme Court of the United States."

In respect to this matter the commission recognizes, however, the paramount authority of the Federal Government, "which has the sole power to prevent the consummation of these arrangements in these respects."

The commission thus withholds its approval:

"We connot pass formally or specifically," it says, "on the matter for the reason that the representation which has been made to the commission has been wholly inadequate to acquaint the commission with the agreements which have been entered into or are to be entered into."

In this conection Mr. Lovett telegraphed under date of March 13:

"If the approval of the commission and of the court (the United States District Court of St. Louis,) are not obtained by Saturday, the underwriting syndicate is lost, and the entire plan is defeated."

OPPOSITION FROM ABROAD.

Foreign Stockholders Telegraph Protest, Through Counsel, to McReynolds

In view of efforts that are to be made in St. Louis to-day to have the Circuit Court approve the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific dissolution plan, with some modifications to meet the views of the California Railroad Commission, E. L. Andrews, counsel for foreign holders of Southern Pacific stock who object to the plan fundamentally, sent a telegram to Attorney General McReynolds, saying:

"We respectfully represent that a strong committee of Southern Pacific stockholders is organizing to elect their own board at the annual meeting of non-Union holders and to regain control of their property, pursuant to the Supreme Court decree. Thereupon they would be qualified to make proper arrangements for the purchase of their capital stock by non-Union interests and for the sale, if required, of the Central Pacific at an adequate price. But if the Union Pacific plan of purchase is approved before the annual meeting the syndicate underwriters will then come into possession of the purchased stock, with voting power, and will necessarily ratify the transactions of their principal.

"By these methods the non-Union holders of Southern Pacific are being debarred throughout the transactions under the decree from any voice in its execution, while the condemned parties will have wholly dominated them.

"This satire on the Sherman law was avoidable by the holding of a stockholders' special meeting several weeks since, if our Union-controlled board had been willing to loosen its hold. As the regular meeting takes place on April 9, there is still abundant time thereafter to accomplish a fair and proper sale of these properties within the period allowed by the decree.

"Just conditions will then exist for dealings between the Union and Southern Pacific corporations, each in control of its own stockholders and having its own Board of Directors. The fact that Union Pacific is seeking to attain a full price for its large block of illegally acquired stock within a specified time does not present any reason for rejecting all equitable considerations."

It will be a disappointment to many in Wall Street to learn that Attorney General McReynolds has taken no position in regard to the plan, as it has been confidently repeated here that he had tacitly approved it.

This is the time of year to find bargains in used automobiles. Read the "Automobile Exchange," next to last page.—Adv.

ADJUSTER FREEMAN CONVICTED OF ARSON

Weller Calls Him "King" of the New York Firebug Ring in His Closing Address.

QUICK VERDICT BY JURY

Freeman Faints When Foreman Announces Finding and Also Faints While Giving Pedigree.

Henry G. Freeman, the fire insurance adjuster, of 123 William Street, who had been on trial for arson in the second degree, was convicted before Judge Swann in General Sessions yesterday and remanded one week for sentence.

The jury was out exactly thirty-two minutes, and when the foreman announced the verdict Freeman fainted. He also fainted twice while his pedigree was being taken.

Freeman was convicted of hiring Isidor Stein, better known as "Izzy the Painter," to set fire to the flat of Abraham Schlichten, an expressman, of 315 East 101st Street. Stein said that he had a working agreement with Freeman, whereby it was understood that the prisoner would get flat dwellers to allow him to set fires in their homes in order that he might defraud the fire insurance companies. Schlichten corroborated Stein's testimony, and said that Freeman told him he would show him how to make money easy, and then suggested that he set fire to his flat. Schlichten consented, and after Stein had made the fire Freeman collected $325 insurance. Stein received $25, Freeman $50, as commission, and Schlichten the rest.

In his closing address to the jury Assistant District Attorney Weller referred to Freeman as the "King of the New York arson ring," and said:

"Freeman early in 1908 formed a partnership with Robert J. Rubin, an adjuster, convicted of arson, the underlying principle of this partnership being that they should defraud insurance companies by submitting faked or padded claims of loss. This was done by hiring a group of firebugs to set fires at the consent of flat dwellers in order that they might get the commission after obtaining the insurance. This was easy, for the companies, as a rule, agreed to settle the loss without recourse to the courts.

"The evidence I have brought out in this case clearly shows that Freeman worked with a gang of four firebugs, led by Stein. These men fled from the city the very minute that I went to see Stein in Sing Sing. They knew he intended to confess.

"Freeman has told you that he only adjusted big losses. The evidence shows that it was only at a comparatively recent date that he abandoned the flat fires for mercantile fires. With his own lips he has told you that he made $26,000 a year. He employed five clerks at $15 a week to solicit the adjustment of fire insurance. He has told you that he owned three automobiles which raced to the fires. All of this is of a comparatively recent date. The crime he is charged with took place in 1911, and he says nothing about his business then, gentlemen of the jury, but the evidence of the prosecution shows that at that time Freeman was only making $8,000 a year. You should not allow yourselves to be misled by this man."

FRENCH TREATY OPERATIVE.

Bryan and Jusserand Exchange Ratifications of Five-Year Agreement.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Secretary Bryan and Ambassador Jusserand to-day exchanged ratifications of the convention approved by the Senate a month ago extending for a term of five years the Franco-American special arbitration treaty of 1908.

This treaty provides for limited arbitration excepting of questions of vital interest, independence or honor. It is similar in terms to the Anglo-American treaty of 1908, which will expire on June 4 next. To-day's formality was the first occasion upon which Secretary Bryan has participated in the consummation of a treaty.

EXPECT FAIR CANAL POLICY.

British Shipowners Profess Confidence in American Sense of Justice.

LONDON, March 14.—A resolution expressing confidence in the sense of justice of the Government and people of the United States to assure the recognition of the British claim for equality of treatment of the ships of all nations using the Panama Canal was adopted unanimously by the British Chamber of Shipping at its annual session in London to-day. The resolution also said that, in default of this recognition being obtained by diplomatic means, the Chamber would welcome ex-President Taft's declaration in favor of arbitration as an assurance that in the last resort a friendly settlement would be reached.

Sir Edward Hain, President of the Chamber in 1910-11, in moving the adoption of the resolution, said a most satisfactory solution of the tolls question would be the adoption of Senator Root's amending bill. He described a visit he made to the canal a year ago and paid a high tribute to American achievement. He regretted that Great Britain had surrendered her right to construct the canal conjointly with the United States.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Representative Stevens of California announced to-day that if the free passage provision of the Panama Canal act were repealed by Congress he would introduce and press at the extra session a bill to provide a line of Government-owned steamships from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast of the United States to carry both passengers and freight. He believes the ownership and operation of a fleet of vessels by the Government would act as a regulator of freight rates, both by water and rail, on transcontinental traffic.

SLIDE BLOCKS CULEBRA CUT.

Only One of Six Construction Tracks Left in Operation.

PANAMA, March 14.—The slide on the east bank of the Culebra Cut, which first moved into the cut on the night of Feb. 5, made another rapid movement downward to-day. It raised the bottom of the cut, near the centre, for a distance of 1,000 feet, to a vertical height of 30 feet, destroying five tracks and overturning two steam shovels. There is now only one construction track in operation.

The slide has ceased moving, and the work of removing the mass of earth has been begun already and will be carried on vigorously.

Congress Committee in Canal Zone.

COLON, March 14.—The American yachts Mayflower and Dolphin arrived here to-day from Guantanamo with a party of members of the Congressional Naval Affairs Committee and their families on board. Representative Frank Buchanan of Illinois, however, left the party at Guantanamo, owing to seasickness. The members of the committee intend to remain here until March 19, inspecting the Canal and the fortifications.

Delaware Rejects Suffrage.

DOVER, March 14. — Advocates of woman suffrage in Delaware lost their fight to-day when the Senate, by a vote of 11 to 6, defeated a bill proposing a constitutional amendment to provide for equal suffrage.

From Foreign Parts

Recently an apartment house builder came to us because he had seen two Kewanee Boilers working satisfactorily in Christiania, Norway.

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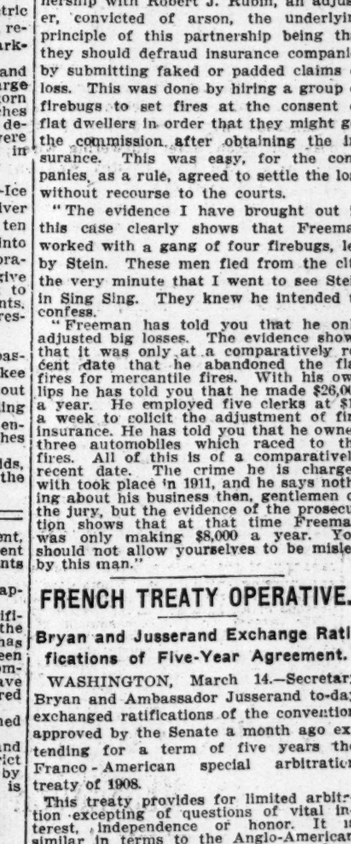
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ALLIES OFFER TERMS POWERS MUST REFUSE

Imminent Fall of Adrianople and Scutari Increases Their Demands.

INSIST UPON INDEMNITY

Proposed Boundary Threatens Constantinople Defenses—Turkey to Cede Islands.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—A Vienna dispatch to The Times says that very positive reports that both Adrianople and Scutari are about to fall have been received there. The Politische Correspondenz, which publishes nothing without the imprimatur of the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office, is informed from Constantinople that the capitulation of Adrianople is impending, and a telegram from Cettinje announces that all the preparations have been made for a general assault upon Scutari. Before the assault the fortress will be summoned to surrender. In case of a refusal, a bombardment will precede the infantry attack, which will be undertaken simultaneously on three sides. Both Adrianople and Scutari have now held out longer than Plevna, and it is believed that the garrisons must be becoming exhausted.

Meanwhile the Balkan allies have replied to the offer of mediation made by the powers, accepting the offer, but on terms to which the powers will be unable to accede. The allies maintain their demand for Rodosto, which would bring Bulgaria down to the Sea of Marmora, would cut off the Gallipoli Peninsula from Constantinople, and materially detract from the defensive value of the Dardanelles. They also insist upon the payment of an indemnity and upon the cession of the Aegean Islands. This reply will be considered at a meeting of Sir Edward Grey and the Ambassadors, which, according to present arrangements, will be held on Saturday.

There is much discussion of the reasons that induced the allies to put forward terms obviously impossible for the powers to recommend to Turkey. One of the plausible explanations is that the Balkan Governments are influenced by considerations of internal politics; another that, in true Oriental fashion, they are beginning by asking far more than they expect to get. According to a third view they wish to delay the negotiations for peace until Adrianople and Scutari have been taken.

In all the capitals, however, the feeling is growing that the war must now be brought to an end, and that the only way in which this can be done is for the powers to formulate conditions of peace and recommend them to Turkey and the allies.

SOFIA, March 14.—The reply of the Balkan allies on the question of mediation by the powers was presented to-day to the foreign legations here. It declares that the Balkan nations will accept European mediation on the following conditions:

First—As a basis of negotiations for the delimitation of the territory between Turkey and the Balkan allies, a line shall be drawn from Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora to Cape Malatra, seven miles south of Midia on the Black Sea, excluding the peninsula of Gallipoli, which shall be left to Turkey. All territories west of the line, including Adrianople and Scutari, must be ceded by Turkey to the allies.

Second—Turkey shall cede the islands in the Aegean Sea to the allies.

Third—Turkey shall renounce all her interests in the Island of Crete.

Fourth—The Porte shall consent in principle to the payment of a war indemnity, the amount of which shall be fixed when peace has been concluded, and also to the payment of private individuals of compensation for damage caused prior to the war. The allies shall participate in the deliberations regarding the indemnities.

Fifth—The allies reserve the right to settle by definite treaty of peace the treatment to be accorded to their subjects and to their trade in the Ottoman Empire, as well as the guarantees to be given regarding the privileges of the orthodox churches and the legal standing of their racial brothers who are Ottoman subjects.

LONDON, March 14.—The Ambassadorial conference will meet here to-morrow to consider the reply of the allies to the offer of the powers to mediate in the war in Southeastern Europe. The reply, it is believed, will fail to supply a reasonable basis for successful mediation. It is assumed that the allies have presented impracticable terms in the belief that Europe is divided into two hostile groups and will be unable to agree to employ coercion against them.

It is stated in Belgrade that the Servian siege army now preparing to bombard Scutari numbers 42,000 men.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, March 14.—Three hundred Albanian inhabitants of the district of Liuma, in the Turkish Province of Kossovo, were yesterday shot without trial by Servian troops, according to a dispatch from Uskub to the Frankfort Gazette.

The inhabitants of the district were 400 in number. They were unarmed peasants, and did not follow the example of the rest of the Albanians in fleeing to the mountains. All were captured by a column of Servian troops, who, after shooting 300 of them, brought the surviving 100 as prisoners to Prisrend, the capital of the province.

ATHENS, March 14.—The damage done to the Greek transports by the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh on her recent raid along the Adriatic Coast was even more serious than at first reported. Four of the Greek transports, while landing Servian troops at San Giovanni de Medua to aid the Montenegrins in their attack upon Scutari, were burned, one transport was sunk, and two other vessels were riddled by the shells of the Hamidieh.

Cat Plunged City in Darkness.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—At a meeting of the Electric Lighting Committee of the Cardiff Council the city engineer reported that the reason why the city was plunged in darkness on Tuesday night was that a cat found its way to the high-tension gear and walked across the cables. The cat was killed, the copper wires burned, and the connections cut. On a previous occasion a similar accident was cuased by a mouse getting in the gear.

Houses to let are soon rented by an advertisement in The New York Times by responsible and reputable people. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.—Adv.

KHEDIVE LOSES FAVORITE.

Austrian Countess Has Disappeared —Jealousy the Explanation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

CAIRO, March 14.—The Austrian Countess Toeroek, who entered the Khedive's harem in 1910 as the Princess Zobeida, has disappeared. It is surmised that she returned to Austria early in February. The fact was kept secret, but now everybody is talking about it and it has caused a great sensation.

Various reasons are given for the unexpected action of the Princess. The real cause, however, seems to have been jealousy. An Egyptian Princess is allowed $1,000 monthly from the Khedivial estates. It is said that the Khedive allowed Zobeida enough to insure this income, and in addition she possessed a large amount of jewelry presented to her by the Khedive. It is estimated that this was worth at least $100,000.

She is a woman of high intellectual attainments, an able pianist, and figured prominently in Vienna society years ago. Her friendship with the Khedive is at least ten years old.

Soon after the countess entered the harem—having previously become a convert to Islamism—it became known that the Khedive was anxious to alter the Egyptian law of succession so that her son, if one should be born, might become the titular ruler of the country after his death. The wife who by virtue of being the mother of his first son, the heir-apparent, was entitled to the honors and dignities of the Khedivah, was naturally bitterly aggrieved, and it is surmised that her influence is responsible for the departure of the charming Austrian.

PAGE OF KISSING TOO MUCH.

Priests Object to Madrigal as Sung by Girls and Young Men.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The two Catholic clergymen who resigned from the Committee of the Irish National Musical Festival in consequence of the repetition of the word "kiss" in a madrigal have now stated their case. It appears that a whole page of the madrigal is taken up with the words "kissed her and caught her, caught her and kissed her."

There is no objection to the madrigal sung as a solo, but the clergymen object to the words sung in a contrapuntal manner by a mixed choir of young men and girls practicing three times a week for five or six months without much supervision.

TOWS DISABLED VESSEL.

Turrialba Bringing the Montevideo to Panama—Picked Up 300 Miles Out.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, March 14.—The United Fruit steamer Turrialba will arrive here at 9 o'clock Saturday morning towing the disabled Spanish ship Montevideo, which she picked up last Wednesday night 300 miles off the coast of Colon, after answering wireless calls. All are reported well on board the Montevideo.

The Turrialba has many tourists aboard. She was herself wrecked last Christmas.

The Cuban Minister to Peru is aboard the Montevideo. No further particulars of her mishap have been received.

INFLUENZA RAGES IN VIENNA.

Particularly Virulent Variety Has Attacked 500,000 Persons.

VIENNA, March 14.—The worst epidemic of influenza on record is afflicting the Austrian capital. Half a million cases have been reported during the past three months, according to the statistics of the City Health Department, and the epidemic is still raging so severely as to tax the capacity of the doctors, public hospitals, and nursing institutions. Whole families appear to be attacked simultaneously, and persons of all ages are equally affected.

The disease on this occasion, is of a peculiarly virulent type, with serious aftereffects, such as inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, indigestion, and general debility. The doctors hope for relief with the setting in of milder weather.

PARIS CROWDS RIOT OVER ARMY BILL

Socialist Meeting of Protest Attacked by "Camelots of the King."

MANY INJURED IN FIGHT

1,000 Anti-Militarists Parade, Shouting "Down with War!" and Singing "l'Internationale."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 14.—The campaign organized by the Socialists against the army increase and reversion to the system of three years' service was marked to-night by serious riots in Paris. A meeting of protest against the projected army bill took place at the Ménage du Panthéon, under the Presidency of Gabriel Seailles, the well-known professor of the Faculty of Letters. Among the speakers were several professors of the university and the well-known Socialist, François de Pressensé, President of the League of the Rights of Men.

The "Camelots of the King," a Royalist organization, announced that they would organize a counter-manifestation.

Toward 10 o'clock the Latin Quarter was filled with police and municipal guards. In the audience were some sixty "Camelots of the King." When the President rose to speak he was received by the latter with hissing and hooting and shouts of "We want Alsace! Down with Jaurés!" This was the signal for an indescribable tumult. The Socialists responding with "Down with war!" "Down with militarism!" made a rush for the Camelots. Sticks and fists were freely used in the struggle, which lasted for about ten minutes. Some thirty rioters on both sides were more or less seriously injured by blows with sticks. Five Camelots were taken home in carriages.

Finally, the Camelots having been repulsed, the meeting was continued quietly. In the meantime a band of 500 Camelots marched from the Boulevards toward the Ménage du Panthéon, shouting: "We want Alsace! Down with Jaurés!"

Four hundred police prevented them from getting near the Ménage, whereupon they sent a message to the Socialists inside, challenging them to meet them after the assemblage broke up.

The Socialists took up the challenge, and, in spite of the efforts of the police, were able to form a column about 1,000 strong near the Panthéon. Singing their anthem, "l'Internationale," and shouting "Down with three years' service! Down with war!" they marched to meet the Royalists. They went down the Boulevard St. Michel to the river, but saw no signs of the enemy. Most of the latter had been dispersed by the police; those who remained were not prepared to fight.

AID EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS.

Guatemalan Government and Public Contribute to Relief Funds.

GUATEMALA CITY, March 14.—The Government authorities and the public generally throughout the Republic are responding generously with funds and supplies for the relief of the sufferers from the earthquake which occurred last Saturday in Southern Guatemala.

Details, though coming in slowly from the stricken zone, because of the lack of communication, indicate that the destruction was limited to Cuilapa, in the Department of Santa Rosa, and to the buildings on the plantations in that department. At Cuilapa there was considerable loss of life. Other parts of the Republic were not affected.

It is presumed that the earthquake was accompanied by an eruption of the volcano Izalco, in Salvador, as loud explosions were heard when the shocks occurred.

LONDON COOKS STRIKE.

Demand Higher Pay and Half Holiday Besides Sunday.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The unrest which some time ago found expression in the waiters' strikes in New York has spread to England. The Princes' Restaurant the other day was the scene of a strike during the luncheon hour, which was only settled by the management's immediately conceding all the waiters' demands. To-day the cooks of the Criterion suddenly left their work. It was a coincidence that the members of the Incorporated Association of Hotels and Restaurants were holding their annual meeting at the Criterion, with a luncheon to follow; but even the hotel magnates had to go elsewhere for their midday meal.

The cooks struck over a dispute regarding the Shops Hours act of 1912, by which all hotel servants are entitled to a half holiday each week, besides Sunday, and are not required to work more than sixty-five hours a week. The management asserted that it had the right to abide by the provisions of the previous act of 1912 until due notice had been given.

The striking cooks were evicted and a fresh staff was engaged in time for dinner, but a strike of waiters is threatened for to-morrow. Trouble was also threatened at St. Ermin's Hotel, but the difficulty was settled by the management's giving way.

The demands of the Hotel Workers' Union include a minimum wage of $4.25 a week for all workers under 16 years of age and $9 per week for all over that age; the abolition of the living-in system, and the adoption of the Shops Hours act.

BISHOP HEALS BY PRAYER.

Offers Petition by Bedside of Raving Girl, Who Sinks Into Deep Sleep.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The Rt. Rev. A. F. Winnington Ingram, Bishop of London, has just made public the following remarkable experience:

In the course of his mission at St. Paul's Church, Knightsbridge, he received a letter from a mother about her daughter, who was lying seriously ill from a nervous breakdown. The girl had heard the Bishop preach before she became ill, and begged her mother to send him a request for prayer. "We are told by St. James," wrote the mother, "to send for the elders of the Church, who will anoint the sick with oil, and the prayer of faith will save the sick."

The Bishop's narrative of what followed is thus reported in The Guardian, a Church paper:

"Within twenty minutes I was in the room. The poor little child had been raving and shrieking during the afternoon. At first it seemed almost unlikely that it would be possible, without frightening her, to pray for her and carry out the directions of St. James; but this extraordinary thing happened: As I went into the room I said: 'Do you know me, dear?' 'Yes,' she said, and slipped her hand into mine. She had not slept for a long time. With the mother and nurse I knelt by her bed. We had two prayers; then I anointed her forehead with oil, prayed for a blessing on it, placed my hand upon her head and gave her my blessing. At that moment she sank back into a deep sleep, slept for hours during the night, and—thank God!—if it be His good pleasure, she is now on the highway to recovery.

"I knew that evening that Jesus was personally with us. I could not help thinking of the raising of Jairus's daughter. It seemed almost the same thing over again. This little girl believed in prayer. Her petition had not been sent in, but was offered by her bedside, and will be offered again to-night."

Pope's Recovery Is Now Complete.

ROME, March 14.—Pope Pius X. has practically recovered from his recent illness. The Vatican doctors are now only endeavoring to build up the Pontiff's strength, which was reduced by his indisposition.

ESCAPE CELL OR DIE, SAYS MRS. PANKHURST

Declares All Forces of England Cannot Keep Her in Prison.

MAY GET 14-YEAR TERM

Insists She Will Attend Albert Hall Meeting April 8 Despite Coming Trial.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, March 15.—At Edinburgh yesterday Mrs. Pankhurst referred to her coming trial at the Old Bailey on April 1, and said that if convicted she could be imprisoned not less than three nor more than fourteen years. "I am not a strong woman," she continued, "but I am not ill. The organized forces of the Government cannot keep me in prison if I make up my mind not to stay there. Hitherto they have decided to let me out on two occasions when they felt they could not keep me alive. If I go in April, they may decide not to let me out alive, but I shall escape them all the same, because, when you die, your spirit escapes them. Not all the power of the strongest government can keep me in prison a moment longer than I am willing."

She added that she confidently expected to be at the Albert Hall meeting on April 8.

The Era has taken a referendum of the actresses of England on the franchise question. The following is the result: For the vote, 244; against it, 326; indifferent, 845.

LONDON, March 14.—The latest exploit of the militant suffragettes in London is the obliteration of the names on the gateposts of houses in the residential streets. Armed with pots of paint or tar and brushes, they raided the Richmond district in this way in the course of last night, disfiguring many houses.

The window-smashing campaign also was resumed this morning, a jeweler's shop in Bond Street and a prominent establishment in Hilborn suffering from their attentions. The police arrested several women while engaged in the work.

Olive Hocken, who was remanded in custody yesterday on a charge of attempting to set fire to a pavilion on the Roehampton golf links, was released today on bail of $2,500 on undertaking to abstain from militancy pending her trial.

What is suspected to be a suffragette plot to damage the great new water reservoir at Chingford, in the northeast of London, which King George is to open to-morrow, was frustrated by the arrest this evening of a woman who was concealed in a recess of the works. She refused to give her name or any other information.

The great reservoir has a capacity of about 3,000,000,000 gallons, an area of 416 acres, and four and a half miles of embankment. Its excavation cost over $2,500,000. It is intended to supply the whole of the northeast and east of London.

The total of broken windows at the Home Office was added to this afternoon by Marjorie Masters, a suffragette school teacher, who threw a pot of green paint through one of them, scattering the liquid over the office. She was arrested.

Against Coal Oil Hair Washes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—One of the recommendations of the Departmental Committee on Petroleum Spirit in its final report is that the use of petroleum spirit hair washes in hairdressing establishments be prohibited. It should be made illegal, the committee says, for any hairdresser to use petroleum spirit or mixtures containing it on the hair of a living subject.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—At a meeting of the Royal Astronomical Society the Astronomer Royal, F. W. Dyson, said that, according to recent statistical research, based on the new chart of the heavens, 95 per cent. of the stars visible through a moderate-sized telescope were in actual luminosity greater than the sun.

Pennant Library Brings $16,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—Sothebys concluded to-day the sale of the Pennant library, which realized almost $16,000. Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations, Voyages and Discoveries" fetched $2,000, and Capt. John Smith's "General History of Virginia, New England and Summer Isles" $1,650.

ARMY GRAFT IN BELGIUM.

Officers Said to Have Robbed Government of About $2,000,000.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—Several high officers of the Belgian Army, whose names are not given, have been accused by the military authorities, according to the newspapers here, of robbing the Government of from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 by means of fraudulent contracts for the furnishing of munitions of war to the Belgian fortress artillery. A military inquiry into the matter is proceeding.

The Minister of War announced in the Chamber to-day that the time-expired men in the army would not be released from active service until the present disturbed situation in Europe had passed.

TO GIVE ARMY AEROPLANES.

Newly Formed Italian Trans-Aerial Society Will Build 200.

TURIN, March 14.—The newly formed Italian Trans-Aerial Society has undertaken to build a large number of aeroplanes for the Italian Army. With the $800,000 subscribed during the Libyan war for aeroplane construction, this will provide about 200 aeroplanes.

The first flotilla of seven aeroplanes will be delivered to the Government March 15. Seven monoplanes and sixteen biplanes are to be delivered in April.

ANGLO-FRENCH MANOEUVRES

Destroyers and Submarines of Both Countries in Joint Movements.

OSTEND, March 14.—Flotillas of British and French torpedo-boat destroyers and submarines are carrying out a series of night manoeuvres in co-operation in the English Channel.

The commanders of the flotillas are following common plans of action, and there is a frequent exchange of wireless messages between the vessels.

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EVIDENCE IN AGAINST GRAFT MESSENGER

Continued from Page 1.

sick-bed confession to Mr. Whitman was written in the record:

Q.—Was Inspector Sweeney at your house on the night of Dec. 29? A.—He was.

Q.—Did you arrange with Sweeney to furnish Fox with money? A.—I did. Sweeney said he would send his man Hartigan over with $800 in an envelope.

Q.—Did you know Hartigan was attached to Sweeney's staff? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did Hartigan bring $800 to you? A.—Yes. I opened it in the presence of Hartigan and my wife. There were eight $100 bills in the envelope.

Q.—Did you add anything to the $800? A.—I put $150 to it. My wife took it out of the bureau drawer and put it in a separate envelope.

Q.—Did you know that the $950 raised was to go to Fox for the purpose of hiring George A. Sipp to stay out of the State of New York? A.—Yes, sir, I did.

The stenographer who had taken down the testimony of Hartigan before the Grand Jury also read parts of his notes into the record. These showed that Hartigan had been seven years on the police force and that prior to that he had been a clerk in a wholesale butcher's establishment, where Eugene Fox also had been employed. He had known Fox for twenty years, Hartigan said before the Grand Jury. He had been five years under Capt. Walsh in the East 126th Street Station as clerical man and had been transferred to Sweeney's staff in March, 1912, serving in the capacity of clerical man until early in February.

Capt. Walsh was assisted to the witness stand by a court attendant and by Dr. W. H. Upton, Walsh's physician. The Captain's face was ashen and he was suffering with another cold, which, it was said, made his presence in the courtroom extremely dangerous. The one-time vigorous and hearty Captain admitted everything that he had admitted in his sick-bed confession. He sat with his hands folded and talked in whispers. All that he added to his earlier confession was the fact that Hartigan had broken down in his presence on Feb. 7, after the policeman had learned that Mrs. Walsh had told District Attorney Whitman the whole truth.

"What did Hartigan say when he came to you on Dec. 30?" Mr. Whitman asked Walsh.

"He said that he had come directly from Inspector Sweeney."

"And later Hartigan came again to your room?"

Hartigan Wept in Walsh Home.

"Yes, Sir," replied Walsh, leaning to the front and avoiding the eyes of Hartigan. "He came into my room and started to cry. I tried to stop him. I was sick. I asked him what happened. He said, 'Mrs. Walsh has testified that I brought an envelope containing money to you.' I said: 'Well, you did, didn't you?' He replied: 'Yes, I did, but I didn't know there was money in it.' Then I said 'You did bring money to my house and you know you did.'"

On cross-examination, Mr. Donnelly wanted to know whether Capt. Walsh had taken any drugs during the day. The Captain said that he had not. He denied that he had taken an envelope containing $850 from under his pillow. He said that Hartigan had called on him between 9 and 10 o'clock and not during the lunch hour.

"Don't you remember that your wife said to you about Hartigan, 'Tom, he is sticking up for Sweeney'?" Mr. Donnelly asked.

"I don't recall that," replied Walsh.

"Didn't you say to your wife that all the trouble Hartigan got in was due to you and that you would fix things up?"

"I don't recall."

The Captain's memory proved to be very poor on every line of attack that Mr. Donnelly undertook. He adhered strictly to the story he had told under the examination of Mr. Whitman.

"Were you promised money to plead guilty to the indictment against you?" Mr. Donnelly asked.

"No, I was a sick man and I wanted to get this thing off my shoulders."

"Not off your soul?"

"No, off my shoulders."

Mrs. Walsh Follows Husband.

Mrs. Walsh followed her husband on the stand. She had not heard her husband's testimony, but retold his story from end to end. It was Mr. Donnelly himself who, in his cross-examination, drew forth additional damaging evidence against the prisoner.

"Johnnie remained only about ten minutes after he brought the $800 in an envelope, and took that and $150 more away with him," she said. "Johnnie told me the Inspector told him to hurry."

"Where did you get the $150 you gave to Hartigan at your husband's command?" Mrs. Walsh was asked.

"From the bureau drawer," she replied, laughing.

"Whose money was it?"

"Our money," she replied, again smiling.

After Lieut. George Cullum, now attached to the Hamburg Avenue Police Station, but formerly in charge of Sweeney's police blotter in the Sixth Inspection District, had testified that there was no blotter record to show that Hartigan had been absent from Sweeney's office on Dec. 30 by permission, the nurse in the Walsh apartment, Mina Mischel, was called to the stand. She was even a more convincing witness than Mrs. Walsh. Mr. Donnelly found it impossible to shake her story in any way, and again brought out things which the prosecution had failed to bring out against the prisoner. This was the nurse's story:

"I saw Mr. Hartigan last on Dec. 7. He came into the house just a minute after Mrs. Walsh returned from Mr. Whitman's office. Mr. Walsh was very sick at the time. I was worried about him. Mr. Hartigan asked to see Mr. Walsh, and Mr. Walsh said he would see him. I stayed in the hall and I heard Mr. Hartigan cry aloud. The hall was perhaps twenty feet long, but I could hear him cry, and could also hear him tell Mr. Walsh about the trouble he was in. 'You did carry an envelope from Sweeney to Fox,' Mr. Walsh said. 'Yes,' replied Mr. Hartigan, 'but I didn't know there was money in it.' Mr. Hartigan carried on terribly. That is why I was so worried. He cried so loud that the people upstairs hammered on the floor."

Mr. Whitman rested his case at 5 o'clock, and after a conference with the attorneys Justice Seabury adjourned the case until 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Donnelly said that he would have three or four witnesses. It is expected that the case will be finished by 3 P. M.

"Will you call Sweeney?" Hartigan's lawyer was asked.

"Perhaps," he replied.

The jury was locked up for the night. Headquarters were established at the Murray Hill Hotel. Hartigan was taken to the Tombs.

ARREST PATROLMAN HEANEY.

Another Confidential Man of ex-Inspector Also Indicted.

Patrolman Thomas J. Heaney was arrested in the Morrisania Police Station yesterday afternoon on a bench warrant charging him with bribery. His indictment had been voted on by the Grand Jury on Thursday, following the testimony of Mrs. Rosie Hertz. The alleged act of bribery dates back to July, 1911.

Another patrolman, said to have served with Heaney as confidential man for an ex-Inspector, not heretofore mentioned in connection with the graft revelations, was also indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury. It is expected that his arrest will follow early this morning, and that both of the patrolmen will be arraigned before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court.

Heaney is 39 years old and was appointed to the department on Feb. 11, 1902. He lives at 1,086 Grant Avenue and has a family of eight children, the oldest being a girl of 18 years. A few months ago he was reduced from a Central Office detective, with a salary of $2,250, to a patrolman, with a salary of $1,400, and since that time, it was said last night, he had found it hard to make ends meet.

For nine years Heaney was associated with Cornelius Hayes, a former Inspector of the Fourth and other inspection districts. Mr. Hayes refused last night in the Bronx to comment on Heaney's arrest.

As a result of the testimony of Mrs. Hertz and her husband still another indictment will probably be handed down on Monday. This will involve another collector for an inspector.

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¶ Let us suggest that you take a look at these silk shirts. The look will cost nothing at all, and it may be productive of lasting good. For $3.85 in this offering you can get plain or pleated bosom shirts, made in plain white or Russian corded silks, that would ordinarily cost you all the way from $5 to $6.50 apiece.

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A modest announcement in which there is more than meets the eye!

¶ We are specialists in knitted neckwear, and the values in this offering today are a pretty fair sample of our capabilities in this direction. There are eighteen different combinations in two tone accordeon effects, with hobble stripes that find it difficult to keep straight. Beautiful colorings, excellent value, and a big selection.

900 Silk Repp Scarfs Value $1.....today special at 65c

¶ Rich lustrous silk repp scarfs, made in large open-end four-in-hands, and sufficiently liberal throughout to make a tidy knot for wing collar or fold collar wear. Eighteen of the smartest plain colors, as well as a number of excellent stripes. A clever lot of neckwear, and dandy value.

Men's Gray Gloves values $1.50 & $2.....today $1.15

A sale in which we have handled the price without gloves

¶ Lightweight gray Mocha gloves, one clasp, overseams, and self color silk embroidered backs. Extremely smart, and suitable for day or evening wear. $2 value.

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By Louise Kennedy Mabie

The first time is always the best.

For then comes the joy of discovery, the glow of awakened sensation, the vivid consciousness of exploring new fields. Something of all this we ask you to share with us in this new writer and her new-born book. The old favorites you know—but did you know them before they were favorites and before they were old?

Here you see the very beginning, the very budding of one. Her story—her story of young love's awakening—is as dewy fresh as the dawn, the tale of a natural story teller—the setting American and the plot enticing, charming, delightful. Will you be among the first to acclaim this new genius?

Scientific Auction Bridge

By E. V. Shepard.

"I have read all the books on auction bridge. E. V. Shepard's is the best of them all. I doubt if a better one will ever be written. Other writers teach by illustrative hands which you may never hold. He gives simple rules for bidding and playing any hand possible to deal. Every feature of the game is discussed in a way to aid both beginner and expert player. He gives valuable facts concerning the game which have never before been put in concrete form. The rules are clear, practical, and easy to remember. The work is not based upon personal opinion, but is founded upon mathematical facts. Every player should own a copy of this work."

A. L. ROBINSON, M. D., Vice-President, Knickerbocker Whist Club.

Tackling Matrimony

By George Lee Burton.

"'Don't try to boss her all the time. I've been married fifty-three years now, off and on; have had three of them; and I find they're alike. You boss about big things, but you let her have her way in little things,' the old man advised, with a shrewd look.

"'Thank you, Daddy; I'll remember that,' I answered.

"'Yes, sonny, you regulate the money and the outside matters, but let her do the fixing and managing in the house; don't interfere with her in that unless you have to—and you'll get along.'"

And their struggles with small means and their misunderstandings are related in a story full of humor and sympathy.

The Combined Maze

By May Sinclair.

"A real story about real people, people keenly and kindly seen, fearlessly and faithfully yet sympathetically painted; some of them and some moments of them flashed upon you in a fashion and in words which belong to genius."—*N. Y. Times.* "A fine piece of literary art and the scenes of London life and her characters are filled with the breath of living reality."—*N. Y. Press.* "Miss Sinclair makes her story alive and her characters live. She has never done this before. Artifice has now given way to reality and her novel now becomes a story of things as they are and of humanity as it is. The promise of 'The Divine Fire' and of 'The Helpmate' is now fulfilled. At last Miss Sinclair has found herself."—*Boston Transcript.* "A novel of unusual brilliancy of style and treatment."—*Bookseller.*

The Judgment House, by Sir Gilbert Parker, *author of "The Right of Way," will be on sale at your bookseller's Wednesday, March 19th. Owing to the great advance demand for the book, the publishers suggest the desirability of placing orders for copies at once.*

HARPERS HARPERS HARPERS
MAGAZINE BAZAR WEEKLY

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SULZER APPOINTS PRISON INVESTIGATOR

George W. Blake, Newspaper Writer, to Inquire Into Department Affairs.

HOPES TO ENLIGHTEN SENATE

Scott's Removal Illegal, Says McDowell—His Successor Not Yet Confirmed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.—Gov. Sulzer to-day appointed George W. Blake, a New York newspaper writer, Special Commissioner to investigate the management and affairs of all the prisons and reformatories in the State. The Governor yesterday removed Col. Joseph F. Scott from the office of Superintendent of Prisons and nominated Judge John B. Riley of Plattsburg for the place. Pending the Senate's action on the nomination the Governor has placed employes of his office in charge of the Prison Department. Mr. Blake will serve without compensation.

In the Senate yesterday it was declared that the prison standard had been raised by Col. Scott. Inasmuch as the prison management was investigated by William Church Osborn and George E. Van Kennan at the outset of the administration of Gov. Dix, it is believed here that in the appointment of another special commission Gov. Sulzer seeks to show that the Senate was wrong in its estimate of prison management in the last two years.

John G. McDowell, who was ousted as Chief Clerk of the Prison Department, has taken no steps to contest his removal. It is contended by friends of Col. Scott and Mr. McDowell that the Governor has exceeded his authority in taking control of the department.

It is not expected that the legality of the Governor's action will be questioned unless it be by the Controller when bills signed by Owen L. Potter, the Acting Superintendent, are submitted for payment. The Controller has an opinion from Attorney General Carmody holding that in case of the removal of the head of a department the responsibility of the department rests with the ranking Deputy. In the case of the Prison Department, however, there is no Deputy.

It is the general belief in Albany that the Governor's nomination of Judge Riley will not be confirmed.

Col. Scott and Mr. McDowell left Albany to-night for Elmira. Before leaving Mr. McDowell issued this statement:

"Pursuing his headlong course, disregarding precedent and ignoring the law, the Governor has designated Owen L. Potter Superintendent of State Prisons. The Constitution provides that the Governor shall appoint a Superintendent of State Prisons by and with the consent of the Senate. He ignores this body, and without thought of what the consequences may be puts in place of Col. Joseph F. Scott an inexperienced subaltern from his own office.

"Look at the condition of affairs in the Prison Department at the present moment. There is no legally appointed Superintendent of State Prisons, there is no clerk of the Prison Department, unless it be myself, and I do not intend to make that claim; there is no Medical Superintendent at Matteawan and the Acting Superintendent there is anxious to be relieved; there is no sales agent for the prison industries in New York City, and Warden Benham of Auburn Prison is more than anxious to retire.

"There is no one with authority to fill any of the places named with the exception of the Superintendent of State Prisons. All this chaotic situation has been brought about by the action of Gov. Sulzer, and is the direct result of his attempting to fulfill political pledges. Where the situation is going to wind up no one can tell, and there is the greatest danger that the magnificent prison system which we had on Jan. 1, 1913, will be destroyed.

"The Prison Department is one of the most important of all the departments of this State. It has to deal with the liberties of men and women, and a person not familiar with the details of prison work does not realize how much the discipline which must be maintained at the institutions is dependent upon the character and intelligence of the head of the department."

KIDNAPPER GETS NEW TRIAL.

Court of Appeals Says Pettanza Was Convicted by Improper Methods.

ALBANY, March 14.—The conviction of Stanislao Pettanza in Brooklyn, in November, 1910, on a charge of kidnapping, for which he was sentenced to serve an indeterminate term of from 25 to 49 years, was accomplished by "improper methods," according to a decision of the Court of Appeals to-day. For that reason the court reversed the judgment of conviction, and ordered a new trial.

Pettanza was charged with being the leader of a gang which seized Joseph Longo, an eight-year-old son of a wealthy Brooklyn Italian, and held him for a ransom of $15,000. The boy, it was alleged, was taken to an obscure place in Manhattan and kept for twenty days. Letters were sent to the father saying that if the money was not furnished the boy's head would be sent to him. The place was broken into, and the boy was rescued by the police.

Judge Miller, writing the opinion of the court, refers to the errors committed at the trial of Pettanza, and adds:

"An argument is addressed to us, based on the assumption that the nature of the crime tends to excuse, if not wholly to justify, resort to such methods. The defendant must be prosecuted according to the forms of law, and his guilt must be established, if at all, by legal evidence, no matter what his origin, his status in life, or his associates may have been, and no matter what other offenses he may have committed."

ADMITS ATTACKING GIRL.

Motorman's Victim Found Unconscious Near Pennsylvania Tracks.

TRENTON, N. J., March 14.—Jacob Pfeister, towerman for the Pennsylvania Railroad at a lonely spot near the Asylum Road, close to Trenton Junction, heard groans this morning and quit his tower to investigate. In some bushes beside the road he found fourteen-year-old Catherine Phaler, daughter of a well-to-do farmer living nearby on the Asylum Road. The girl was unconscious.

Pfeister picked her up and aroused neighbors who carried the girl to her home. There her mother worked over her and finally brought her to consciousness. Miss Phaler was so overwrought that it was sometime before she could tell what had happened to her.

Then she said that she had been attacked by a man who sprang at her from behind a tree as she was passing along the road toward her home after having paid a visit to church here to arrange about her confirmation on Sunday. It was evening before she set out for home.

She said she struggled with her assailant, but he threw her to the ground and dragged her into the bushes, breaking three fingers on her right hand in the struggle to hold her. She was still fighting him when the sound of an approaching wagon frightened the man, and he fled. The girl said she fainted then.

It is supposed that those in the wagon did not notice her lying beside the road and it was several hours later before the child's groans, as she began to regain consciousness, were heard by Pfeister. The girl could not tell who her assailant was nor could she give a description of him, and for a time the police were inclined to believe that the girl had imagined much of what she said had happened to her. At length, however, suspicion pointed to Sherman Cooper, a young trolley motorman.

To-night detectives went to Cooper's home here. They say he confessed that he attacked the girl. His story differed from that told by the girl for he said he knew her and that she knew him, and that before attacking her he had accompanied her along the road toward her home. Cooper will be in court to-day. The girl is expected to recover.

'MOTHER' JONES'S TRIAL ENDS

Military Court Sends Its Verdict to West Virginia Governor.

CHARLESTON, West Va., March 14.—The findings by a military court of West Virginia in the cases of 48 men and "Mother" Jones, charged with conspiracy to incite murder and riot in the Kanawha County coal strike district, which is under martial law, will not become known before next week. The verdict was completed late to-day and turned over to Gov. Henry D. Hatfield. The Governor must approve the judgment before it becomes effective.

Plans were made to-day by the military court for other trials. One scheduled to begin to-morrow involves twenty persons charged with shooting up a special train carrying Deputy Sheriffs on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad at Holley Grove, West Va., in the heart of the strike region. The officers were en route to the strike country to serve warrants on some of the strikers when their special train was riddled with bullets. In the battle one miner was killed and a number injured.

The engineer of the train was severely wounded and every window of the train was broken. Bullets perforated the water tank of the engine, causing the train to be stopped owing to the lack of water. When Sheriff Bonner Hill and his deputies sought safety by stretching themselves on the train car floors, a heavy fire was directed at the train by persons hidden in the mountains. Hundreds of bullets made holes in the sides of the coaches.

Many of the defendants in the conspiracy case will also be defendants in the coming trial.

FOUR DIE IN TRAIN WRECK.

Colorado Special Runs Into Express in a Blizzard—30 Hurt.

OMAHA, Neb., March 14.—A Union Pacific passenger train, the Colorado Special, ran into the rear of the Atlantic Express at 4 o'clock this morning near Gothenberg, Neb., killing four persons and injuring thirty more, according to advices reaching here.

The accident, it is said, was due to the blinding blizzard that has been raging in Western Nebraska since midnight. The express was standing at the station when the Colorado train crashed into the rear car. The killed were all in the rear sleeper. Among the dead is Edmund R. Oustenhault of Salamanca, N. Y., a traveling salesman.

The State Railroad Commission of Nebraska will investigate the wreck, and also a freight collision on the same road at Herdon, Neb., early to-day, when three trainmen were killed.

BRONX COUNTY LAW IS CONSTITUTIONAL

Three New Appeals Judges Side with Hiscock in Upholding Result of Referendum.

VICIOUS BILL, SAYS GRAY

County Officers, with Liberal Salaries, Will Be Elected in November and Be Installed in January.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 14.—By a vote of 4 to 3 the Court of Appeals decided to-day that the law creating Bronx County was constitutional. Judges Hiscock, Miller, Cuddeback, and Hogan signed the majority opinion, the last three being new members of the court. Judges Gray and Bartlett held that the law was unconstitutional. Chief Judge Cullen said the question of constitutionality did not enter the case, so he did not pass on that question.

The case was an appeal from the conviction of Joseph J. McKenna on a charge of murder in the first degree. The conviction was affirmed. McKenna was tried in General Sessions. Judge Cullen pointed out that inasmuch as the Bronx County law did not give the new County Court jurisdiction until Jan. 1, 1914, it was proper to conduct the trial in General Sessions at the time, whether the Bronx County law was constitutional or not.

In the majority opinion Judge Hiscock held that the Legislature had the right to provide for the creation of a new county in the future and then submit the bill to the people to decide whether it should become operative. He regarded it as "eminently just and fair" that the people most affected should be permitted to express approval or disapproval. In answer to the criticism that the question should have been submitted to the people of the entire County of New York Judge Hiscock concluded that the Legislature had the right to limit the vote to citizens of the proposed county, who, all things considered, would have the greater interest.

Loose Lawmaking, Says Gray.

Judge Gray characterized the law as "loose legislation."

"The Legislature," he said, "delegated the power to the voters of that territory to declare the statute inoperative and void; that is to say, abdicating a duty exclusively its own to repeal a bad or undesirable law, it delegated that duty to others."

The decision made valid a law providing much political patronage in the Bronx. The law provides for a Surrogate, County Judge, District Attorney, Sheriff, County Clerk and Register, with salaries of $10,000 a year each, and a Commissioner of Jurors at a salary of $5,000. A public administrator to be appointed by the Surrogate is to serve at a salary of $4,000. The Surrogate is to appoint clerks at salaries ranging from $2,000 to $3,000. The District Attorney is empowered to appoint five assistants at $5,000 a year each, and three at $3,000 each. The Sheriff is to have an Undersheriff at $5,000, ten Deputies at $2,500 each, and five Assistant Deputies at $1,500 each. There is to be a Deputy Register at $4,000. Several clerks in the Register's office will draw from $2,000 to $2,500 each. The Deputy County Clerk is to receive $4,000, and the Assistant Deputy $3,000. Several other clerks are provided for the County Clerk at from $2,000 to $2,500 each.

The county officers will be elected in November next and will take office on Jan. 1, 1914.

Bill Opposed by Business Men.

The movement to make the Bronx a separate county was opposed by business men there who saw in the plan merely an opportunity for Tammany to extend its power. The people voted in favor of the proposition in November last after the bill authorizing the establishment of the county was passed by the Legislature and signed by Gov. Dix. Opponents of the bill took the ground that it was unconstitutional inasmuch as New York County as a whole had not voted on the issue.

Niagara University Has Big Fire.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., March 14.—Fire this morning destroyed the Alumni Building at Niagara University, causing a loss estimated at $100,000. The building, a new three-story structure erected to replace one burned in June, 1909, contained the clubrooms of the college societies and the college chemical laboratory.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

Your Easter Hat should be a Young. It will be if you see the new models.

Silk Hats $6

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Broadway, near Beaver st.
37 Nassau St.
Woolworth Building.
Broadway, near Park Place.

Only Brooklyn Store,
371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

Derbies and Soft Hats $3 & $4

We want Twenty-five Dollars but we will take Eighteen

AND, in no sense of the word, will we be "beating ourselves down," nor will you be committing an impropriety in paying twenty-five instead of eighteen, or the reverse.

For these amounts are the prices of two classes of Spring Suits on which we are actively specializing, and in which we expect to be specially active.

For we have crammed so much *worth* into these suits that they are to the profit we make on them as are the riches of Croesus to the Sunday collection box.

Yet great worth produces great business, and little profits piled up one above the other soon assume an air of respectability. We are actually "banking" on popularity.

It behooves you therefore to see this *real* Spring attire; suits as are *announced* elsewhere but are to be *seen* here. $15, $18, $20, $25, $30 and $35.

ERROR

Yesterday through error we discribed our

Light-Weight OVERCOATS at CLEARANCE

as being newly made. They were made for selling last Fall, and are the inevitable few extras which always exist no matter how carefully a clothier may figure.

Former prices up to $20 now $13.50
Former prices up to $30 now $19.50
Former prices up to $40 now $24.50

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — NEW YORK — 5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV. — BROOKLYN — BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money than Elsewhere."

Meet Me at the Fountain — The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

MAIN BUILDING

Finest Spring Suits For Men and Youths

Regular Selling Prices Range up to $45. Today, at $20

Truly, this is a wonderful sale, involving, as it does, some of the most splendidly tailored suits we have ever seen and which are offered at prices that represent about ½ their true values.

This fortunate purchase and sale is due to unsettled labor conditions. High-class tailors of Rochester, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York have used us to dispose of hundreds of very finest "odd" suits—one to four of a kind.

Here you will find PLAIN BLUES, BLACKS, GRAYS, AS WELL AS DOZENS OF THE NEWEST SPRING FANCY PATTERNS.

Many of these suits are silk-lined and there are all sizes in one or another of the styles.

Cast your eye down this list, which will show you what a magnificent choice you have.

Two and Three-Button Sack Suits
Silk-lined Blue and Gray Serge Suits
Brown and Gray Shepherd Plaid and Pencil-Stripe Suits
Newest Club Checks in Grays, Tans and Browns
Norfolk Suits
Fancy and Self-Striped Blue Worsteds Plain Gray Velours
And a Number of Magnificently Tailored Sample Suits from America's Finest Clothing Makers.

Men's and Youths' Suits
Worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots; plain and fancy blue serge and worsted suits; today at $12.75

$18 Silk Faced Spring Overcoats
All hand-tailored; just right for present and spring wear. Made of fine all-wool Thibet in light and medium shades of gray Oxfords; also black; today at $12

Men's and Youths' Trousers—striped worsteds and mixtures; values to $3.50; at..... $1.95

Men's and Youths' "Kingly" Trousers—all sizes in striped worsteds and neat patterns in cassimeres; also blue all-wool serges and black Thibets; values to $5; at..... $2.90

(MAIN Building, Second Floor)

MAIN BUILDING

Men's "Eclipse" Shirts

7000 in Today's Sale—Values to $3.50, at 95c

We have just purchased from Samuel Sternberger & Co., of Philadelphia (famous as makers of high-class shirts for more than thirty years), their surplus lots of finest spring shirts. Assortments are precisely as follows, and you will agree with us that as a value-giving occasion this sale has no precedent.

980 FINE $3 FRENCH FLANNEL SHIRTS—with French cuffs and neckband; this sale, today, at..... 95c

$2.50 and $3 STIFF BOSOM SHIRTS—1,050; with attached or detached cuffs; in this lot hundreds of shirts are in the newest "French" style—cuffs and bosom of materials different from body; this sale, today, at..... 95c

$3 SOFT MERCERIZED SHIRTS—470; with military collar attached; French cuffs; this sale, today, at..... 95c

$3.50 WHITE PLAITED-BOSOM NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—190; with attached cuffs; this sale, today, at..... 95c

180 WHITE SILK $3.50 FRENCH CUFF SHIRTS—with neckband; this sale, today, at.. 95c

275 FINE FANCY $2.50 SOFT CHEVIOT NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—with French cuffs; this sale, today, at..... 95c

$1.75 to $2.75 FINEST MADRAS AND PERCALE NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—2,075; plaited and plain bosoms; attached or detached laundered cuffs; choice patterns; this sale, today, at..... 95c

390 FINE $2 MERCERIZED SOFT NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—with neckband and French cuffs; this sale, today, at..... 95c

$1.75 PLAITED NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—625; with detached cuffs; this sale, today, at..... 95c

The wonderful assortments in this sale also include hundreds of other kinds of shirts that cannot possibly be described in so limited an advertisement.

Understand clearly, please, Every Shirt is Perfect; cut on liberal patterns; sleeve-length stamped on each shirt; finest pearl buttons; all sizes from 14 to 18; values to $3.50; today, at..... 95c

(MAIN Building, Main Floor)

MEN'S WALTHAM WATCHES—Fully guaranteed, accurate time pieces; 12x6 size; thin model; 20-year plain cases; open face. The new small dial style now in such high favor. 7-jewel Waltham movement; regularly priced at $9; today, at $5

Other WALTHAM WATCHES, on Sale, Today, at, $5.85, $10 and $11.25 | WOMEN'S WALTHAM WATCHES, at..... $6 and $8.75

Famous "LOCUST" WATCHES ALSO SPECIALLY PRICED.
Don't Miss This Opportunity. Come Early.
(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

Other Timely Sales for Today

IN OUR MAIN BUILDING:

MEN'S $3 to $4 "GEO. H. SNOW" LOW SHOES—every size; every width; "factory checked"; at..... $1.79

MEN'S SOFT AND DERBY HATS—newest imported and domestic makes; light and medium weights; values to $3.50; at..... $2

BOYS' EASTER SUITS—Norfolk and double-breasted effects; some with two pairs of trousers; sizes up to 17 years; values to $9.75; at.. $2.95, $3.95, $5 and $6.75

BOYS' SMART REEFERS—priced elsewhere at $3.95 to $9.95; here, at ..... $2.95, $3.95 and $6.75

MISSES' SPRING SUITS—various materials and colors; sizes 14 to 18 years; special, at..... $10.75 to $26.50

GIRLS' STYLISH SPRING COATS—sizes from 6 to 16 years; at..... $3.95, $5.95 and $6.75

MISSES' AND JUNIORS' SPRING COATS—sizes 14 to 18 years; at..... $9.75 and $15

GIRLS' CHALLIS DRESSES—sizes 8 to 14 years; at..... $9.75

WOMEN'S $3 and $3.50 LOW SHOES—samples; principally in sizes 3 to 4½, in B and C widths; at..... $1.50

NEW TRIMMED MILLINERY—every material and every approved color; specially priced at..... $5
(Hundreds of other Trimmed Hats will be shown at $7.50, $10, $12 and upward.)

READY-TO-WEAR AND UNTRIMMED MILLINERY—at..... $1.95, $2.95 and $3.95

WOMEN'S 16-BUTTON LENGTH WHITE GLACE GLOVES—at..... $1.78

WOMEN'S STYLISH $5 SKIRTS—all sizes; at..... $2.50

WOMEN'S DRESSY BLOUSES—of net, messaline, tub and Japanese silk; values to $3; at..... $1.98

PRE-EASTER SALE OF DEVOTIONAL ARTICLES—Books, Rosaries, etc.

$1.29 and $1.50 "INDIAN" AND "COW-BOY" PLAY SUITS—at..... 79c

$1 to $2 VACUUM BOTTLES—quart or pint sizes; choice at..... 85c

FULL HOLLOW-GROUND RAZORS—celebrated makes; values to $2; at..... 39c

25c PLAYING CARDS—"seconds" of the famous "Squeezer" brand; a pack..... 9c

$2.25 ROLLER SKATES — for women, men, boys and girls; nickel plated and ball bearing; at..... 95c

A SALE OF CIGARS AND PIPES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AT PRICES THAT WILL PROVE VASTLY INTERESTING TO EVERY SMOKER. COME AND BE CONVINCED.

OUR WORLD'S GREATEST GROCERY OFFERS A FINE ARRAY OF PURE FOODS AND LENTEN DELICACIES AT THE LOWEST PRICES TO BE FOUND ANYWHERE.

IN OUR GREENHUT BUILDING:

$6 MAHOGANY-FINISHED CORNER CHAIRS—made of birch; covered with velour, tapestry, etc.; at..... $3.75

INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHTS—prism shower; solid brass burner; value 98c; at..... 75c
(Other specials in mantels, inverted lights, etc.)

$4.75 VELVET RUG "SAMPLES"—size 4.6x6 ft.; pretty colorings; at..... $2.75

$3.50 TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUG "SAMPLES"—size 4.6x6 ft.; at..... $1.95

50c and 60c GRADES OF LINOLEUM REMNANTS—2 yards wide; square yard..... 29c

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Thereafter | *In New York's Shopping Center*

OBREGON WILL KEEP ORDER IN NOGALES

Promises Colonel Wilder in Border Conference to Maintain Peace in Mexican Town.

OJEDA IS PENNED IN NACO

Federals Hemmed In by Rebels on Three Sides — Carranzistas Take San Pedro.

NOGALES, Ariz., March 14.—Col. Wilbur E. Wilder of the Fifth United States Cavalry held a conference at the international line to-day with Gen. Obregon, commander of the Sonora State troops, which yesterday captured Nogales, Sonora. The meeting was at the suggestion of Col. Wilder. It was to discuss provisions for keeping order and to reach an understanding regarding neutrality laws. Gen. Obregon promised to maintain order in the Mexican town. He expressed sorrow at the wounding of an American soldier and three Mexicans on the American side of the line by stray bullets from yesterday's battle.

United States customs inspectors seized forty-seven head of horses belonging to the Federal troops to-day. The horses were brought across the line by the Federal refugees last night.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 14.—A telegram from the War Department halted Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss last night from making a trip to Nogales, just as he was about to board a train. Improvement of border conditions accounted for the change in plan.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—It practically has been decided in the Navy Department that two of the four battleships now stationed on the east coast of Mexico shall be kept there when the Atlantic fleet sails from Guantanamo, Cuba, for Chesapeake Bay next Monday. Rear Admiral Fletcher or Rear Admiral Usher will be left to command the ships, the stay of which will be dependent on conditions in Mexico.

On the way up the coast the fleet will have a war game, plans for which have been prepared by the Naval War College and the General Board. The ships are due in the Chesapeake March 22. After a Sunday rest they will begin target work, using the wreck of the old battleship San Marcos in "spotting" practice. Secretary Daniels expects to see the tests.

Special to The New York Times.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS, Mexico, March 14.—Advices confirming reports received earlier in the day that San Pedro, in the State of Coahuila, forty-three miles from Torreon, has been captured by Constitutionalistas reached here to-night. The town was attacked by a body of Carranzistas under Majors Ricaut and Rovas, and was defended stoutly by the garrison of 200 Federals.

Seventeen Federals and seven Constitutionalistas were killed in the action. Several were wounded on both sides. The Constitutionalistas took possession of 30,000 cartridges recently received by the Federals.

Majors Ricaut and Rovas then retired with their forces to Cuatro Cienegas.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 14.—Battle against an overwhelming force of rebels, unconditional surrender or flight over the line into Arizona are the alternatives presented to Gen. Ojeda. The Federal Commander, who evacuated Agua Prieta two days ago with the intention of marching to Nogales and reinforcing the garrison there, reached Naco in the night and learned that Nogales had been captured by the Constitutionalistas.

Gen. Ojeda, with 500 Federal regulars, is bottled up in Naco, with strong bodies of rebels closing in on him from East, West and South. A force of 400 Constitutionalistas under Elias Calles left Agua Prieta before daybreak to-day to pursue the Federal General. Prefecto Bracamonte, with 300 men, departed on the same mission soon afterward. All the rebels were freshly mounted and well armed and provisioned.

South of Naco are more State troops under Diequez. A force from Gen. Obregon's column, which yesterday took Nogales, is closing in from the West.

The Constitutionalistas, in their eagerness to pursue Ojeda, left a force of only 200 men to guard Agua Prieta.

NACO, Ariz., March, 14.—With the remnants of the Federal garrisons of Northern Sonora—no more than 500 men—Gen. Ojeda to-night is defying attack from more than 1,500 State troops. In Naco, Sonora, just over the line, preparations are under way for the expected assault in the morning.

"We will fight," announced the Federal commander, as he gave orders for immediate preparation late to-day. Trenches were dug near and fortifications built on a hill commanding the approach to the town. The Customs House and Post Office equipment were rushed to the American side, and the railway company moved over all its equipment.

With the men of the Agua Prieta garrison and refugee troops defeated at Naco and El Tigre, Ojeda must confront 1,500 Constitutionalists moving against Naco in three divisions and eager to capture the only remaining port on the Arizona border from the Huerta National Government. Naco is a subordinate port to Nogales, lying between Nogales and Agua Prieta. It is the terminal of a branch of the Southern Pacific of Mexico, which runs from Naco southwest to the mining centres of Cananea and Del Rio, and northwest to Nogales, where it connects with the Sonora road.

Ojeda, with eighty men, reconnoitered late to-day to find the enemy. The State troop Colonels, Calles and Bracamente, from Agua Prieta, were reported within only nine miles of the border port. Ojeda expects assistance from Cananea, where a Federal garrison of 200 or 300 men is stationed, but the Cananea Federals have permitted State troops to enter the mining town, and so far have not moved to the assistance of their comrades at Naco.

Gen. Ojeda previously had evacuated Agua Prieta before a strong advance by State troops. His retreat to Chihuahua is cut off, and the news that Nogales has fallen makes his position still more difficult. To retreat south, he is sure to encounter the strong groups of Constitutionalists roaming the interior country.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, March 14.—Carranza leaders in Piedras Negras deny positively there is any truth in the reported capture and death of Gov. Carranza. They profess to have received telegrams from him this morning. An American mining engineer who left Monclova early to-day said, on his arrival here, that Gov. Carranza was safe and well.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—Plutarco Ornelase, Mexican Consul here, received to-day a telegram from Francisco de la Barra, Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Mexico, denying that the States of San Luis Potosi and Aguas Calientes had revolted. Regarding the political situation, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs said:

With the exception of the authorities of the State of Sonora, who are occupying a certain part of the State, the balance of the country has recognized and submitted to the Federal Government.

EL PASO, March 14.—With Sonora practically in the power of the anti-Administration troops, the State of Chihuahua was by no means peaceful to-day. Reports reached here to-night of skirmishes between Federals and Constitutionalistas in the district between Parral and Chihuahua City. Various expeditions are bound for the interior to assist the revolting troops in their warfare against the Huerta soldiery. Col. Francisco Villa, formerly a Madero leader, has been joined in the field by Juan Dozal, who was second in command of Orozco's forces in the Madero revolution. Villa and Dozal are making for the Guerrero district, west of Chihuahua City, where they expect to recruit a strong force of former Maderistas.

Gen. Jose Inez Salazar, who announced recently that he was against Provisional President Huerta, is moving toward Juarez from Palomas, below the New Mexico border. He has fully 300 well armed, mounted, and provisioned men, according to Mormon settlers who have visited his camp. Juarez is defended by not more than 300 Federal regulars.

Below Chihuahua City the Mexican Central Railway is almost demolished as far as the junction of the Parral Division. The Mexican Northwestern Railway is out of commission below Juarez and also on the Chihuahua City Division.

In skirmishes below Chihuahua City, on the Central Line, Federal troops were driven back on two occasions. Belated advices from the south report almost continual fighting since the Constitutionalistas' attack on Parral last week, which was repulsed only after two days' desperate fighting.

TELLS ZAPATA TO YIELD.

Orozco's Order Expected to Bring Rebel Leader to Huerta's Aid.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, March 14.—Pascual Orozco, Sr., leaves to-morrow, accompanied by Ramon Oliveros, to find Emiliano Zapata, leader of the rebels in the South, and give him the instructions of his chief, Pascual Orozco, Jr. A messenger from Zapata had called on Orozco and informed him that he recognized him as the leader of the revolution and asked instructions. Orozco answered: "Come in and help to establish peace. Come personally to the capital or send an authorized representative to arrange terms." It is believed that the fact that Zapata was waiting for orders from Orozco without the knowledge of the latter accounts for his inactivity and his failure to communicate with the Government. It is thought now that the affair will soon be ended and that his troops will be available and probably will be sent to Sonora.

The news from Coahuila is unreliable. The Government is reticent, but private advices here indicate that the road between Eagle Pass and Monclova is still in the hands of rebel bands. Some bridges have been burned near Bustamente. The train leaving here to-night goes by way of Monterey and possibly will be intercepted, although the reports here are to the effect that the rebels are only after arms and ammunition and are committing no depredations.

Col. Martinez, a former associate of the bandit Villa, is in the field near Santa Rosalia, north of Chihuahua, cutting railroad lines, and interrupting traffic.

Gen. Candido Aguilar, former commander of the Rurales, has revolted near Pedricena, Durango, and is burning bridges there.

Reports from Sonora are untrustworthy. The Government refuses to entertain the idea that the Sinaloa secession movement is connected with the Sonora revolts in spite of the many rumors to that effect.

The crisis in the Cabinet, due to the rival candidacies for Vice President, has been tided over temporarily by the diplomacy of Francisco de la Barra, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The interference of the American Army officer in the fight at Nogales, when he ordered a bugler to sound the Mexican call for "cease firing," called forth unfavorable comments in army circles resulting in some bad feeling. Government officials state that they have no information concerning the incident and refuse to make any statement at present.

Felix Sommerfeld, chief of Madero's spies, who has been a refugee at the German Legation since the fall of Madero, left this morning under guard of secret agents, promising never to return to the country. He was an object of much hatred among persons here owing to the fact that he was implicated in many arrests of United States and Mexican refugees.

OBEY HUERTA, SAYS PORFIRIO.

NAPLES, March 14.—Gen. Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, who arrived here yesterday from Egypt, has sent instructions to his followers to support Provisional President Victoriano Huerta. He also directed them to work for the re-establishment of peace throughout the Mexican republic.

ATTACK ON US STIRS CUBAN ASSEMBLY

Speaker Obtains an Inquiry Into Whether Our Amnesty Protest Hurt Island's Sovereignty.

NEW AMNESTY BILL PASSED

Is Restricted to Pardoning Negroes Involved in Late Revolution and Political Prisoners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 14.—After the reading of President Gomez's veto of the Amnesty bill to-day the House passed a new bill granting amnesty to negro prisoners and others guilty of political crimes before Jan. 1.

Speaker Ferrara, who made a hot speech resenting foreign interference, introduced a resolution, which was passed, appointing a commission to investigate "if it is true that the Government of the United States has made demands from Cuba which may be regarded as injuring her sovereignty."

HAVANA, March 14.—The message of President Gomez vetoing the Amnesty bill was read in both houses of Congress this afternoon. The message did not contain the slightest reference to the recent frequent energetic remonstrances from Washington concerning the bill. It merely stated that President Gomez, after a most careful study of the measure, saw inconsistencies in various chapters which possibly would lead to legal controversies. Therefore, the Executive thought it best to veto the measure.

The message recommended the preparation of a new bill which would extend amnesty to the prisoners taken in the recent racial revolution in the Province of Oriente, and also to certain offenders against the laws regulating the press, but exempting from amnesty those charged with offenses against the representatives of foreign powers.

Col. Orestes Ferrara, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, lauded President Gomez for basing his objections to the bill on inconsistencies in the law and ignoring the American objection to the measure, of which, he said, the House officially had no knowledge. Col. Ferrara then offered a motion to lay on the table that portion of the Presidential message relating to general offenses and accept immediately the suggestions regarding political offenses, especially the one including amnesty for the prisoners of the late insurrection, and to send the bill to the Senate. This motion passed almost unanimously.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The action of the Cuban lower house of Congress today in passing another amnesty bill, restricted this time to the negroes imprisoned for their participation in the revolution in the eastern part of the island last year, and to those imprisoned for political offenses, caused no surprise in Washington.

This Government, it is believed, will not be satisfied with such an adjustment of the matter. It is too early to say whether another demand will be made on the Cuban Government, but it is likely that the Cuban Congress will be asked to make assurance doubly sure by repealing the first amnesty act. This appears to be necessary from the fact that President Gomez signed that act, which in all probability gives it a status as a law that could not be overcome by his veto.

The Constitution of Cuba, in effect, is similar to that of the United States as to the adoption and promulgation of laws. Under the decisions of the United States Supreme Court, an act becomes effective as soon as signed, and does not depend on promulgation by the State Department to go into effect.

There is an apprehension here that ultimately—probably when some of the men who have been profiting by graft under the Gomez administration are prosecuted—the question will be taken to the Supreme Court of Cuba, that so much of the first amnesty act as was not repealed by the terms of the second act became law, and that the objectionable pardons embraced in the first act have actually been granted by the Congress. In that event the United States would be powerless to act, and the Menocal Government would be unable to prosecute the offenders.

MRS. MADERO ARRIVES.

Widow of Mexican President and His Mother on Fogbound Boat.

The Ward liner Monterey arrived late yesterday from Vera Cruz and Havana and anchored outside the Amrose Channel Lightship in the fog. If the weather clears during the night the vessel will be at her dock early this morning.

Among her passengers are Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, whose husband arrived a week ago, and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the widow of the former President of the Mexican Republic.

Ernesto Madero has moved with his wife and four children from the Hotel Ansonia to 435 Riverside Drive, where he has taken a furnished apartment. His brother, Francisco, has also moved from his hotel to stay with friends, and will meet his wife at the pier when she arrives here to-day. Mrs. Madero, his daughter-in-law, will stay with them, it was said.

A wireless message was received last night at the Quarantine station that J. Carr, a passenger on the Monterey, had been stricken with appendicitis, and an arrangement had been made to remove him at 5:30 A. M. to the Smith Infirmary on Staten Island.

FINDS COURT TOO SPEEDY.

Appellate Division Orders New Trial and Criticises Justice Scudder.

Speed in trying a case was criticised by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, Second Judicial Department, yesterday, in ordering a retrial of a case which came before Justice Townsend Scudder in Brooklyn several months ago. His method in the suit of Samuel Dreyer, a candy salesman of 393 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, against Samuel and Barnet Ershowsky was censured by the higher court.

The opinion of the Appellate Division, which was written by Justice Rich, says that the role of inquisitor assumed by Justice Scudder in the trial was "highly improper." The opinion says:

The learned Justice who presided at the trial took it upon himself to conduct the examination of witnesses, and we feel that in taking from counsel, who was undoubtedly familiar with the case and knew what he expected to prove by his witnesses, the opportunity of trying his case, the plaintiff has been deprived of his day in court.

On Sept. 6, 1907, Dreyer, the plaintiff in the suit, was knocked down and trampled upon by a runaway horse driven by Samuel Ershowsky, at Forsyth and Delancey Streets, Manhattan. He sued Ershowsky Brothers, who are in business at 111 Second Street, and in the trial before Justice Scudder the jury returned a verdict in favor of the defendants. In appealing the case, Herman Gottlieb, attorney for Dreyer, said that his client did not have an opportunity to present his side of the case properly because of the attitude of Justice Scudder. The attorney asserted that when he protested against the Justice acting as inquisitor of his witnesses he was told by the Court to keep quiet.

On this phase of the case Justice Rich says:

While it is true that the manner in which a witness shall be examined is largely in the discretion of the trial Judge, it must be understood that we have not adopted in this country the practice of making the presiding Justice the chief inquisitor. It is better to observe our time-honored custom of orderly procedure, even at the expense of occasional delays, and while we realize the commendable zeal which prompted the learned Justice to expedite litigation, it must not be forgotten that a trial of a lawsuit is an important event to the parties, and that they must not only receive justice, but must be made to know that justice is being administered.

Recently a committee of the Brooklyn Bar Association asked Justice Scudder to stop trying to "speed up" trials in his court. The Justice in his reply declined to change his method of conducting cases before him.

LEFT MAWSON IN ANTARCTIC.

Most of His Men at Hobart—Hurricane Prevented Embarking Leader.

HOBART, Tasmania, March 14.—The antarctic exploration ship Aurora returned here to-day with twenty-four out of the thirty-two members of the expedition commanded by Dr. Douglas Mawson. The Aurora will remain here until the antarctic Spring, which begins at the end of the year, and then proceed to Adelaide Land to bring home Dr. Mawson and five other members of his party, who have ample supplies of food to last them until they are relieved.

Of the original party Lieut. B. E. S. Ninnes of the Royal Fusiliers and Dr. Xavier Merz died in the polar regions.

The officers of the Aurora say they were unable to embark Dr. Mawson's party, owing to a hurricane. To have waited longer in the South would have endangered the lives of Dr. Wilde and his sledging party of eight men, who were on a dangerous glacier, waiting to be taken off before the sea froze again. They were rescued on Feb. 23. Then, owing to the lateness of the season, the Aurora was obliged to hurry back to Hobart, as she was running short of provisions.

Dr. Wilde took possession on behalf of Great Britain of all the coast from Kaiser Wilhelmland to the 101st degree east longitude, and named it King George the Fifth Land.

B. Altman & Co.

have received an Exclusive Importation of the celebrated Russian Perfumes and Colognes of A. Rallet et Cie, of Moscow, perfumers to the Imperial Court of Russia.

B. Altman & Co.

will hold the following Special Sales this day (Saturday):

Children's Coats, Boys' and Misses' Gloves, Boys' Suits, Reefers and Blouses, Boys' Furnishings, Men's English Overcoats and Raincoats, and Imported Celluloid Toilet Articles; also Women's Semi-made Plaited Skirts of Veiling.

Shoe Department

Special attention is directed to Footwear for Misses and Children

All Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps for the younger set are made on approved lasts, constructed especially to meet the requirements of juvenile feet, and the individual attention of expert fitters is made a special feature of the department service.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

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Lexington to 3d Avenue 59th to 60th St., N.Y.

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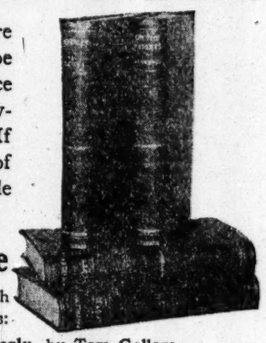
Thousands of volumes that were double our price and more are to be sacrificed in this Annual Clearance event. Romance, fiction, history, travel stories, etc., are in the selection. If you want to gather a good collection of books at little cost, this Bloomingdale Book Sale will help you to do it:



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Dodo, by E. F. Benson.
Tatterly, by Tom Gallon.
The Widower, by Norris.
The Dancer in Yellow, by Norris.
The Reproach of Annesley, by Maxwell Gray.
The Game and the Candle, by Broughton.
Colonel Enderby's Wife, by Lucas Malet.

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FRIEDMANN COMING BACK, ENCOURAGED

Tells Canadians He Has Excellent Reports from His New York Patients.

READY FOR FEDERAL TESTS

First American He Treated in Berlin Cables to Pittsburgh That He Has Been Cured.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, March 14.—Shortly before Dr. F. F. Friedmann left here for London, Ontario, to-night he said he had received most encouraging reports regarding cases he treated before leaving New York.

"I shall be deeply interested in observing these patients when I return there on Sunday," he said. Asked whether he expected to conduct further clinics in New York, the doctor emphatically declared that he did. He explained that privileges of three hospitals had been placed at his disposal, and that the opposition which embarrassed him on his arrival from Germany evidently had disappeared.

"I am more confident than ever that my discovery will be recognized within a short time," he said.

Dr. Friedmann treated more than seventy patients in Toronto to-day. Twenty of these were children, five of the latter being from one family. The adult patients were treated in the pathological building and the others in the children's hospital. Treatment was denied to only three applicants. These recently had suffered from hemorrhages, and Dr. Friedmann said it would not be safe to apply the vaccine to them.

One of the patients he treated to-day was suffering from tuberculosis of the kidneys. One kidney had been removed by a surgeon recently and the other was badly affected. Several physicians saw the vaccine applied to this patient, a young woman, and Dr. Friedmann told them she would recover.

CABLES HE IS CURED.

Pittsburgh Doctor, Treated by Friedmann in Berlin, Says He's Well.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, March 14.—In a cipher cablegram received here to-day, Dr. Davis S. McCann of Pittsburgh, the first American patient treated by Dr. Friedmann in Berlin, declares he has been cured of tuberculosis. Quoting Dr. C. L. Schleich, who has charge of Dr. Freidmann's patients, Dr. McCann says "there is practically no tuberculosis in you now. You are almost entirely cured, and I will pronounce you wholly cured soon. I say this on my scientific honor and as if I were under oath in a court of justice."

Dr. McCann adds:

"I am convinced that I am escaping from the clutches of the disease that cursed the last three years of my life."

Dr. McCann says he went to Dr. J. S. Ruben of Pittsburgh, who is at the Anglo-American Medical Society headquarters in Berlin, and asked for a physical examination. He quotes Dr. Ruben as saying after the examination:

"I have gone over every organ carefully and find you sound, strong, and vigorous."

Dr. McCann asserts that his condition is so improved that there can be no doubt of the cure. The message has created a profound impression upon thousands who have been following Dr. McCann's case since he left here three months ago.

READY FOR FEDERAL TESTS.

Government Surgeons Here Arranging for Friedmann's Coming.

Preparations are under way for the Government test of the tuberculosis cure of Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann. The German physician will arrive from Canada on Sunday, according to Dr. A. C. H. Friedmann, his brother, and as soon as possible the histories of the dozen or more cases selected for treatment will be submitted to him.

Dr. Friedmann is to select his own patients, for it is the intention of the Government to leave him unhampered. Several patients known to be suffering from tuberculosis have been examined, and their histories are being prepared for the doctor. From this group Dr. Friedmann will select the ones he wishes to treat with his vaccine.

Dr. John F. Anderson, head of the Government Hygienic Laboratory, reached New York last night from Washington. The official tests will be under the supervision of Dr. Anderson and Dr. Arthur Stimson of the Public Health Service.

The Health Department of this city is taking no official interest in Dr. Friedmann. Commissioner Lederle made that clear yesterday. The Health Commissioner believes that the tests being made by the Federal Government will be thorough, and will cover every phase of the treatment, which will be accepted or rejected upon the report of the Government officials. If the vaccine proves of benefit the Health Department will take it up and apply it practically.

BENEFIT FOR HOSPITAL.

Concert on March 30 to Aid Far Rockaway Institution.

A meeting of the committee in charge of the plans for the jubilee concert and entertainment for the benefit of St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, to be given at the Cort Theatre on March 30, was held at the Hotel Knickerbocker last evening.

Although St. Joseph's Hospital is conducted by Sisters of a Catholic order, the movement for this much-needed benefit was inaugurated by non-Catholics, and the committee in charge is non-denominational. There is a mortgage on St. Joseph's Hospital of $86,000, and it was said last night that Sister Nicetas, the Superintendent, had reported that she was entirely without funds, and that a first payment on the mortgage would have to be made not later than May 1.

John Cort has given the use of his theatre, entirely free of all expenses for ushers, lighting, heating, music, and so on, and among the talent who have already donated their services to the cause are Margaret Illington, Ben Greet, Louise Gunning, Laurette Taylor, Roy Atwell, Craig Campbell, Vera De Rosa, and Melville Stuart, the last four by permission of Arthur Hammerstein.

Tickets for the performance may be obtained at the box office of the Cort Theatre, or from Henry Fluegelman, 299 Broadway, Chairman of the committee; John J. Halpin, 62 Reade Street, treasurer, and Miss Henrietta Lazarus, 114 West 137th Street, secretary.

Baseball on a Skyscraper Roof.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Skyscraper baseball 200 feet above the street level is played by employes in the main building of the Chicago Telephone Company with the coming of mild weather. A baseball diamond has been laid out on the roof and two teams organized. Every day at noon the teams play a few innings. The diamond is inclosed by a six-foot wall, and the roof is so large that no one has yet been able to bat the in-door ball out of the "grounds."

MUST STAND ALONE, DECLARES ROOSEVELT

Tells Philadelphians That Progressives in Congress Should Act Apart.

WHY FLINN IS AN ALLY

Colonel Says Boss Told Him He Wanted the United States Fit for His Children to Live In.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—In a speech before the Electoral College Association of Pennsylvania, whose guest he was at dinner in the Bellevue-Stratford to-night, ex-President Roosevelt asserted amid shouts of approval that the time had come when the Progressives in Congress should stand as a separate party. If there were not more than half a dozen Representatives, he said, it was important that they let the country know that they intended to act as an organization.

Just before this utterance he lauded the contribution made to the Progressive Party cause in Pennsylvania by William Flinn, and said that he felt it an honor to stand and applaud the message the Pittsburgh man had sent to the toastmaster, William Wilhelm. Then he related a conversation he had held with Mr. Flinn, of whom he asked his reasons for allying himself with the new party, and was told that Mr. Flinn did so because he wanted to see the United States put into such a condition politically that it would be a fit place for his children to live in.

Mr. Roosevelt spoke briefly, and added nothing to his platform for social and industrial justice. He dealt rather in platitudes and sermonized on political reform. There was much of praise for the work of the Progressive cause done in Pennsylvania, which State, he said, was leading the Nation in the new crusade.

Others who spoke were Clyde Kelly, Congressman-elect from Pittsburgh; Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott, daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, author of the "Battle Hymn of the Republic;" Judge Charles Brumm, of Schuylkill County, and ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge, who made the principal address of the evening.

Fully 600 persons attended the dinner, all parts of the State being represented, while prominent Progressives from neighboring States also attended. One-fourth of the guests were women, and so frequent were the approving references to equal rights that the meeting indorsed woman suffrage, delighting the suffragists and evoking from them some of the heartiest demonstrations of the function.

Mr. Roosevelt said in part:

"We have had three great movements in the United States. They were at the time when the Nation was founded, the time when it was saved, and the third is the time when it is being dedicated anew to the lives of average men and women. In the first crisis, Virginia and Massachusetts led; in the second, the State of Lincoln and Grant—Indiana—led, and the third is led by the Keystone State.

"The next time there is a Progressive National Convention, the greatest number of delegates will come from Pennsylvania, and they will be counted fairly, too."

Lightning Kills Man and Horse.

BALTIMORE, March 14.—J. Louis Sampson, a wealthy Chicago business man, was killed by lightning near his new country home on the Patuxent River in St. Mary's County, Md., to-day, when riding to his mail box. His horse also was killed.

20 Year Term for Student's Slayer.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 14.—Alphose Prince, convicted on his own confession of murder in the second degree for the killing of Frank Bentley, a Cornell student, was sentenced this morning to a minimum of twenty years in Auburn Prison.

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ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE BOOK SALES yet held in this city is ready in the Loeser Store this morning.

More than ten thousand volumes—chiefly books of permanent worth in the libraries of students and general readers are concerned.

In most instances these books are overstocks and ends of editions from such publishers as the Grolier Society, the Century Company, Scribner's, Doubleday, Page & Co., Houghton Mifflin Co.

There are also several thousand volumes from Harpers, which this publishing house decided to dispose of on account of the expiration of the lease of one of their warerooms and the necessity to move the books therein speedily.

It is impossible to list all of the Books in the sale; but the following will give some idea of the character of the books concerned and the very low price.

The Dutch Founding of New York, by Thomas A. Janvier; illustrated with reproductions of rare photographs, plans, etc. A delightful history of the early days of the Dutch settlements in America; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.50; at **75c.**

Camp Life Library, two volumes. Two Little Savages, by Ernest Thompson Seton; and A Woman Tenderfoot, by Grace Gallatin Thompson Seton. The two volumes in a box; 8vo; Doubleday, Page & Co.; published at $3; at **$1** a set.

The Middle Ages, by Henry Hallam, in two volumes; 12mo; Armstrong & Son; published at $3; at **75c** a set.

Fifty Years Ago, by Walter Besant; a picture of society as it was in England when Queen Victoria ascended the throne; illustrated; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.50; at **50c.**

Picture and Text, by Henry James, with 8 illustrations; 16mo; Harpers; published at $1; at **25c.**

Jingles of a Jap, by Clara Bell Thurston; a delightful book for children, with many colored illustrations; 8vo; Boston; published at $1.25; at **25c.**

The Gems of the East, Sixteen Thousand Miles of Research Travel Among Wild and Tame Tribes of Enchanting Islands; by A. Henry Savage Landor, with numerous illustrations. A most complete work on the ethnology, civil and political conditions in the Philippines; 8vo; Harpers; published at $4; at **90c.**

Hawthorne and His Circle, by Julian Hawthorne; illustrated; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.25; at **75c.**

The Tragedy of Hamlet, by William Shakespeare; with illustrations by Howard Chandler Christy; 12mo; Dodd, Mead & Co.; published at $1.50; at **25c.**

Tennyson's Suppressed Poems, edited and annotated by J. C. Thompson. The poems have been gathered from old periodicals and suppressed editions in the British Museum and elsewhere; 12mo; Harpers; published at $1.25; at **35c.**

Through the Looking Glass, by Lewis Carroll, with full-page illustrations by by Peter Newell; 8vo; Harpers; published at $3; at **$1.**

The Hunting of the Snark and Other Poems, by Lewis Carroll; illustrated by Peter Newell; 8vo; Harpers; published at $3; at **$1.**

The Expert Maid Servant, by Christine Terhune Herrick; 16mo; Harpers; published at $1; at **25c.**

Just for Two; A Collection of Recipes Designed for Two Persons; compiled by Amelie Langdon; 12mo; H. W. Wilson Co.; published at $1.25; at **25c.**

Ceramic Literature; An Analytical Index to the Works Published in All Languages on the History and the Technology of the Ceramic Art; also the catalogues of public museums and private collections, etc.; compiled, classified and described by M. S. Solon; 4to; J. B. Lippincott Co.; bound in half leather; published at $15; at **$7.**

The Dawn of the Nineteenth Century in England, A Social Sketch of the Times; by John Ashton; with 114 illustrations; 12mo; London; published at $1.50; at **50c.**

The Technique of Sculpture, by William Ordway Partridge; with many illustrations; 12mo; Ginn & Co.; published at $1.20; at **60c.**

The Wheel of Time and Other Stories, by Henry James; 16mo; Harpers; published at $1; at **25c.**

The Wooing of Malkatoon, by Lew Wallace; with numerous illustrations; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.50; at **50c.**

From Poet to Premier, the Centennial Cycle, 1809-1909; Poe, Lincoln, Holmes, Darwin, Tennyson, Gladstone; by Thomas R. Slicer, M. A.; illustrated with six etchings by C. X. Harris; 8vo; The Grolier Society; published at $3; at **$1.25.**

The Line of Love, by James Branch Cabell; illustrated in color by Howard Pyle; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2; at **50c.**

The Ship's Company and Other Sea People, by J. D. Jerrold Kelley. Glimpses of sea-life ranging from the after-deck of the palatial steam yacht to the stoke-hole of the ocean greyhound; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.50; at **50c.**

Port Tarascon, by Alphonse Daudet; translated by Henry James; numerous illustrations; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.50; at **75c.**

Roman Holidays, by William Dean Howells; with 48 full-page illustrations; 8vo; Harpers; published at $3; at **90c.**

Partisan Life with Col. John S. Mosby, by Major John Scott; with portraits and engravings on wood; also a map of the Mosby confederacy; 8vo; Harpers; published at $3.50; at **50c.**

Gallantry, by James Branch Cabell; illustrated in color by Howard Pyle; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2; at **50c.**

From Sail to Steam—Recollections of Naval Life; by Captain A. T. Mahan; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2.25; at **50c.**

Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln, by Distinguished Men of His Time; collected and edited by Allen T. Rice; 8vo; Harpers; published at $2; at **50c.**

Portraits in Plaster from the Collection of Laurence Hutton; the illustrations of some seventy casts of mighty men and women taken after death; 8vo; Harpers; published at $6; at **$1.**

English Spelling and Spelling Reform, by Thomas R. Lounsbury. The book is written in easy conversational style and is full of anecdotes and allusions which make it entertaining as well as instructive; 12mo; Harpers; published at $1.50; at **25c.**

Books at 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c and Upward

A miscellaneous collection of Books consisting chiefly of the leading publishers' samples and slightly damaged Books.

There are, for instance, a number of volumes of Mark Twain's works at half a dollar a volume.

There are a large number of Novels at 10c and 15c a volume.

There are many Books for boys and girls at 10c a volume.

Altogether it is one of the best miscellaneous lots of Books we ever had to dispose of for such low prices.

Library of J. A. F. Da Costa, Minister from Brazil Books on South America : A Sale for Collectors

Mr. Da Costa, formerly Minister from Brazil to the United States, spent much time and money in gathering a library of books on South America, many of which are very rare and not to be purchased, even when discovered, except at large expense.

We now have this private library of about 500 volumes to disperse at our usual moderate prices, and the occasion is one which should be of large interest to book collectors, libraries, etc.

The following few items are typical of the interest and rarity of the Books in the Sale:

Rerum per Octenium in Brasilia, by C. Barlaeus, 1647; **$65.**

Relation de la Riviere des Amazones, by C. de Acuna; 2 vols., 1682; **$35.**

Note—Hiersemann of Leipzig asks 310 marks ($77.50) for a perfect copy. This copy lacks map.

De Nieuwe en Onbekende Weereld, 1671; by A. Montanus; **$65.**

Note—The view of New York is a brilliant impression.

Istoria della guerre del regno del Brasile, by G. G. di S. Teresa, 1698; **$35.**

Note—Baer of Frankfort asks $50 for a copy of this book.

Nova Lusitania, Historia Guerra Brasilica, by F. de B. Freyre, 1675; **$25.**

Guineische und West-Indianische Reissbeschresbring, by M. Hemmersam, 1663; **$35.**

Revista Trimensal de Historia e Geographico on Journal do Instituto Historica Geographico Braziliero. Vols. 1 to 41 inclusive. Lacks two of the later numbers. Very scarce; **$150.**

Malerische Reise in Brasilien, by M. Rugendas, 1827. 107 plates; should be 114; **$20.**

Note—Hiersemann of Leipzig asks $30 for a later edition with only 100 plates.

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Some of them are trimmed with real Cluny lace, some with high grade Valenciennes, and some with insertions in an allover pattern of fancy net; some have hand-embroidered panels, some hand-embroidered revers. A number have adornments of velvet and satin ribbon.

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TWO WERE LOST WHEN LIGHTER SANK

Eleven of the Crew of the Wyckoff Picked Up by Heroine While Search Went On.

THE CAPTAINS DO NOT AGREE

One Says He Signaled and the Other Replies That Wyckoff Did Not Carry Proper Lights.

The outward-bound steamship which ran down and sank the steam lighter Wyckoff a quarter of a mile off Governors Island shortly before midnight Thursday was found yesterday morning tied up safe and sound at Brady's ice dock near Stapleton, S. I.

The vessel was the Heroine, once the flagship of the New York Yacht Club, and now converted into a humble trawler and assigned to duty as a fishing steamer on the Grand Banks. From below-decks on the Heroine shortly after daylight there came twelve men who yawned a little after a rather restless night and put off across Brady's dock toward a Staten Island ferry boat. These were Capt. Clayton Conway and eleven of the crew of the Wyckoff—all of the ship's list save the cook and the firemen, who were probably drowned, and Jeff Royster, the negro deck-hand who was picked up by a boat from the Municipal ferryboat Queens, twenty minutes after the Wyckoff sank.

Shortly after Capt. Conway had departed from the Heroine, taking his eleven rescued companions with him, Capt. George F. Steele of the Heroine also started for Manhattan. Both captains were bent on obeying a rule of the sea which took no account of how many anxious "land-lubbers" were left to work on the task of making possible rescues or sending out warnings to look out for men adrift on wreckage in the bay.

Their first duty, as they saw it, was to report to their respective companies, and to say no word in advance of making their report. It was for this reason that neither captain notified the police last night of the rescue of the Wyckoff's men, although the police boat Patrol and Police Launch No. 4 were kept out through the whole of a foggy night because of the failure to receive word of the rescue.

Capt. Conway went direct to the offices of the New York and New Jersey Steam Lighter Company under the Brooklyn bridge and there told his story of the collision. Capt. Steele went to the offices of the Heroine Company, at 52 Pine Street, and there told a story differing materially from the version of Capt. Conway.

The two stories made a direct issue as to the facts which United States steamboat inspectors sought later in the day to reconcile at a hearing at Stapleton, S. I. It was probable, from the testimony given at the hearing, that there would be some difficulty in fixing the responsibility for the collision.

Said Capt. Steele of the Heroine:

"With a crew of twenty-two men I was outward-bound to the Grand Banks. I was feeling my way through the thick fog when a little off Robbin's Reef I saw two white lights on my port bow. I saw no port or starboard lights, so I felt sure the ship carrying the two white lights was anchored.

"But instead of being anchored she was going at a good rate and hove across our bow. When I saw she was moving it was too late to avoid a collision. I stood by while the Captain and eleven of the crew came aboard. I lowered two boats and threw over life belts. I hailed the ferryboat Queens and she rescued one man. We groped about in the dark and finally tied up at Stapleton."

The report that his port and starboard lights were not showing did not at all please Capt. Conway of the Wyckoff.

"I was an hour overdue at the company's dock under the Brooklyn Bridge," he said, "and this was because I was so cautious coming through the fog. I saw the Heroine when she was five minutes away from us. I gave one whistle, indicating that I would go to starboard. The Heroine did not answer. So I repeated, and this time got an answering blast from the Heroine. But the ship did not change her course. She came right into us and struck us on the port side. Of course my lights were burning properly. I sung out to the boys to jump for the ship that rammed us because I felt we were going down. Six of the men got aboard, and then four fell into the water as the Heroine began to pull away. Two were picked up and two cannot be accounted for. They are John Jones, the cook, and Delbert Hayer, a fireman."

The wreck of the Wyckoff was taken in charge yesterday by the United States Army Engineer Corps, on the ground that it was a menace to navigation. The army engineers will either dynamite the wreck or raise it.

When the Heroine was a pleasure yacht she bore the name of Aloha, and flew the flag of Commodore A. C. James of the New York Yacht Club. She is 160 feet over all, 30 feet beam, and of 250 tons. She was not damaged by the collision, which cut the Wyckoff in two.

WILSON WON'T BE "SILENT."

Tells Miss Foy the Country Will Know His Views as Soon as Formed.

President Wilson intends to let the country know his views on public questions as soon as he has formed them, according to Miss Mary Foy, a Democratic leader in California, who addressed the members of the Woman's Democratic Club, which, with the members of the Woman Suffrage Party of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, met at the home of Mrs. J. Hedges Crowell at 1,044 Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon. Miss Foy, who attended the inauguration, called upon the President and asked him for his views upon matters in general, not in regard to suffrage

"I am not going to be a silent President," he told her. "When I have a policy to advance, no one, from one end of the country to the other, will have any doubt as to what the President's opinion is."

Miss Foy said the privilege of voting had "vitalized" the women of California. She asserted that suffrage would come to the New York women with a rush and that they must prepare themselves for the vote so that when they obtained it their votes would count. They must never try to obtain new laws until they were familiar with the laws already existing, she said.

Mrs. John S. Crosby, President of the Democratic Club, presided, and at the close of the meeting refreshments were served.

SAVE WOMAN FROM GAS.

Note Sent to Guardsman Sends Her Friends to the Rescue.

At the request of a man, who said he was William A. Callahan of 660 Riverside Drive, Policemen Telke and McGann of the West 125th Street Station followed him into 619 West 127th Street and to the third floor, where he opened the door with a key, and, following the odor of gas, discovered a young woman unconscious in bed in a room into which gas was escaping from two jets in the chandelier. She was taken to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, and will recover.

Callahan said the young woman was his cousin, Mrs. Anna M. Gary, and that he had hurried to her home because his brother, J. J. Callahan, Adjutant of the Seventy-first Regiment, N. G. N. Y., had received a letter from her on reaching the armory for drill last night in which was inclosed a key to her apartment. The substance of the note led Callahan to fear that his cousin contemplated suicide. Unable to leave the armory, he sent his brother. The police finally learned that this letter read:

"Baby: Please forgive me but I cannot live without you, pet. Your own Baby even in death."

It was signed "Billie."

They also learned that up to two and a half months ago, Mrs. Gary had lived at 660 Riverside Drive and the superintendent there said that J. J. Callahan had had rooms in her apartment.

Mrs. Gary herself said she was the wife of Philip J. Gary, a retired real estate operator from whom she had separated on last Feb. 1 after having been married for five years.

$600 FOR A DRAKE PICTURE.

"Dutch Interior," by Jacob Ochtervelt, Brings the Highest Price.

An eighteenth century picture, "Dutch Interior," by Jacob Ochtervelt, brought the highest price in the sale of pictures in the Drake collection last evening, going to Fearon for $600. The pictures were charming, but many of them by little known artists, and the prices were most of them under $100. Fearon also paid $90 for a "Descent from the Cross," from the collection of Lady Molesworth, in an original carved and decorated frame.

Dr. Wilhelm B. Valentiner, Curator of Decorative Art of the Metropolitan Art Museum, paid $65 for a painting on copper, fish and birds, a cat in the background eating one of the fish. The "Portrait of a Lady" wearing a lace-trimmed black dress with a scarlet bodice, a French picture, went to Mrs. James for $165; Anderson paid $115 for a "Portrait of a Young Girl," by an unknown Spanish painter, and David Belasco gave $32.50 for a flower picture by Jan Van Os.

Two old finger rings of Spanish paste brought the highest price in the sale of rings in the afternoon, $62.50. The rings brought $1,597, the pictures $2,950, and the total to date is $17,909. More rings will be sold this afternoon.

The Cromwell

is our latest pattern. Note its sturdy simplicity. It will appeal to people of refined and artistic taste.

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has just made his long expected records—exclusively for the Columbia.

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And he goes further—his signature is inscribed on every record as an indication of his approval.

Among his eight selections is a record of the famous Brahms "Hungarian Dance," that you ought to hear. *Hear it!*

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The special list of Easter Records is now ready. Ask for it.

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LAFAYETTE ALUMNI DINE.

W. H. Hulick Succeeds C. T. Marvin as President of the Association.

The New York Alumni of Lafayette College held their annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last night. Dr. E. D. Warfield, President of the college, made the only address. The freshman class this year, he said, was the largest in the history of the college, and steps must be taken to meet the increased demands on the institution.

William H. Hulick was elected President of the alumni to succeed Charles T. Marvin. The other officers elected were Jesse Grant Roe, First Vice President; Charles S. Krick, Second Vice President; John D. Clarke, Treasurer, and John F. Valleant, Secretary.

Among those at the dinner were Schuyler B. Knox, President of the Lehigh Club of New York; Prof. J. Madison Porter, Dr. Alexander A. Smith, John Merkle, and William E. Baker. Stereopticon views of the college campus, prepared by Mr. Baker, were shown.

Boy Scouts Rally This Afternoon.

There is to be a rally of Boy Scouts of America at the Seventy-first Regiment, N. G. N. Y., Armory this afternoon under the auspices of the New York City Council. Last year nearly 4,000 boys took part in a similar rally, and it is hoped that the number present this year will be in excess of the former figure.

RIKER AND HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Another Famous Riker and Hegeman HALF PRICE SODA SALE

To-day, Saturday, March 15

Book of ten 5 cent checks, 25 cents. Not more than four books to one customer.

Our Soda has been known for many years as "Riker's Perfect Soda." And as our business has grown, we have continued to improve the Soda Fountains. Everything in the way of mechanical appliances has been provided that can add to the cleanliness, the speed of dispensing, and the careful preparations of the drinks. And equal care has been exercised in selecting the fountains themselves. They are acknowledged the most artistic and efficient in the city.

We employ experienced men to dispense our Soda. Our formulae are exclusive—prepared for us by several famous chefs. And every ingredient that goes into each drink has been carefully considered for purity and high quality.

The water used in our fountains is filtered by the best filters we can buy, and is carbonated by the best process.

The fruit juices we use are the pure syrups and juices of the choicest ripe fruits. We use no "concentrates" or other chemical makeshifts.

We make our own ice creams, and our ice cream plants are so clean and well kept as to make a perfect housekeeper jealous. There is a richness and smoothness and flavor to our ice cream that you will find nowhere else.

A corps of expert supervisors constantly guarding, suggesting, keeping the Soda Fountain in each Riker and Hegeman Store continually up to the high standard we have established.

We are proud of our Soda. We feel that our "Drink-Delights" cannot be equalled the world over. Our Sundaes are novel, delicious, skillfully prepared, daintily served. Our Hot Drinks are nutritious, tasty, and always piping hot.

If you do not know our Fountain drinks, today will be an exceptional opportunity for you to visit our stores.

HALF PRICE SODA

This special offer of our Perfect Soda at half price to-day is made to attract you to our Soda Fountains. Once you learn the delights of our delicious drinks, we are certain of having you as a regular patron.

Our regular Soda Fountain prices are:

Phosphates	5c
Plain Soda, with syrup and cream	5c
Moxie, Coca Cola, etc.	5c
Delicious Egg Drinks	10c
Malted Milk, all flavors	10c
Malted Milk, with egg	15c
Bouillons, with crackers	5c
Mineral Waters	5c up.
Ice Cream Sodas	10c
Sundaes	10c
Hot Coffee, with plain and whipped cream	5c
Hot Cocoa, with whipped cream	5c

TO-DAY you can buy a book of ten 5-cent soda checks for 25 cents; twenty 5-cent checks for 50 cents; forty 5-cent checks for $1.00. Not more than $1.00 worth of checks to one customer; checks must be used within the next thirty days, or before April 15th.

For the Fag End of That Cold

At this particular season colds seem to hang on with maddening persistence—the troublesome cough night and morning, the disagreeable aches when a chill wind strikes. Here are two old tested-and-proven remedies for just such cases. Endorsed by many users for many years.

Riker's Expectorant

Three generations of success have proven its value in the treatment of all inflammatory troubles of the pulmonary organs. After taking a 60c bottle, if you are not satisfied, return the empty bottle and your money will be refunded. The bottle, 25c and 60c.

Rikerdymons

A pastille of pleasant flavor; very effective as a remedy for hoarseness and sore throat. Widely used by public speakers and singers.

The box, 19c

Only ONE Day More

FREE: *Bijou bottle Dolce Mia Perfume with 50 cent jar of Violet Cerate*

Violet Cerate is indispensable for counteracting the damage done to the complexion by raw March winds. This is the time of year when the skin must suffer, unless it is given special care. Riker's Violet Cerate is a favorite of long standing. Softens and heals the skin, clears and tones the complexion. Porcelain jars, 50c. Trial size, 15c.

Dolce Mia is one of the new and entrancing Rigaud perfumes, laden with Spring fragrance—fresh from the out of doors. Extract, $1.50 and $7.50. Toilet Water, $3.50.

Riker's Beef, Iron and Wine

A tonic of unfailing benefit, containing all the ingredients essential for upbuilding the system. Especially effective when there is a run down condition resulting from illness or overwork. At all times an excellent stimulant for the appetite.

The bottle.... 50c

Riker's Compound Syrup of Senafig

A vegetable laxative. Senafig stimulates the secretions of the liver, kidneys and digestive organs, and tones up the muscular action of the bowels. In this way it has all the qualities of a natural laxative — prompt, effective and safe in action. Pleasant to take 35c

Riker's Sarsaparilla

The universal blood purifier; endorsed by constant users for a generation or more. The best preparation of its kind possible to obtain. Your satisfaction is guaranteed. Very large bottle 75c

Riker's Spring Tabs

The old-fashioned sulphur-and-cream-of-tartar combination was an effective spring tonic, but it was most unpleasant to take. Riker's Spring Tabs contain all the virtues of the old preparation, in pleasant form. Per box of 75 15c

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MAYOR SUMMONED ON LIBEL CHARGE

Magistrate Kernochan Acts on Ralph Pulitzer's Complaint That Dead Father Was Defamed.

HEARING HELD IN SECRET

Mayor Gaynor Ordered to Appear for Examination Next Friday—A Warrant Might Follow.

Magistrate Kernochan granted yesterday afternoon Ralph Pulitzer's application for a summons against Mayor William J. Gaynor for criminal libel.

The hearing on which the summons was issued took place behind closed doors in the library of the Board of City Magistrates in the old Police Headquarters building at 300 Mulberry Street. Reporters who had entered the room before the hearing began were driven out.

The secret session lasted twenty minutes. At its end, Clerk Bloch announced that Magistrate Kernochan had issued a summons calling upon Mayor Gaynor to appear before him on Thursday afternoon, March 21, at 4 o'clock, for a preliminary hearing. His failure to appear would result in the issuance of a warrant.

It was announced that George L. St. Clair, an officer of the Magistrates' Courts, would attempt to serve the summons on Mayor Gaynor this morning at the City Hall, and in the event the Mayor should not appear, would revisit the City Hall on Monday.

There was no representative of the Mayor at the hearing. A half dozen persons were admitted to the room. At least four of these were witnesses. Howard Taylor, lawyer for The New York World in libel actions, was another. Mr. Taylor disclaimed a knowledge of the number of witnesses, and asserted no testimony had been taken. He said he had not been instrumental in having reporters barred from the hearing.

According to those in the room, no testimony was taken, and the witnesses merely swore that they had verified their affidavits submitted by Mr. Taylor at a previous hearing before a notary.

Magistrate Kernochan did not reveal the contents of the affidavits. He admitted reporters to the library for a moment to state that he had issued the summons. He said he had taken no judicial cognizance of Ralph Pulitzer's public statement after the first hearing, in which this paragraph appeared:

"I may add that after the amazing experience through which I have been in the past few days in trying to find an unsubservient Magistrate to administer justice I am determined not to be balked by any legal quibble or technicality, but if necessary to go to the highest court competent to take cognizance of this crime of defaming the dead."

Elsewhere in his statement, Mr. Pulitzer said he had been moved to bring the proceedings against the Mayor by his attack upon his father, the late Joseph Pulitzer, whom he succeeded as Director of The New York World. The speech in which the attack was made was delivered on Feb. 4 before the South Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

JOHNS JEWELRY SOLD.

Gold Necklace in the Form of a Snake Brings $485.

A gold necklace in the form of a snake with articulated joints, the head of chased and engraved gold set with pigeon blood rubies and diamonds, brought next to the highest price of the afternoon at the Johns sale at the Anderson Galleries yesterday, going to a buyer giving the name of Hatch for $485. The same buyer paid $100 for a gold and carnelian bracelet and $110 for a topaz necklace. Alexander Morton gave $72.50 for a cameo set, necklace, bracelet, brooch, and a pair of earrings.

A second gold snake necklace, the clasp in the form of a serpent's head of turquoise enamel set with diamond, the eyes with cut rubies, was sold on order for $490. H. Townsend paid $100 for a third snake necklace and one in gold and turquoise was sold on order for $265. A snake necklace with the enamel imperfect sold on order for $100.

Two antique tapestries went to A. Beekman for $285. He bought a mahogany Chippendale cabinet for $350, and a lady's walnut writing desk for $160. The returns for the afternoon were $5,830.

The French colored prints were sold in the evening. The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

SOUTH AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

Appears To-day for the First Time as a Semi-Monthly.

The South American, which announces itself as "a journal for all interested in South American affairs," will make its first appearance as a semi-monthly magazine here to-day. The initial number of the journal contains a foreword explaining its scope and its purpose of bringing about in this country a better understanding of the countries of South America, and of showing the rich opportunities offered by them for the investment of American capital. With the opening of the Panama Canal, it is explained, these opportunities will be brought more than ever within reach of the business of the United States, and the present situation in which the bulk of South American trade goes to European countries may be changed.

The new journal in its first number contains articles on Latin America as a field for United States capital and enterprise, and articles descriptive of conditions in Brazil, Colombia, Argentina, and other South American countries. It is published by Wing B. Allen, editor and manager, of 1,133 Broadway, and is said by him to be the only publication of the sort in English in this country, with the exception of the publication issued by the Pan-American Union at Washington.

CALLS GAYNOR DANGEROUS.

Greenwich Pastor Says Mayor Is Bad Element in City's Government.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., March 14.—"The New York City Government, though today cursed with Gaynorism on the outside, is on the inside the most efficient Government New York ever had," said the Rev. C. F. Taylor, pastor of the Congregational Church of Greenwich, last night, addressing an audience here on the subject of "Commission Government."

Mr. Taylor spent half his life in New York, being connected with a church in the market section and with Pilgrim Chapel in Brooklyn.

"New York City is practically run by commissioners," he said. "It is to-day both better and worse than it ever has been in its history. It is infinitely better in the administrative departments, especially in its financial administration, largely as a result of the work of the Bureau of Municipal Research.

"But the legislative and supervisory oversight carried on by Mayor Gaynor has not been an improvement. The centralization of power under Mayor Gaynor, the despotic use of that power, and the control of it by interested forces are greater than ever before.

"Gaynor is the most dangerous man New York has had as Mayor in years. He has usurped the functions of various departments, and has tried to run the whole 'shebang' from start to finish. He has recently been dominating the subway situation, regardless of everybody and everything.

"So I say New York is infinitely worse in that the bad elements of city life are centred and control the Government at its head as they never did before."

ASSAIL THE CLOSED SHOP.

Kirby and Bryce Denounce the Principle at New York University Forum.

A sharp attack upon closed shop unionism was made yesterday afternoon before the New York University Forum by John Kirby, Jr., President of the National Association of Manufacturers, and Joseph W. Bryce, President of the Trades and Workers' Association. Mr. Kirby, who spoke from the viewpoint of the employer, even accused the closed shop of being responsible, in a measure, for the high cost of living, and asserted that its main purpose was to establish a trust of the most vicious and dangerous type which, if permitted to progress to its logical culmination, would result in incalculable injury to all citizens, its own members included.

"But no institution having brute force and dynamite as its base of support can long endure in this country," he said. "A part of the people will tolerate it for a while, a part of the people will not tolerate it at all and, by and by, when its relation to the welfare of all the people is better understood, public sentiment will enforce its retirement.

"I venture the prediction that the exponents of the closed shop will not tell you anything about the inner circle of closed shop unionism by which its officials are perpetuated in office. Nor will they tell you about the re-election to office of a number of the principal dynamiters while serving terms in Leavenworth prison, or of the illegal conspiracies forming the basis of agreements between organizations of employers and labor unions, which provide for the employment of union labor only; or of the boycotting of non-union material, the prime factor in the high cost of building, common in many cities.

"Nor will they tell you anything about the criminal methods by which, and only by which, closed shop unionism has been or can be forced, or of the increased cost of production of all commodities produced under closed shop restrictions and control, and the corresponding increased prices to the consumer. Or if they do, their defense will be a thinly veiled appeal to experience, and a total disregard of the criminality which their course involves and the inevitable disaster it entails."

The closed shop, said Mr. Kirby, put a premium on indolence and encouraged its members to wage an unlawful and merciless warfare on their fellow laborers who disagreed with them. It advocated and practiced, he said, a policy of limiting output to a degree entirely inconsistent with the pay demanded, deprived the American boys of the opportunity to learn trades, and sought to establish a class line between labor and capital by adopting policies and pursuing methods which tended to destroy ambition, which handicapped energy and inspired men to become strong union men, rather than honorable, thrifty, and well-to-do citizens.

Speaking from the employe's viewpoint, Mr. Bryce said:

"To me the closed shop unions are in an absolutely illogical position. They rail continually about the increased cost of living, yet they limit the number of hours which a man may work in a day, limit the amount he may produce in those hours, and then wonder why the cost of living continues to rise. I am for the open shop because those organizations which stand for the closed shop are and have been using methods to enforce their demands to that end that are utterly abhorrent to a man of peace. While their organizations may disclaim any responsibility for the acts of any of their members, and further while their constitutions may not have a word in favor of such methods, yet enough has been shown in the past year to prove to any reasonably intelligent American citizen that methods have been used which will not bear the light of truth."

ADMITS RESORT KEEPING.

Well-to-Do Hotel Man Remanded for Sentence in New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., March 14.—Richard Martin of Perth Amboy, reputed to be worth $100,000, a college-bred man of highly respected family, pleaded non vult when arranged on a charge of keeping a disorderly resort this morning in Middlesex County Court of Common Pleas and was remanded to the County Jail at New Brunswick by Judge Peter F. Daly for sentence. Martin is past 60.

He retained Lawyer Thomas Brown, who arranged to have bail for him, and Brown advised him to plead not guilty with leave to change his plea. Martin refused to listen to his counsel, declaring that he did not want to go back to Perth Amboy, and might as well go to jail at once. When Prosecutor of the Pleas George S. Silzer of Metuchen read the indictment charging that he had maintained the Hotel Pettha as a disorderly resort, he feebly said, "non vult."

"Do you know what that means?" asked Judge Daly.

"It means the same as guilty," said Martin.

Martin has two daughters who are college graduates and two in college. His wife is also a college-bred woman, and one daughter is a teacher.

YOUNG BRIDE TAKES STRYCHNINE AND DIES

Wife of Dr. Walter Albert Kills Herself with Heavy Dose of Poison.

ONLY MARRIED ON FEB. 22

Husband, at Her Side, Says They Had a Slight Quarrel Earlier in the Day.

When Dr. Walter Albert, who formerly had a drug store at 215 Ridgewood Avenue, East New York, and his twenty-one-year-old bride returned from their honeymoon in the South last Tuesday they went to live with Mrs. Catherine Hunt, an acquaintance, at her home, 287 Lincoln Avenue, East New York.

The couple were married on Feb. 22, shortly after Dr. Albert had been nursed through a serious attack of typhoid fever by his bride, who was Miss Jeanette Schoening, daughter of Adam Schoening of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Dr. Albert left the home of Mrs. Hunt yesterday evening about 7 o'clock, and shortly after he had disappeared, his bride descended the stairs from her room on the second floor and joined Mrs. Hunt and her daughter. She was disconsolate and efforts to cheer her up proved unsuccessful, but after a little while, Mrs. Albert took leave of the Hunts, and returned to her room.

About 10 o'clock Mrs. Hunt and her daughter were surprised to see the young woman open her door and stagger to the stairway. She held a small vial in her hands. Leaning forward, she said hoarsely:

"I have taken a dose of strychnine."

"Why, you know you haven't done any such thing," replied Mrs. Hunt and her daughter at the same time.

"But I have," weakly insisted the bride.

When Mrs. Hunt looked at the young woman more closely she needed no further argument to convince her that something serious was the trouble with Mrs. Albert. She instructed her daughter to bring a glass of milk and some eggs, and these she tried to persuade Mrs. Albert to take. The young woman swooned.

Just at this moment her husband returned. Seeing her condition, he hastened to her side, caught her up in his arms, and pleaded with her to speak to him. But she did not reply.

When the young druggist failed to elicit any response from his wife who was then seized with convulsions, he was frightened and rushed out of the house to the nearest telephone and summoned one of his friends, Dr. August M. Maron of 311 Arlington Avenue. Dr. Maron brought with him one of his fellow-practitioners, Dr. Hyde. But when they arrived at the house the young woman was dead.

In the opinion of the two physicians, she had taken enough of the poison to kill forty men.

Dr. Albert was so prostrated with grief that he was scarcely able to answer any questions that would throw light on his wife's act. He admitted that they had had a slight quarrel earlier in the afternoon, but he refused to say what it was about. Mrs. Hunt said that she had not noticed any unhappiness between the young couple since they had been at her home, and she was surprised at Mrs. Albert's despondency when it became apparent yesterday afternoon.

MRS. FITZHUGH HELD.

Woman Accused of Theft Believed to Have Washington Fraud Record.

The young woman, known as Mrs. Randolph Fitzhugh of Washington, who refuses to tell the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to whom she sent her 15-months-old baby, when she was arrested Thursday afternoon, was held early last evening in Jefferson Market Court in $3,000 bail for examination on Monday on charges of vagrancy and grand larceny. Mrs. Fitzhugh, who is suspected of having been the perpetrator of many thefts in churches here recently, protested that confinement was breaking her down, and requested that she be paroled until she could get bail. Mr. Dickinson said the mystery with which she surrounded her identity persuaded him that no opportunity should be given to her to escape the jurisdiction of the court.

Detective Oswald of the Central Office arrested the woman at her apartments in the Flanders and says she took him to St. Bartholomew's Church in Forty-fourth Street at Madison Avenue and showed him where was hidden in a pew a gold mesh bag worth $600 which had been stolen from Miss Dorothy Fisk of Plainfield, N. J., several weeks ago. The fact that the purse had been seen in her possession led to the arrest of Mrs. Fitzhugh.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Mrs. Fitzhugh is believed by the local police to be the same woman who was arrested in this city in 1911 and 1912 on charges of obtaining goods under false pretenses and petit larceny. On July 18, 1911, a woman who said she was Mrs. Catherine M. Fennell of West End, Va., was arrested here on the charge of defrauding department stores by misrepresentation. She was released. On April 5, 1912, Mrs. Catherine Northrop was arrested on the charge of petit larceny and was released on the payment of a fine and a promise to leave the city. The police say that Mrs. Fennell and Mrs. Northrop were assumed names, and that Mrs. Fitzhugh is probably another alias of hers.

RAT ARMY AS REVENGE.

"Pied Piper" Accused of Liberating Rodents in Apartment House.

Peter Weck, janitor of the Clearmont Court apartments, 549 and 551 West 113th Street, and his wife were aroused just before midnight one night not long ago by a sound like the tramp of many marchers. Mrs. Weck said it sounded as though a troop of cavalry were descending into the basement.

Weck arose and switched on the light. By the rays he saw what looked like hundreds of rats scampering about the place. Some were big and some were little. Some were minus their tails and some had lost a leg. Some were nearly black and some were gray, and all were as lively as a rat could be.

The Weck family cat shook in a palsy of terror, and when Weck threw open the door the cat went through it like a streak. It has never returned. The rats went through it, too, and scattered over the cellar. Weck gave chase armed with a broom. He killed about a dozen rats, but decided that a heavy-bore rifle would be the only proper weapon with which to approach the others, so he barricaded himself in his apartments until morning, when he reported the attack of the rats to Louis H. Lowenstein, Vice President and Treasurer of the Maxlow Realty Company, owners of the Clearmont Court apartments.

All this Week told yesterday to Magistrate House, in the Harlem Court, whither Mr. Lowenstein had summoned James Allison Hogg, "champion rat catcher of the world," who lives at 2,155 Seventh Avenue. Recently there was a suit decided against Hogg for breach of contract, and Mr. Lowenstein recalled having heard that Hogg had threatened to "get even" with him and the Realty Company. Hence he decided that Hogg was responsible for the onslaught of rats.

Hogg denied having liberated the rodents in the Clearmont Court apartments, but Magistrate House said he did not think there was much doubt as to how the rats got there, and he held Hogg in $500 bail for good behavior for a month.

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"Pity St. Patrick wasn't born in time to drive the snakes out of Paradise. Eve-'n Adam would have left a better record. A Victrola adds to St. Patrick's Day cheer."

Victrolas $15 to $200

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IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

A Special Sale of Men's $25.00 Silk-lined Tuxedo Suits or Full Dress Coats and Trousers at . . $15

Any man who has the slightest suspicion that his dress suit or dinner coat is not absolutely correct to date cannot but feel ill at ease. To-day you will have an opportunity to say good-by to that uncomfortable feeling and at the same time save at least a ten dollar bill.

We made a very large purchase from a prominent maker who specializes in these lines. To close his season we secured a price concession of nearly half price. Made of imported black thibet, lined throughout with silk, and lapels of grosgrain silk. Every earmark of a custom made garment and all you pay is $15.00 Every size from 34 to 46, including all styles.

100 Men's Separate Full Dress Coats, sizes 34 to 46, at $12.50	250 Fancy Tuxedo and Full Dress Waistcoats at $2.65	100 Men's Separate Tuxedo Coats, sizes 34 to 46, at $10.00

Our Men's Spring Suits at $15
Are Wonders

Ready to serve you with your new Spring Suit—a selection of grays and fancy effects; cut in all the new models; some lined with silk, others with serge or alpaca.

Men's Silk-Lined Suits at $20.00

A suit your tailor would charge you $40.00 for. Imported fabrics in the new grays, also plain navy blue serge, all lined throughout with pure silk. The quality, tailoring and finish we have put into these new suits will astonish you. Just see them. We are always glad to have you look things over, whether you care to buy or not.

Last Day, Mr. New Yorker, to Get Your Custom Suit to Order for $18.50.

Choice of $30.00 and $35.00 all-wool suitings—100 different Spring weaves.

☞ Simpson Crawford Co., Second Floor.

Men's $1 New Spring Shirts at 67c

It doesn't matter to you how and why we make this timely offer. The values are here—that's the point. We haven't any too many at this price, and of course there is a choice.

These Shirts are well made, in a good quality of Harmony Percale; all are coat cuts; stiff attached cuffs in pleated and plain bosoms; light and dark effects, in blue, lavender and black stripes and figures; sizes 14 to 17 inches; the bodies are all extra large; some haberdashers ask $1.25 for the same style and quality. To make things interesting to-day the price will be 67c.

Men's Silk Half Hose at 18c

So we refrain from mentioning any comparative price. Black, tan and assorted shades; double soles, heels and toes.

☞ Simpson Crawford Co., Main Floor. On Sale To-day.

25c Initialled Correspondence Cards, 15c

Die stamped Initialled Correspondence Cards on fine quality linen card, with illuminated initial, gilt edge. 24 cards with as many envelopes.

Clearance Sale of Odd Papers, Boxed values up to 39c and 45c, at 19c.

Printed Invitations and Announcements.

One hundred wedding invitations or announcements printed on good quality stock, special $3.75 per 100. Many different types to select from, including inside and outside envelopes. We also print business cards at 65c per 100. Any style and type.

Simcoe Cabinet

This cabinet contains 3 quires of fine quality linen stationery in 3 sizes. Regularly 69c; blue, gray and white, 45c.

☞ Third Floor. On Sale To-day.

Wedding Invitations and Announcements

We will engrave in any of the prevailing styles of script type 100 wedding invitations or announcements on fine quality stock, allowing eight lines, including inside and outside envelopes. Regularly $8.75; special $6.00. Extra sets of 100 $3.75.

50 Engraved Visiting Cards

In shaded old English type. Regularly $2.50, at $1.50. 50 Engraved Visiting Cards, Script type, regularly 89c; special, 59c.

On Sale To-day.

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A New Novel by

FRANK WALLER ALLEN

A joyous, open-airy love story, as refreshing as the morning breezes and as bright as the summer's sun, that will make you smile with happy satisfaction and feel the thrill of abiding pleasure.

It tells of the rebirth of romance in a little, old-fashioned Kentucky hamlet that had been laid away in lavender so long that courtships had become as rare as hobble-skirts and "love marriages" as impossible as the Tango.

Abounding in gentle humor, poetic fancy, and charming play of thought, it ripples along as spontaneously as the beautiful Ohio along whose shores the scenes are laid.

Pictures by Z. P. Nikolaky and W. B. King. At all Booksellers. Price $1 net

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In addition to its Magazine Section, its Half-Tone Pictorial Section and its other regular features, will issue a Special Supplement printed in two colors on super-calendered paper presenting Helleu's full-page portraits, in dry point, of eight well-known New York women

EIGHT TYPICAL WOMEN Of AMERICA

SKETCHED IN TWO COLORS

By PAUL & HELLEU

WHAT THE ARTISTS SAY

KELLER

"They are corking," says ARTHUR I. KELLER, one of the most popular and accomplished of our American illustrators.

"M. Helleu's technique is extremely fascinating and very well adapted to his subject. He has a rare charm, which, I think, he seems to grasp at once from his subject. While his style is very lovely, yet in each individual head he has retained the characteristics that seem to have prompted him unconsciously. Each head, though treated in a different style, is positively his own. His style is very lovely and winning. He shows the charm, the grace, and the kind of loveliness that you feel you would like in women. Besides that, he is intensely artistic. I am sure M. Helleu has caught the spirit of the American woman."

FISHER

"You know the American woman," says HARRISON FISHER, "needs a special medium to depict her essential charm and her vigorous personality, and I know of nothing which hits her off better than the crayon sketch, the pen and ink drawing, and the etching—all of which have a common characteristic—dash.

"I'd like to see this etching idea get hold of people here in the United States. It would be a bully vogue. More elegant ways of stating the case, but that's just what it would be—a bully vogue. It is getting to be the fad now for American women to have their portraits done by Helleu, and I'm glad to see it. Of course, Helleu does wonders with his portraits of women. He understands women—he gets their grace and their elegance and their subtle refinement and throws it out on the paper without becoming effeminate himself. There are mighty few who can approach his freedom and his superlative delicacy in handling his subject."

LEARNED

MR. A. G. LEARNED, the most prominent of New York's dry point etchers, says of these reproductions:

"I did not think newspaper art was far enough advanced to make such a reproduction possible. These eight pictures of typical American women sum up the best in Helleu's present style, which is the very epitome of elegance, refinement and graceful technique. Helleu's visit to America has done a great deal to boom the cause of dry point etching in the United States. He has been most fortunate in the selection of his models. They seem to me representative of the best we have here in America."

The Next Sunday Times afterward, that of Mach 23, will be

THE EASTER TIMES

which will picture, in Richly Colored, Full-Page Reproductions, the

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A Word of Warning to Those Not Yet Everyday Readers of The Times

The New York Times is always sold out. Newsdealers adjust their orders to the demand, for The New York Times does not redeem unsold copies. So in order to be sure of getting these features, you should order The New York Times delivered to you regularly.

SMITH KNOCKS OUT BRITISH CHAMPION

Bombardier Wells Defeated by Californian in Two Rounds at the Garden.

Three blows defeated Bombardier Wells, the British heavyweight boxer, last night at Madison Square Garden. The blows were delivered by Gunboat Smith of California in the second round of the bout, which was scheduled for ten rounds. It was really the only time during the contest that Smith scored, and the Britisher was knocked down each time a blow struck him. The first foreshadowed a speedy defeat for the English champion, as he arose dazed and weak. The second punch from Smith's glove struck Wells over the left eye and raised a big lump. He arose a beaten man, but still game, while his opponent waited until he could end the contest, which he did with a vicious right swing. The blow sent the Britisher down for the third time. He was helpless when Smith struck the final blow, and was unconscious when his second lifted him to his chair in the corner of the ring. The end came as quickly as it was unexpected and the big crowd looked on in wonderment as Wells lay stretched on the floor of the ring a beaten man.

The contest resembled the bout between Wells and Al Palzer, which took place in the Garden last year. In that contest Wells made his opponent appear like a novice for two and one-half rounds, but Palzer then dropped the Britisher with a blow in the stomach, and the bout was over. A couple of months later Wells redeemed himself in the eyes of the followers of the fistic sport by administering a severe drubbing to Tom Kennedy, and finally knocking him out in the eighth round. In view of his improved showing, he was made a pronounced favorite for his bout with Smith.

Wells possesses a full knowledge of all the scientific parts of the boxing game, but lacks the fighter's brute instincts. He is probably the cleverest heavyweight boxer since the days of Jim Corbett. His weakest point, however, is lack of back movement to evade the wild swings of his opponents. He is lightning fast and capable of delivering hard blows with both hands, but appears somewhat overconfident of being able to avoid punishment by footwork.

Not by the wildest stretch of imagination can Smith be classed as a boxer. He is a sturdy, plugging fighter, depending entirely upon his wild swings to beat down his opponent's guard. When he attempted to box he was an easy victim for Wells, who scored time and again without a return. His weakness along these lines was apparent in the first round, and, following the instructions of his handlers, he changed his tactics in the second round and by brute force accomplished his object. For a time Wells met Smith's rushes and scored on clean, straight lefts. The end came as a result of Smith's aggressiveness. He was willing to take punishment to find an opening, and when it came there was enough power behind the blow to bring the contest to an unexpected end.

The bout will probably end the pugilistic career of Wells in this country, as despite his popularity with the masses the Britisher will no longer prove a drawing card with the club managers. His defeat by a second-rate man eliminates him from the championship class, and Wells is hardly to the man to fill ring engagements at minor clubs with second and third-rate men. One thing, however, was apparent, notwithstanding his defeat. Wells has lost none of his popularity, as was evidenced by the applause that followed his exit from the ring.

The doors of the Garden were thrown open early and the balcony and gallery were quickly filled. Reserve coupon holders began to arrive shortly after 8 o'clock and a steady stream of followers of the game poured into the building up to 9:30. At this time there were probably 5,000 persons present. This number was augmented during the next half hour, and when the principals appeared in the ring there were about 6,500 fighting fans eagerly awaiting the gong which was to send the two heavyweights on their journey.

Sheriff Harburger and several of his deputies were early on hand, but their services were not needed. The same precautions that marked the recent McFarland-Britton contest were adopted, with the result that congestion was avoided and ticket holders experienced little difficulty in finding their seats. Men prominent in all walks of life were on hand, staid business and commercial representatives rubbed shoulders with the sporting enthusiast and the man about town. Pugilistic champions, past and present, were in evidence to see how the British champion would perform against his American opponent. Judges occupying seats on the Supreme Court bench were also seen in the boxes surrounding the ring, and the balance of the crowd was made up of the regular frequenters of boxing contests.

Wagers were at a discount. The difficulty of obtaining a satisfactory decision may have been responsible for this, while on the other hand, the enforcement of the laws against betting made would-be bettors chary of offering or accepting wagers. It was, however, the general feeling that 8 to 5 on Wells would be a fair price to offer in view of the past performances of the pair.

Gunboat Smith was the first to put in an appearance. His seconds selected the southeast corner. A few minutes later the Britisher and his retinue of handlers were hailed with loud cheering. Wells shook hands with Smith and each man examined the other's bandages. Wells was taller than Smith and of slighter build. He appeared like a greyhound when compared with Smith, who was of the mastiff build. The official weights were announced as Wells 192 pounds and Smith 182½.

The pair lost no time in getting together when the gong sounded. Wells, always on the alert, awaiting an opening, shot his left straight at Smith's nose. After a clinch Wells repeated the blow, and Gunboat made a wild right swing which went wide of the mark. The Britisher stabbed and jabbed the Californian, devoting all his attention to the face. Smith rushed into a left swing that suddenly halted him, the blow landing on the cheek. As the pair came together Smith again essayed to reach the Britisher with a swing, but the latter easily avoided the blow, and scored left and right to the face. None of the blows did any damage, although a thin stream of blood was trickling from Smith's nose. Wells found a resting place on Gunboat's face for two stiff lefts in quick succession, when Smith scored his first blow of the contest. It was a straight left to the face, but lacked any real force. Wells continued his left jabs, when Smith for the third time swung viciously but wildly. The force of the blow carried him off his feet and he slipped down. He was up at once, and was met with a left hook on the head. Just before the bell Wells worked his left to the face without a return. Wells easily outpointed Smith.

The British boxer was out of his corner as soon as the signal was sounded and was halfway across the ring as the Californian started. The pair came to a clinch, and Smith then made another attempt to land a right swing. It went wild, but he followed it with another that reached the mark. It struck Wells with a thud and the Englishman went down under its force. It landed squarely on the jaw. Nine seconds were counted before Wells attempted to resume boxing. He was weak and all his speed had disappeared. He stood off and boxed his man in order to recover, but Smith tore in, and with no attempt at science tried to batter down the clever Englishman's guard. The latter's resistance was waning fast under the roughing tactics of his opponent. A hard right smash over the left eye sent Wells to the floor again, where he remained for another nine seconds.

All the fight had been taken out of him and the end was already in sight. Smith once more rushed with a right swing, which found a landing place on the point of the Britisher's chin. The blow was delivered with telling force, and Wells was unconscious before he reached the canvas. It was a clean knockout and Smith did not wait until the ten seconds were counted, but jumped over the ropes and hurried to his dressing room. Wells was carried to his corner, where he sank limp and inert to his chair. It was several minutes before he could be revived, and his seconds supported him as he left the scene of his defeat.

In the preliminary contests John Mahoney of Wheeling, W. Va., defeated Timber Monahan of Boston after six rounds of lively milling. Mahoney led all the way and had a big margin on his opponent at the end of the bout. Billy Kramer was disqualified in the sixth round of his bout with Young Fulton. Kramer roughed it throughout. Near the end of the bout he struck Fulton low and the referee sent the pair out of the ring. The blow was plainly accidental and did little damage. In the bout that preceded the wind-up George Rodel of South Africa and Tim Logan of the Navy, two heavyweights, went ten rounds in an unsatisfactory contest. There was little to choose between the pair.

COLUMBIA WRESTLERS LOSE.

Pennsylvania Wins Five Bouts and New Yorkers Take Two.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—The wrestling team of the University of Pennsylvania was victorious over the Columbia team to-night at the University of Pennsylvania gymnasium by 5 bouts to 2. The feature was the performance of Capt. Dickson of Pennsylvania and Gardner of Coulmbia. The men furnished an exceptional exhibition of cleverness, and Dickson won in the last second with a crotch and chancery hold.

Kirchgarber of Columbia did the heaviest work for his team by appearing in two hard bouts. The summaries:

115-Pound—Hyman, Columbia, threw Kopcke, Penn.

125-Pound—Capt. Dickson, Pennsylvania, threw Gardner, Columbia.

135-Pound—J. Williams, Penn., threw Neff, Columbia.

145-Pound—Capt. Crothers, Columbia, threw Crawford, Penn.

158-Pound.—Tucker, Penn., won on decision over Kirchgarber, Columbia.

175-Pound.—Gerheart, Penn., won on decision over Kirchgarber, Columbia.

Heavyweight—Hogg, Penn., threw McKinnon, Columbia.

PENN. GYMNASTS WIN.

Red and Blue Defeats New York University in Dual Meet, 31 to 23.

The gymnastic team of the University of Pennsylvania defeated the squad representing New York University last night in their annual dual series in the latter's gymnasium by a score of 31 to 23 in contests which bristled with interest up to the final event, the flying rings, in which Pennsylvania won all the points and the meet.

Clark of the winning team and Creamer, N. Y. U., tied for high score with 11 points each and proved veritable towers of strength to their respective squads. The events contested included horizontal bar, parallel bars, side horse, club swinging, flying rings, and tumbling, with the only perfect score of the series coming to Leonards when he received the aggregate in the side horse of 50 points.

Clark won a first in the horizontal bar and seconds in the parallels and tumbling, while Creamer was the winner of the parallels and second in the side horse and horizontal bar events. With the tally 23 to 22 in favor of the home aggregation, interest in the final event at the rings waxed high. Miller did his stunts in the cleanest fashion and achieved some remarkable flying handstands, which earned first honors for him, with a total of 55 2-10 points. His team mates, Hunt and Parker, also did well and furnished second and third places, incidentally helping to win the series in decisive manner. The summaries:

Horizontal Bar.—Won by Clark, Pennsylvania, 49 3-10 points; Creamer, N. Y. U., second, with 48; Hackett, Pennsylvania, third, with 39 3-10.

Side Horse.—Won by Leonards, Pennsylvania, 50 points; Creamer, N. Y. U., second, with 48 5-10; MacAdam, N. Y. U., third, with 45.

Club Swinging.—Won by Dutcher, N. Y. U., 27 points; Pinletter, Pennsylvania, second, with 25 1-10; Leonards, Pennsylvania, third, with 24 1-10.

Parallel Bars.—Won by Creamer, N. Y. U., 49 3-10 points; Clark, Pennsylvania, second, with 49 1-10; Hunt, Pennsylvania, third, with 48.

Flying Rings.—Won by Miller, Pennsylvania, 55 2-10 points; Hunt, Pennsylvania, second, with 51 3-10; Parker, Pennsylvania, third, with 50.

Tumbling.—Won by Kennard, N. Y. U., 49 2-10 points; Clark, Pennsylvania, second, with 47; Lane, N. Y. U., third, with 45.

PRINCETON SENIORS WIN.

Freshmen Second in Interclass Games —Juniors Unplaced.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 14.—Princeton's senior class celebrated the close of their last season in the Tiger gymnasium to-night by capturing the annual interclass track honors in an exciting meet. The final score was: Seniors, 28; freshmen, 25; sophomores, 24. The juniors failed to place a man.

Moort Cooley, a sophomore, was the sensation of the meet. He lowered the local indoor record for the half mile by covering the six laps in 2:04 2-5. Curtis and Howell, both seniors, were completely outclassed in this event.

Arthur Fox, a senior, and Davy, a freshman, went over the high jump at 5 feet 10½ inches, a mark that is better than is usually done here in midseason. The seniors took firsts in both hurdles and the forty-yard dash, Harland winning the sprint in easy fashion. Mackenzie, the former Exeter champion, won the mile for the sophomores, but he is ineligible for 'Varsity work this Spring. The freshmen's only firsts were the quarter mile, which went to Richardson in 4:48 1-5, and the shot-put, which was won by John Larson, who made 39 feet 7 inches.

The relay championship went to the sophomores' six-man team, which beat the seniors by two feet.

Yale Beats Princeton in Gymnastics.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 14.—Yale won the annual gymnastic meet with Princeton here to-night, 32½ to 21½.

West Side Y. M. C. A. Swimming.

The 50-yard swim was the feature of the aquatic meet at the West Side Y. M. C. A. tank last night, A. W. Hexamer winning the event in 27 4-5 seconds after a close race with E. Hanscome. Hanscome took the lead, and was in front until a few yards from the finish, when Hexamer's spurt carried him through a winner by two feet.

The 100-yard swim, handicap, was won by S. Lothian from scratch. He won by a margin of five yards in 1:10. The plunge for distance was won by H. Knecht, and S. Lothian won first place in the fancy diving event with 24 points. The summaries:

100-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by S. Lothian, (scratch;) H. Kippezer, (8 seconds,) second; C. Underhill, (15 seconds,) third. Time—1:10.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by H. Knecht, with 52 feet 7 inches; S. Lothian, second, with 45 feet 3 inches; J. Mantell, third, with 45 feet 2 inches.

Fancy Diving.—Won by S. Lothian, with 24 points; A. Hexamer, second, with 23 points; G. Underhill, third, with 20 points.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by A. W. Hexamer; E. Hanscome, second; J. Morse, third. Time—0:27 4-5.

Hobart Wins Belleview Golf Title.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLAIR, Fla., March 14.—Clarence Hobart, Asheville Country Club, is the new Belleview golf champion, having defeated Douglas Smith of Skokie in the thirty-six-hole final match to-day. In the consolation eighteen-hole final of the first sixteen, E. B. Humphreys, Huntington Valley Country Club, beat E. P. S. Wright, Baltusrol, 3 and 2; T. L. Davis, Omaha Country Club, beat F. F. Cole, Northland Country Club, 3 and 1. In the second sixteen, and C. J. Winton, Minnekahda, won in the fourth division, beating Percival Manchester, Skokie, 4 and 3. E. K. Bispham, Philadelphia Country Club, beat E. W. Kimbark, Onwentsia, in the fourth sixteen by 1 up. In the consolation division of the second sixteen, N. L. Griswold, Peoria, (Ill.) Country Club, beat H. L. Bearse, Brookline Country Club, 3 and 1, and in the third division consolation G. W. Gladwin, Yountakah, beat S. L. Allen, Atlantic City, 5 and 4.

Crane in Canadian Racquet Final.

MONTREAL, March 14.—The final in the Canadian racquet championship was reached to-day at the Montreal Racquet Club. One of the semi-finals went by default to Joshua Crane of Boston from W. P. Burden of New York, the latter being unable to reach here in time to play that match. This puts Crane in the final to-morrow afternoon with E. Greenshields of Montreal as his opponent, the local player having won from H. Meredith Smith in a brilliant exhibition of racquets, 9—15, 15—6, 15—9, 15—3.

At the conclusion of the semi-finals in the racquets championships an exhibition four-hand racquet match was played between Heckscher of New York and Crane of Boston, representing the Americans, and R. E. MacDougall and E. Greenshields, representing the Canadians. The Canadians won four games out of five, almost doubling their opponents in total aces.

Boxing Legal in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., March 14.—Gov. Stewart approved to-day the Kiley boxing bill and named a State Boxing Commission. Under the law twelve round contests are to be permitted under the supervision of the commission.

Apartments in the homes of reputable persons only advertised in The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

JACK KNIGHT'S BAT BEATS HIS OLD PALS

Yankees Vanquished in Second Baseball Game with Jersey City Nine.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 14.—That time-honored spell which a discarded ball player seems to possess when playing against his old mates was much in evidence here this afternoon in the second game of the series between Manager Frank Chance's Yannigans and the Jersey City team of the International League. Jack Knight, one-time Yankee and now holding down the first base berth for the Skeeters, was the man of the hour with a pair of timely hits, the first tying up the game in the seventh inning, and the second driving home the winning run in the ninth. The Skeeters won by the score of 4 to 3.

Slim Caldwell and Lefty Davis did the pitching for the major leaguers, the former working four innings and the latter five. Caldwell showed plenty of steam and sent seven of the Skeeters back to the bench on strikes. He pitched much better ball than his successor, but had the misfortune to be touched up for the timely hit in the first inning, and again in the third, which sent a runner across the plate.

Davis pitched good and bad ball in turns, and it was only because of his puzzling curves when danger threatened that he kept the game close. He was as wild as a hawk and his generosity had him in trouble all the time. But he had the habit of tightening up when runners were on the bases and striking out the Skeeter batsmen. No less than ten fell before his slants, making a total of seventeen batsmen to go down on strikes during the nine innings. The Skeeters have not yet become accustomed to looking at curves, and both of the Yankee slabmen cut loose in almost mid-season form.

The Yannigans made a strong start by grabbing a pair of runs off Jack Mains in the first inning. Derrick's terrific clout for three bases was responsible for the two runs, but after this hit Mains tightened up and no more runs were made off him during his four innings of service. He gave way to Jack Doescher, former Cincinnati pitcher, at the beginning of the fifth inning, and the latter was equally effective, holding down the New Yorkers to a single run in five innings.

One of Davis's passes was responsible for the Skeeters coming on even terms with the Yankees in the seventh inning. Knight's long double turned the gift into a run. The deadlock remained unbroken until the ninth inning, when Knight got another chance to cause trouble, and he came through with a scorching single that sent the winning run over the plate.

Jersey City played a poor fielding game, but they were entitled to the victory, as their hitting was harder and more timely than that of the Yankees. Manager Chance again decided not to take any part in the battle, preferring to size up his youngsters from the side lines. He had Malcolm Barry, the Brockton recruit, on first base; "Pop" Young at second in place of Hal Chase; Derrick at short, and Midkiff at third. Chase's injured ankle continues to improve, and Hal expects to be out on the field for practice next Monday.

The third game between the Yankees and Jersey City will be played here to-morrow afternoon if the weather permits. To-day's score:

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1	0	1
New York	2	0	0

Batteries—Maines, Doescher, and Crisp; Caldwell, Davis, Williams, and Sterrett.

CHEAP SEATS FOR FANS.

Brooklyn Club Will Have 25-Cent Admission for Limited Number.

President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club yesterday denied the rumor that has been circulated that there would be no twenty-five-cent seats at the new Brooklyn baseball park. The statement had no foundation in fact, because a section of quarter seats must be provided, according to the requirements of the National agreement. There is a twenty-five-cent section at every major baseball park in both the National and American Leagues.

Mr. Ebbets said yesterday: "The Brooklyn Baseball Club is in favor of a limited number of twenty-five-cent seats and will have a section at Ebbets Field. A major league club of to-day, however, cannot be operated on a twenty-five-cent basis. The demand of the fans is for safe, secure, and comfortable accommodations. The club owners must provide suitable stands, and under the laws of the Building Department they must be of steel, stone, and concrete. Thus the cost is greatly increased, as are the players' salaries and traveling expenses."

President Ebbets also announced yesterday that Ebbets Field would have a new electric score board, the same as that at Redland Park, in Cincinnati, and at the Polo Grounds.

SUPERBAS REMAIN IDLE.

Continuous Rain at Augusta May Spoil Game with Cobb's Team.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 14.—There was very little for Manager Dahlen and his Superbas to do to-day except to go to picture shows and spend the remainder of their time at their hotel. Rain fell continually throughout the day, leaving the ball grounds a sea of mud. This may cause a postponement until Monday next of the game scheduled for to-morrow between Ty Cobb's all-Georgians and the Superbas.

With the arrival late last night of Pitcher Stack, Dahlen has only two absent players, Pitchers Kent and Knetzer. Kent has received permission to absent himself for a few days longer to finish his duties as baseball coach at a Middle Western university. Knetzer and President Ebbetts are having trouble over the question of salary.

The first scout to visit the Superba camp was Bud Sharpe, former first baseman for Jersey City. It is doubtful if he will get any players from Dahlen, as the Superbas have fewer players on this trip than in any past Spring.

Cuban Players to Join Reds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 14.—Armando Marsans, the Cuban outfielder, who is a member of the Cincinnati team, to-night cabled President Herrmann of the Reds that he will leave this city Monday for the Cincinnati training camp at Mobile. He will be accompanied by Romanach, another Cuban player, whom he recently signed for the Reds at Herrmann's request. Marsans declared to-night that there was no truth to the story that he had incurred the displeasure of the Cincinnati Club owner through his failure to report. He explained that his delay was due to the necessity of closing up some business in his cigar factory here, and also that Herrmann had given his consent. Marsans is the leading batter in the present championship race of the Cuban teams, with an average of .400

Rain Retards Cincinnati Reds.

MOBILE, Ala., March 14.—Manager Joe Tinker of the Cincinnati Nationals to-day completed arrangements for his team to train at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, rain for the past week or more having seriously interfered with practice.

Fairmont's Show To-night.

Matchmaker McArdle has arranged one of the best cards ever offered by the Fairmont A. C. for the weekly exhibition to-night. Young Mike Donovan will box Bill Anderson in the main event. Anderson is known for his rushing tactics, and will keep young Donovan moving fast to avoid a knockout. In the semi-final Milton Bleir and Young Ketchel, bantamweights, will clash. Another feature to-morrow night is the appearance of Joe Hooker, son of Billy Joh, in a four-round bout with Joe Phillips.

Balfe Wins Tennis Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 14.—R. A. Balfe of Brooklyn lost the final round of the men's singles in the annual Pinehurst tennis championship in a fast 6—3, 6—3, 9—7 set. Balfe won the semi-final by 6—1 and 6—2, over Frank Dyer of Montclair, while Amend drew a default from H. K. Kerr of Ekwanok.

SWIMMING.

Dalton's Swimming School and Gymnasium

Private Instruction. Reduced Rates. 3 Tiled Pools. 19 W...

COOPER A GIANT STAR.

Pitcher Tesreau Also Performs Well in Game at Marlin.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 14.—The regulars and the second team of the New York Giants battled this afternoon through a game which was full of closeness and action, the regulars winning, 10 to 9. Fine weather and the largest attendance the teams have had marked the tussle. A theatrical company stopped off and took in the battle, and Louis Mann was in his element, shaking hands with the Giants and seeing baseball once more.

The second team outhit the regulars, 15 to 9, but when the latter got going they bunched hits and took advantage of the errors of their opponents. Tesreau opened on the mound for the second team, and had the regulars helpless. He blanked them during his three innings, and did not allow a hit. Crandall and Smith were less troublesome, though Crandall's arm showed signs of improvement. Shafer, Goulait, and McCormick were ill and were not in uniform.

Fletcher went back to short for the regulars in the absence of Shafer, and his home run in the ninth clinched the game for his side. Four-baggers are of daily occurrence here, and Doyle and Stock each made one. The work of Cooper was the leading feature, outside of Tesreau's pitching. The Fort Worth recruit raided the different pitchers he faced for four singles; two of these were bunts, which his speed converted into hits. He stole a couple of bases while he was on the rampage. Chief Meyers had frequent opportunities to try out his throwing arm, but out of four shots to second to head off stealing he nabbed only one man. His wing was overstrong, and he fired the ball too high.

The game came down to a ninth-inning decision, and but for bad base running by Thorpe the second team would have tied the score in the ninth. Thorpe had singled, and was on second with one out. He tried to steal third while Schupp was holding the ball, and was promptly squelched for his excess of zeal. He would have been batted home by Stock's single had he been less precipitate.

Joe Evers played second base for the second team and handled the bat well. He singled twice and stole two bases. Torrey, who has been nursing a "charley horse," returned to the fray, taking care of right field in the absence of McCormick. His shoestring catch robbed Devore of a hit. The score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Regulars	0 0 0 1 2 3 3 0 1	10	9	2
Second team	0 0 2 2 0 1 0 1 2	1	9	1

Batteries—Ames, Wiltse, Schupp, Meyers, and Wilson; Tesreau, Crandall, Smith, and Hartley.

The regulars will play in Austin to-morrow and in San Antonio on Sunday. The second team will visit San Antonio to-morrow and Austin on Sunday. McGraw will take Mathewson, Tesreau, and Ames along to pitch for the first team, and Goulait, Demaree, and Schupp to do mound duty for the second squad. Fred Snodgrass came in this evening from his home in California.

LETTERS TO COL. THOMPSON.

American Olympic Team Praised by Foreign Athletic Leaders.

At the recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the American Olympic Committee held in the New York Athletic Club a number of communications were read from leaders in athletics of the Old World, all of which were of a congratulatory nature in regard to the American team, the gist of which was that the writers deprecated the attacks made against the members of the wearers of the shield.

One in particular to Col. Robert M. Thompson, President of the American Olympic Committee, from Kristian Hellstrom, Secretary of the Swedish Olympic Committee, is particularly congratulatory and reads as follows:

Some weeks ago I had the great pleasure of receiving your very kind letter of Sept. 5, for which please accept my warmest and sincerest thanks. I am so sorry for not having answered before and hope you will forgive this long delay, which is due to the fact that I have lately been very busy.

I also want to thank you for your kind promise to send me a photograph of the dinner given to the American athletes on their return from Stockholm.

You ask me, Colonel, for my opinion with regard to the American Olympic athletes. I can only say that I am greatly astonished at the attacks in the German and English press, for, speaking not only for myself but also for all our committee members, I can assure you that no body of athletes ever made a better impression on the Swedes than the American team. From their first appearance to the very last I never heard of a single cause for any such attack, and I know from personal talks with all those with whom I came into touch (and those were not few) that the real popular heroes of the games were the Americans. You heard the ovations at their entrance into the Stadium on the opening day, and the applause at every American victory; and you saw also the hearty cheers and ovations which met the "Finland" on its arrival and departure. There was a cause for all this; the way in which your men won their glorious victories, the fairness, the excellent sportsmanship, and the good fellowship always shown by them.

There is another point; the hearty, never-failing support of our work by you and your committee will never be forgotten by any of us.

I therefore feel sure that the friendly relations between the Swedish and American athletes will grow more and more in power so that we may be able to unite and co-operate also for the Berlin games.

I take this opportunity of sending you to-day, under separate cover, an etching of the Stadium by Mr. Hjalmar Molin, architect, and further copies of the British Olympic Association's official report of the games, as well as of two German illustrated books on the same subject, which kindly accept as a small souvenir from the games.

Prince Wilhelm of Sweden had the following to say in a brief letter:

Everybody here in Sweden is still full of you and your charming countrymen. By their simple but hearty way, their gentlemenlike behavior in all sports, and, last but not least, a never-lacking hospitality, they won all our hearts from the very first moment. And your last good-bye from Stockholm wasn't, I hope, a real good-bye, but simply an "au revoir!"

With renewed thanks, believe me, Mr. Thompson.

Final Canadian Hockey Battle.

Another thrilling display of Canadian hockey will distinguish the second and final game between the Wanderers of Montreal and the Quebecs of Quebec, to be played to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink for a purse of $2,500. As the tally stands on the result of the first night's play the Quebec champions will face a minority of four goals, but to these rapid-fire puck chasers such an apparent handicap means nothing, for the effective result of one period of the marvelous playing they are capable of frequently changes the whole aspect of a game. In the battle to-night the Quebecs will be strengthened by Joe Malone, the Captain of the team, who was compelled to quit the game after the first period on Thursday night on account of illness. Malone is conceded to be the best individual hockey player in Canada and his absence from the game probably had some effect upon the playing of his associates and accounted for the number of goals scored by their opponents. "Art" Ross, the Wanderers' Captain, who was out of the game on account of a broken rib caused by the stick of one of the Ottawa players in the game last week, will also be in the line-up for the final struggle.

Syracuse Offers $23,000 in Stakes.

SYRACUSE, N. Y. March 14.—Twenty-three thousand dollars in stakes have been offered for the early closing events at the Grand Circuit races at the New York State Fair. Entries for these events will close April 15. The State Fair Commission plans to hold futurity races in 1915. Nominations for this event will be asked within a short time.

The following stake programme has been arranged: The Empire State 2:14 trot, $10,000; Syracuse 2:11 pace, $5,000; Governor's 2:24 trot for two-year-olds, $2,000; Kanoono 2:24 trot for three-year-olds, $2,000; Glynn 2:05 pace, $2,000, and Chamber of Commerce 2:08 trot, $2,000.

The programme for the early closing events at the Fort Erie Grand Circuit meeting was announced here to-night by Secretary Harry S. Nealley. Twenty-four thousand dollars in stakes have been offered. The following stakes have been announced:

King George V. 2:16 trot, $10,000; Dominion of Canada 2:12 trot, $3,000; the Queen City 2:08 trot, $2,000; Fort Erie 2:11 pace, $5,000; Ontario 2:18 pace, $2,000, and Premier 2:05 pace, $2,000.

Ball Player Fined and Reinstated.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 14.—The National Baseball Commission to-day reinstated Player L. D. Jones of the Boston National League Club upon condition that he pay a fine of $25. Jones was released to the Lowell club of the New England League, but failed to report and stayed out of the game. The release was set aside, and the player remained as the property of the Boston club.

Two Tiger Cubs Released.

GULFPORT, Miss., March 14.—Manager Jennings of the Detroit Tigers to-day announced the release of First Baseman Liggett and Outfielder Frierson. Liggett came from St. Mary's College, Oakland. The club will start north Friday.

EVERYTHING FOR BILLIARDS and BOWLING
Prices and Terms to Suit.
REPAIRS BY EXPERT MECHANICS
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO. 9 TO 35 WEST 31D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

CAMBRIDGE ATHLETES IN TIE WITH OXFORD

Light Blue, However, Records Most Notable Achievements in Dual Meet.

LONDON, March 14.—Oxford and Cambridge universities tied with five events each in their fiftieth annual athletic sports meeting, held at Queen's Club, London, to-day.

Oxford won the weight putting, the hammer throwing, the high jump, the mile flat and the three miles flat races, while Cambridge carried off the 100 yards flat, the quarter mile flat, the half-mile flat, and the 120-yard hurdle races, as well as the broad jump.

Cambridge, however, shone best, as H. S. O. Ashington for the light blue made a new record at these sports of 23 feet 5¾ inches for the broad jump and, but for a bad start, D. Gordon-Davies would easily have lowered the quarter-mile record. He was actually left five yards at the start, but a splendid spurt on the homestretch landed him the winner by six yards, only three-fifths of a second outside record.

It was owing to the assistance of the old Iowan, Will A. Ziegler, who won the hammer throwing and the weight putting, improving his previous records, that Oxford was able to tie.

Another American Rhodes scholar, H. R. Stolz of Leland Stanford, was placed second for Oxford in the broad jump, while E. P. Hubble of Chicago was third in the hammer throwing, and C. McCormick of Chicago was third in the weight putting.

Cambridge also had an American student, F. Sproule of Stone School, on its team. He tied for second place in the high jump.

King George and the Prince of Wales, the latter an Oxford student, were present, and there was an unusually large gathering of spectators in spite of the dull weather. The track was in good condition.

The summaries:

100 Yards—Won by H. O. Mackintosh, Cambridge; D. Gordon-Davies, Cambridge, second. Time—0:10 2-5.

120-Yard Hurdles—Won by H. S. O. Ashington, Cambridge; W. Macdonald, Oxford, second. Time—0:16 1-5.

Putting the Shot—Won by Will A. Ziegler, University of Iowa and Oxford, with a put of 42 feet 3 inches; R. S. Woods, Cambridge, second, with a put of 40 feet.

High Jump—Won by J. D. B. Crossley, Oxford, 5 feet 8 1-8 inches; A. C. Straker and F. Sproule, both of Cambridge, tied for second with a jump of 5 feet 6 1-8 inches. Sproule is an American from Stone School.

Throwing the Hammer—Won by Will A. Ziegler, University of Iowa and Oxford, with a throw of 142 feet 7 inches; J. G. Scott, with 119 feet, second.

One Mile Flat—Won by A. N. S. Jackson, Oxford; R. S. Clarke, Cambridge, second. Time—4:24 1-5.

Broad Jump—Won by H. S. O. Ashington, Cambridge, with a jump of 23 feet 5 3-4 inches; H. R. Stolz, Leland-Stanford and Oxford, second, with 22 feet 3 inches.

440-Yard Flat—Won by D. Gordon-Davies, Cambridge; J. L. Fairrie, Cambridge, second. Time—0:51.

Three Miles Flat—Won by D. M. Ganssen, Oxford; R. E. Atkinson, Cambridge, second. Time—14:47.

Half-mile Flat—Won by H. S. O. Ashington, Cambridge; F. G. C. Dickinson, Oxford, second. Time—2:00 1-5.

TITLE FOR MONTCLAIR.

Bloomfield Loses Deciding Game of Jersey Interscholastic Basket Ball.

Montclair High School basket ball players yesterday afternoon defeated the East Orange High quintet in the gymnasium of the Bloomfield High School, and thereby won the New Jersey Interscholastic League championship. The score was 30 to 25. It was the third meeting of the teams this season, both having finished their regularly scheduled series of games tied for first honors. The tide of battle swayed toward Montclair's favor in the second period, when two of the East Orange players, Brentano, a forward, and Walton, a guard, East Orange's best men, were put out of the game for extraordinary but unintentional rough playing by Referee Way of the Stuyvesant High School, who officiated. After these men left the game the East Orange teamwork became demoralized, and Montclair jogged to victory.

The first period ended with the score tied, each team having sixteen points, East Orange was slow in starting, the score, being 12 to 4 against them before they got into swing. The playing continued to be very close until East Orange lost its main strength. With Brentano, Taylor, the Montclair forward, was also banished from the game by Mr. Way. Slocum and Taylor did the feature work for Montclair, while East Orange's two barred men did the best work until their enforced retirement.

Mount St. Mary's Beats Bucknell.

Special to The New York Times.

EMMITSBURG, Md., March 14.—Mount St. Mary's closed the basket ball season here to-day by defeating Bucknell University by the score of 15 to 11. It was the hardest and best played game ever witnessed on the local court, the guarding of both teams being a strong feature. Malloy and Leary put up the best game for the locals, while Fetter and Jordan starred for the visitors. The line-up:

Mt. St. Mary's.	Position.	Bucknell.
Costello	Forward	Fetter
Phillips, Breslin	Forward	Preshel
Buffington, May	Centre	Jordan
Malloy	Guard	Glanice, Tehner
Leary	Guard	Schoffner

Goals from floor—Costello, (2,) Phillips, Breslin, May, Malloy, Fetter, (2,) Jordan, Glanice. Goals from fouls—Leary, (3,) Fetter, (2,) Buffington. Referee—Mr. Lydy. Time of periods—Twenty minutes. Timekeeper—Mr. Keating.

Rosenbaum Wins 440-Yard Race.

In an exciting race to the tape, J. Rosenbaum won the 440-yard run at the games of the Evening Recreation Centre of the High School of Commerce at the school gymnasium last night. G. Ralston was the leader most of the way, but was beaten out by inches in the final sprint. Rosenbaum's time was 1:02 2-5. He also won the half-mile run.

H. Werner won the 70-yard dash for juniors in 9 1-5 seconds, while the 440-yard junior run was won by A. Russman. The summaries:

70-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by H. Werner; W. Rubne, second; E. Byrd, third. Time, 9 1-5 seconds.

220-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by J. Ravenell; H. Werner, second; J. Pawa, third. Time, 29 4-5 seconds.

220-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by R. Skinner; E. Duemig, second; C. Creed, third. Time, 29 2-5 seconds.

440-yard Run, Junior.—Won by A. Russman; G. Long, second; H. Werner, third. Time, 1:04 3-5.

440-Yard Run, Senior.—Won by J. Rosenbaum; G. Ralston, second; A. Russman, third. Time, 1:02 2-5.

Half-Mile Run, Senior.—Won by J. Rosenbaum; G. Ralston, second; A. Russman, third.

Running High Jump, Junior.—Won by S. Hauscombe, with 5 feet 3 inches; A. Russman, second, with 5 feet; H. Werner, third, with 4 feet 10 inches.

Running High Jump, Senior.—Won by R. Skinner, with 5 feet 1 inch; J. Ruth, second, with 4 feet 11 inches; C. Lawrence, third, with 4 feet 9 inches.

Hockey a Major Sport at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 14.—Hockey was added to the list of major sports at Harvard at a meeting of the Athletic Committee of the university to-night. Members of this year's team and of future teams will be permitted to wear the "H," which in this case will be a crimson letter with a white edge on a black sweater. The committee ratified arrangements for a Harvard-Yale class crew championship race to be rowed on the Charles River on May 17 as a preliminary to the Harvard-Princeton-Pennsylvania race. Harvard and Yale class crews will row in their respective waters, and the winner of each race will take part in the championship events here. Next year's race will be at New Haven probably.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Advertisements for the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times Sunday, March 16th, must be received before 9 P. M. Saturday.

30c. per line one insertion.
75c. per line three insertions, including one on Sunday.
$7.40 per line seven consecutive insertions.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

'OLD GUARD' ATHLETES MEET

Many Former American Champions Form Association.

The old guard of the Staten Island Athletic Club, one of the bulwarks of the National Association of Amateur Athletes of America before the Amateur Athletic Union was launched, in the latter part of the '80's, and which disbanded in November, 1894, held a reunion and banquet last night in the Hotel Astor, and proved that all of the sentiment in connection with "what was good" in track and field games, and rowing, had not been wholly eliminated.

Several hundred members of the S. I. A. C., among whom were men who had made their marks in many forms of sport and had annexed the titular honors in their several games, gathered in response to a call for a function such as last night's, the outcome of which was the formation of an association called the Old Guard of the Staten Island Athletic Club.

In the gathering were

UNANIMOUS IN PRAISE OF HELLEU ETCHINGS

Some Remarks by Leading American Artists on Special Supplement in To-morrow's Times.

NEW YORK WOMEN PORTRAYED

"His Pictures Distinctly Representative of American Type," Says Henry Hutt.

"I thought they were originals when I saw them first—one would hardly believe they are only reproductions," said Henry Hutt to a reporter of THE TIMES, in speaking of the eight portraits of typical American women which are to be published in a Special Pictorial Section of to-morrow's TIMES.

"His technique? M. Helleu is a master. There is no one who can draw women the way he can. I have always been a great admirer of his style and the masterly way he handles it.

"Certainly his visit to America and your reproductions of his work cannot help but do a great deal of good and help inspire our young artists to explore the field of the dry point etching further, but M. Helleu is just now the only one who does it very well. He is so very good that there is no one who can come anywhere near him, no one else who can touch him, but there is a big future for those who will learn of him.

"It is certainly a great thing for a newspaper to get hold of a series of pictures like this and let the public have a chance to see them, and I think THE TIMES is to be congratulated on it.

"Certainly the people who like this art and can appreciate pictures of beautiful women will like your supplement. M. Helleu is a king at that sort of work. He gives you that idea of the very fine women and his pictures are distinctly representative of the American type. But no matter what he will do, no matter how a man of his style will draw American character, he has still that little touch of 'Parisian-like' that creeps in. But, of course, that makes no difference. They are beautiful—stunning."

Mr. Hutt does not stand alone in his favorable comment on THE TIMES's reproductions of M. Helleu's eight typical American women. A. G. Learned, the well known American artist, who has been exploring the field of the dry point etching in the last ten years, says of THE TIMES's reproductions:

"I did not think newspaper art was far enough advanced to make such a successful reproduction possible. These eight pictures of typical American women sum up the best in M. Helleu's present style, which is the very epitome of elegance, refinement, and a graceful technique."

Arthur I. Keller, one of the most popular of our American illustrators, has nothing but praise for M. Helleu. "These portraits are corking," he says. "M. Helleu's technique is extremely fascinating and very well adapted to his subject. He has a rare charm, which, I think, one seems to grasp at once. His style is lovely and winning. I think THE TIMES is to be very much complimented. They not only give you a reproduction, but reproductions I think M. Helleu himself ought to like, because they are exactly as he would wish them. They are a real pleasure."

MRS. BRADY'S WILL FILED.

Widow of the Justice Left $14,000 in Real and $4,111 in Personal Property

Mrs. Katherine Brady, widow of Justice Brady, and who died in Flushing on Sept. 10, 1912, left an estate worth $14,000 in real and $4,111 in personal property, according to Philip Frank, Transfer Tax Appraiser for Queens. This property included Mrs. Brady's country place, Killarney, at Southampton, L. I., worth $14,000; money in banks $1,036; jewelry, $1,346; silver, $380, and household goods, $1,324. A farm in Minnesota is not included in the appraisal of the State.

Mrs. Brady distributed many of her personal belongings to members of her family, and a teapot which has descended through a line of "Katherines" in the Brady family was given to her daughter, Katherine Brady Harris, with the request that the traditions of the family should be maintained, and that she should leave it to the Katherine next in descent. Mrs. Harris receives the residuary estate. Mrs. Brady remembered her granddaughter, Katherine Brady Harris Barrymore, wife of Jack Barrymore, the actor, in her will.

No Loss from McCreery Clerk.

It was learned here yesterday that the McCreery department store in Pittsburgh will lose absolutely nothing by the disappearance of J. L. Gibson. Gibson, according to telegraphic advices from the head of the store, was not a manager of a department but merely a clerk under the financial manager. He never handled anything like $5,000 of the firm's money at one time, and the amount of his shortage is so small as to be negligible. Also it is covered by Gibson's bond.

WOMEN LAWYERS WITH MRS. EDGELL

Protest at Action of Board of Education in Trying to Force Her Resignation.

TEACHERS GETTING TOGETHER

Propose a Secret Organization to Resist Discrimination Against Married Women.

Teachers, professional women, and organizations composed principally of women joined in supporting yesterday the position taken by Mrs. Katherine C. Edgell, instructor of physical training in Erasmus High School, Brooklyn, who asked for leave of absence for one year for the purpose of performing the duties of motherhood. Mrs. Edith Griswold, President of the Women Lawyers' Club at 165 Broadway; Mrs. Reye Smith, editor of The Women's Law Journal, and Mrs. Jean Norris, attorney at 27 William Street, prepared a resolution yesterday which is to be presented to the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Women Lawyers' Club, making this reference to the case of Mrs. Edgell:

We, the Women's Lawyers' Club, as a body protest against the action of the Board of Education in asking for the resignation of Mrs. Edgell on the ground of neglect of duty

Mrs. Norris said the action of the Board of Education appeared most unjust, because leave of absence for a year or more had been allowed even to teachers going abroad for post-graduate studies. There is no doubt that the case will go to the courts for a ruling should Mrs. Edgell be dismissed.

Some of the teachers propose to organize a secret agreement among both the married and unmarried members of the teaching staff to resist discrimination by the board against married teachers. They propose not to notify the Board of Education when they marry, because, they say, the board takes advantage of such admissions to bar married teachers from promotion. It was further suggested that a teacher should refuse to answer any question of that kind or to testify against each other.

This plan of attack against the action of the board did not gain favor, however, as it was realized by most teachers that the board could obtain these facts from the Bureau of Marriages and Licenses, and that teachers would jeopardize their positions and make themselves liable for dismissal by deceiving or attempting to deceive the board.

Mrs. Edgell, fortified with the certificate of her attending physician, is ignoring the refusal of the board to grant her request. It was said yesterday that no immediate action would be taken by the board, the subject being allowed to drop for a reasonable time, after which the teacher would be requested to resume her duties in the school. She cannot be dismissed except on charges, and if charges are made they must be considered by the same committee which voted in favor of Mrs. Edgell's request.

YUNG PROVES AN ALIBI.

Inez Milholland's Chinese Client Acquitted of Murder Charge.

Gee Doy Yung of the On Leong Tong, who had been on trial for the murder of Wong Fong of the Hip Sing Tong, was acquitted before Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday.

Yung was charged with having taken part on Oct. 14 last in the tong war which broke out in Pell Street, and was accused of having fired the shot which killed Fong. Yung was defended by James W. Osborne, assisted by Miss Inez Milholland, the suffrage leader, who prepared the case for the defense. The defense was an alibi, the defendant saying that he was sick in bed on the day of the murder.

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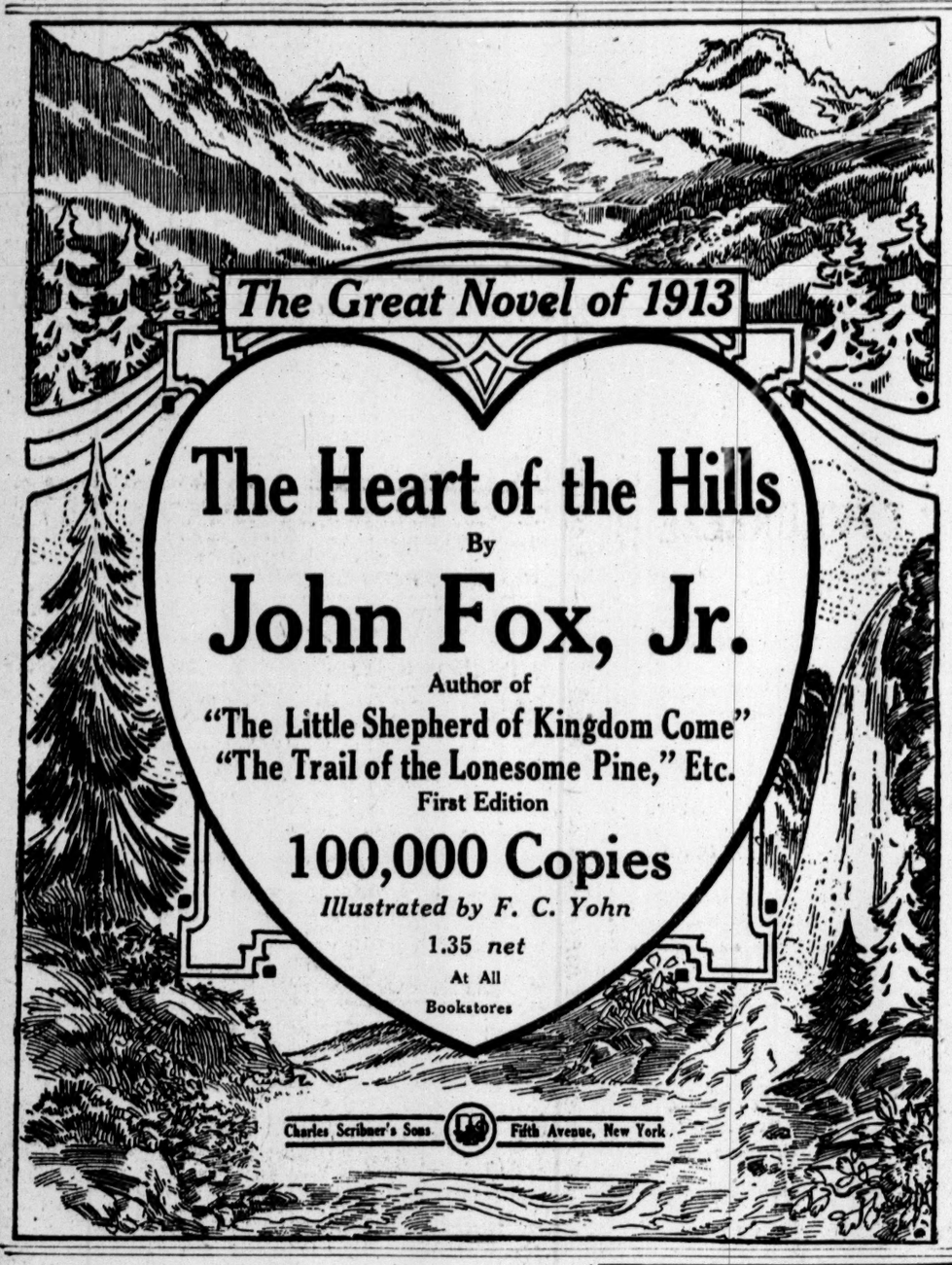

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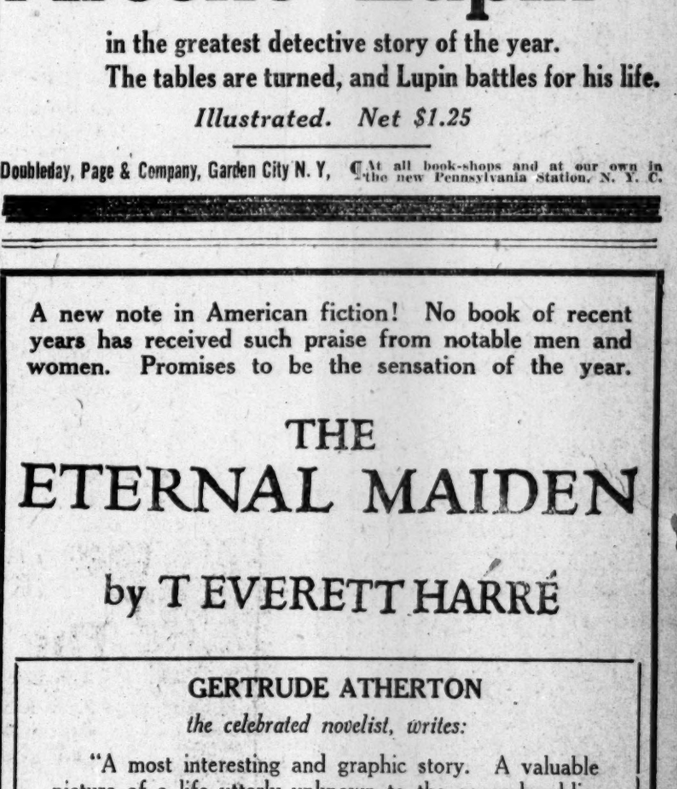

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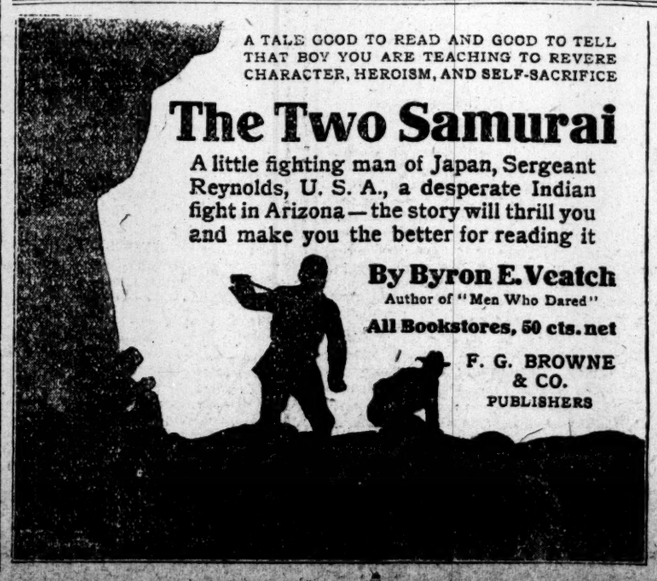

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PATRONAGE AND THE POST OFFICE.

The views and intentions of Postmaster General BURLESON reported in the Washington dispatches of THE TIMES justify the expectation that business and not politics is to be the chief thing considered in his administration. It is needless to say that Mr. BURLESON is heartily sustained by the President.

In the first place the Postmaster General intends to act deliberately. No appointments of consequence will be sent in until after the beginning of the special session. Of the offices to be filled by Presidential appointment those will be filled by Democrats for which fit men can be found in the Democratic Party; but fitness, not party service, will be regarded as the chief qualification.

This fact was very clearly stated to a delegation which urged a candidate for the Baltimore office. The statement of preference for Democrats, other things being equal, must be taken in connection with the earlier announcement that efficient officers will be retained for the rest of their terms. It must also be taken in connection with the very clear and sound view of Mr. BURLESON as to the order of President TAFT placing some 36,000 fourth-class appointments under the civil service rules. That order he heartily approved. Had he been consulted, he said, he would have advised that the fourth-class Postmasters included under the order should have been subjected to a test of fitness to retain their places. This is practical and sensible, especially as such a test should, and easily could, include their record of actual performance of duty.

With this qualification Mr. BURLESON would place under the merit system Postmasters of the third, second, and even first grade. He is doubtless aware that the system of competition cannot be applied so closely to Presidential appointments requiring the advice and consent of the Senate as to lower grades of the service. But so long as a reasonable range of discretion is provided for, this difficulty can be overcome. Probably it can be overcome by the Executive without legislation, as he is entitled to fix the mode by which his own nominees shall be selected. In any case the presence in the Post Office Department of a chief whose ideal and aim are of this high character is a matter for sincere congratulation. It is, so far as we can recall, wholly without precedent. Mr. CARL SCHURZ, Secretary of the Interior under President HAYES, held to the same exacting standard in theory and practice; but he was an independent in politics and a leader of the civil service reform movement. Mr. BURLESON is a party man, and a loyal one. Happily his loyalty includes the promotion of the lasting interests of his party by making it serve the best interests of the whole people.

There is another feature of importance in the views of the Postmaster General. He thinks that when a Postmaster shows unusual ability in charge of a small office he should be promoted, for merit, to a larger one. This is, really, the fundamental idea of making the postal system practically a sound business organization, not only free from party politics but free from the numberless vexing local considerations by which it is now hampered and degraded. If it can be carried out the service would offer a promising career to the tens of thousands of men and women engaged in it, and the whole body would be infused with hope and energy that would tend strongly toward faithful and efficient work.

THE MOTION-PICTURE ORDINANCE.

The ordinance proposed to the Board of Aldermen by Mr. FOLKS regulating motion-picture theatres, which is to be reconsidered at its next meeting, repeals the "standee law," which was responsible for the crowding of the Houston Street Hippodrome and the resulting fire panic, with injuries and loss of lives. It is to that extent an improvement over the motion-picture ordinance recently vetoed by the Mayor. But it does not require any improvement in existing theatres against the danger of fire as to exits, courts, galleries, stairs, and fire-escapes.

The ordinance makes such provisions for theatres to be built in future, however, and it does not exempt from this requirement present theatres which shall hereafter enlarge their seating capacity. In such cases new seats must be provided, the means of egress and ventilation must be enlarged, and, doubtless, theatres seating spectators up to 600, safer and more commodious, will be active competitors of the inferior and unsafe theatres. We think it is practicable by an exercise of the State's police power to require the effacement of unsafe features in all existing theatres. The passage of the proposed ordinance as it stands would be a step in advance, and to that extent it should be supported.

A DISCOURAGING LIST OF BACK-SLIDERS.

The thrilling trumpet cry was sent up with all the old-time fervor in Philadelphia, but alas! there is only one trumpeter, and the backsliders are more than even he suspects. Here is an incomplete list of them:

Nebraska defeated votes for women.
Utah rejected direct election of United States Senators.
Kansas declined to authorize the recall of public officers.
Seattle rejected (second time) the single tax.
Arkansas repealed its anti-trust law.
Washington (State) declined even to allow a ballot on recall of Judges.
Kansas rejected the initiative and referendum.
Oregon rejected the single tax.
Massachusetts rejected votes for women.
Maine rejected votes for women.

And doubtless there are others, for there are too many in the incomplete list to allow it to be doubted that reaction is at work. The assassins of virtue did not cease their murderous work on Election Day. Their second thoughts are as deadly as the hardness of heart which they manifested in such an unaccountable manner last November. And it is sharper than a serpent's tooth that the slaughter goes on in the West even faster than in the less reactionary East. A blast upon his trumpet may be worth ten thousand men, but there is need of many blasts and many trumpets.

CURIOUS AND COMMENDABLE LAW-SUITS.

The law is being put to strange uses nowadays. Miss GARRETTSON is asking New York City for $100,000 because she is a bigamist through reliance upon the city's registration statistics. She asked for the record of her young man, and married him upon the strength of the city's certificate assuring her, in her opinion, that she might safely venture. Whether she or the city is to blame it would be premature to say. Over in Brooklyn there are bank depositors who are asking reparation from the State because of their allegations that the Bank Department of the State was remiss in its duties. Not long ago in Ottawa there was a suit against the city for damages through disease contracted by a typhoidal water supply. Toronto at the present time is defending a suit for damages through destruction of fisheries by filling up of the bay by sewage.

Before the sewage was allowed to be deposited in Ashbridge's Bay, the claimants declare that the water was almost drinkable, and all kinds of edible fish could be caught near the shore. Now there is a green turbidity, caused by the presence of a large amount of decomposed and decomposing organic matter, which under certain conditions of temperature forms a thick yellowish-green scum on the surface of the water, which, when blown ashore, gives off an offensive, nauseating odor. These conditions, it is alleged, are due to the action of the city in discharging sewage.

In Montreal a taxpayer is suing because his house property was burned through a deficiency in the water supply, disabling the Fire Department.

If not, why not? And if in Canada, why not here? The principle is conceded in many suits for injunction on similar grounds. For example, within a few days the city has won a decision in the Smith Pond Cemetery case, the defendant KELLY being restrained from establishing a cemetery under conditions detrimental to the drinking water. In another case the establishment of a consumptives' sanitarium on the Croton watershed was prevented. If it could be prevented, why could not damages be recovered if the proposed establishment had been successful? The success of the injunctions against the Bronx and Passaic sewers is well known, and there would seem to be an analogy between those cases and the others in which it has been held that there was a remedy for the proved deficiencies of administration in allowing the establishment of nuisances.

This is not a matter of money. It is a matter of life and health, as is proved by the record of accomplishment by those promoting unpopular subjects which should be more popular. In the last number of The Engineering Record there is a long list of records before and after the recent crusade against typhoid. All are remarkable and some are marvelous. In Rensselaer the rate of typhoid cases per 100,000 of population has fallen from 58 to 9 since 1907 and from 67 in 1900-05. In Cohoes the fall has been from 92 to 48 since 1900-05. In Elmira the fall has been from 45 to 15, in Lockport from 47 to 16, in Niagara Falls from 140 to 7.1. The list of cities whose death rate has been halved is too long for reproducing, and in each case the acts which have caused the saving of life are specified. While the reduction of the death rates is remarkable, the fact remains that many lower rates are disgraceful, remaining several times that of this city. It is not by accident that our water is kept pure. It is a matter of ceaseless vigilance and of keeping a keen eye on the officials charged with the duties in question. It would be easy to name names and cite records of advisers of the Governor who are in opposition to the policy of Dr. PORTER, under whose administration part of the records above have been achieved. No step backward and no compromise with filth for private reasons is the only motto in the battle against typhoid.

LABOR UNIONISM IN THE SCHOOLS.

Public spirit, the manifestation of a desire to think first and last of the children in their charge, and of their duty to make them intelligent and loyal citizens—this is little observable in the associations of men and women teachers. Since their successful foray upon the City Treasury with the false slogan of "equal pay," the leaders of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers have worked unblushingly for their pocketbooks, with little showing of regard for any real educational interest. They have been fomenters of strife and of mutiny, and their aim seems to be to keep the schools in a turmoil. The latest report concerning them is here reproduced from the columns of The Evening Sun:

> Under a newly conceived "Silence Agreement" unmarried women school teachers of this city are pledging each other that they will refuse to inform the Board of Education in case they marry. No more wedding rings. No more changing names for Mrs. Something-else; and, if any one should ask, all school teachers, whether married or not, will refuse to say. There is no by-law requiring an unmarried woman teacher to say that she is not married.

Of course, while married women are permitted in the school system, marriage must modify their attitude toward that system and their work in it, and a teacher when marrying is in honor bound to inform the Board of Education. The "Silence Agreement" is described as "another little scheme for annoying the board," since a part of the plan is to break the silence in case of a secret marriage just on the eve of the teacher's promotion. If the board then refuses to promote, more mutiny will follow.

The men teachers have taken their cue from the women. At a recent dinner of the Association of Men Teachers it was resolved that this body should fight for recognition "such as is now "given by employers' associations to "trade unions in closed shops." The associated male teachers wish to be classed as a labor union. Not the interests of the 700,000 school children in the system, but their own pecuniary interests take up their time, thought, and activities, and they have become fomenters of rebellion with the women. Both bodies were represented at Albany the other day to argue before the Legislative Committees on Cities bills that, in Prof. HANUS's opinion, would "convert the City Superintendent into "a subservient, petty official, instead "of recognizing him as the most im-"portant official of the school sys-"tem." One of these bills would authorize the designation at the instance of the Board of Education of any teacher to maintain an inspectorship over his superiors in the system, including the City Superintendent and the Associate Superintendents.

The mutinous spirit of the teachers has infected the Board of Education itself, and under its present administration a deliberate effort is being made by means of these bills, which it supports, to subvert the discipline of the schools. Voices are heard, indeed, but indistinctly amid the uproar, calling attention again to the needs of the vast army of the city's pupils who have been forgotten. But can these voices finally prevail? Is there in the teaching staff a spirit rising above the unhandsome countenance and activities of labor unionism?

THE MODERN HOTEL.

The twentieth anniversary of the opening of that hotel which has since served so well as a symbol of the public life of New York compels a note of comment. The city was neither small nor without hotels of distinction in 1893. New Yorkers prided themselves then on their modern ideas, and among the institutions in which they took pride their hotels were conspicuous. The advent of the Waldorf was not unduly acclaimed. Some appreciable time was required for the realization of its particular excellencies and advantages. That it represented an advance in hotel construction and management, and that ripe experience, good judgment, and uncommon foresight had combined to establish a new standard in the hotel world, were recognized facts before the Waldorf grew to be the Waldorf-Astoria, and by virtue of the aptitudes and genius of GEORGE C. BOLDT became the largest as well as the handsomest and most renowned of our public houses of that day.

Hotels of the first class have largely multiplied in recent years, but in every department of the modern hotel, not only in New York but in other American cities, and in the chief cities of Europe as well, there is abundant evidence of the Waldorf influence. Foreign hotel keepers crossed the ocean to see it, to study its scheme of management, and went home to keep their own taverns better. Meanwhile the big house near the summit of Murray Hill has prospered. Perhaps there are more "fashionable" houses now, in the narrower sense of the word, perhaps there are kitchens elsewhere that strive more assiduously to appeal to the exacting appetites of the comparatively few gour-mets which a commercial democracy has thus far produced.

But let it be remembered that Peacock Alley has lost none of its charm, that its conspicuous place in the human comedy has not been usurped. Long ago it was praised (or blamed) by OLIVER HERFORD for "lending exclusiveness to the masses." The well-dressed "masses" still throng it and all the other corridors, but, aside from its ever-changing show, we are not to be accused of prejudice for saying that SHENSTONE's famous quotation has applied for a score of years, in the mind of traveling Americans, more surely to the Waldorf than to any other modern hostelry:

> Whoe'er has traveled life's dull round,
> Where'er his stages may have been,
> May sigh to think that he has found
> The warmest welcome at an inn.

Yet we may be permitted to sigh, also, because recent hotel development has all been in one direction, toward largeness, splendor, extravagance, and regret that inns of a plainer, simpler kind have not multiplied, too. Comfort, warmth in Winter, plenty of fresh air, clean, well-aired sheets, neatness, and wholesome food well cooked and decently served, are the essentials of a good resting place for one who must travel. We must take our comfort now with a great deal of magnificence, and we must pay for both.

PORTRAITS BY PAUL HELLEU.

The eight portraits of American women by PAUL HELLEU, reproduced in a supplement to be published with THE SUNDAY TIMES to-morrow, not only exhibit the technique and the rare charm of the artist to the best advantage, but are exceedingly gratifying to our National pride. These typical women are all uncommonly lovely women, and each face denotes refinement of feeling, elevation of sentiment, and intellectual alertness. M. HELLEU, as is well known, has a strikingly original method of portraiture, but there is no hint of the bizarre in his manner. He expresses much in a very few lines, and with his sparing use of color produces admirable results.

The pictures are dry-point etchings, and the medium is particularly well adapted to the artist's style. His work in this country is bound to create a demand for dry-point etchings. The reproductions are absolutely perfect. Readers of THE SUNDAY TIMES will do well to remind their newsdealers not to miss them in distributing to-morrow's paper. All who do not regularly take THE SUNDAY TIMES, and desire a copy of this unique artistic supplement, must place their orders with the newsdealers early. It will be wise also to leave an early order at the same time for the Easter Number, March 23, which will contain a series of remarkable reproductions in color of master works in Mr. J. P. MORGAN's collection of paintings now on exhibition at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Audacity Has Its Utilities.

When a man gives the most convincing demonstration possible of his willingness to take a ride of several miles on a gigantic skyrocket, the very limit of human recklessness seems to be reached. Of course there remains, as a conception or ambition, the bestriding of a cannon ball, and M. VERNE long ago exploited the idea of traveling to the moon within such a projectile, and even managed to give it a certain plausibility. These, however, are admittedly but fancies, and nobody has as yet seriously proposed their realization.

RODMAN LAW not only talked the skyrocket scheme, but he went ahead, built a rocket which his computations told him was big enough to carry a passenger, loaded it with what he believed to be the right kind of powder, seated himself at its apex, and lighted the fuse. Had the subsequent proceeding met his expectations, he would have been promptly up and away on a vehicle compared with which, for safety, an aeroplane is as ox carts or wheelbarrows, and though he had been thoughtful enough to provide himself with a parachute with which to mitigate the vivacity of his inevitable descent, it is evident enough that the details of landing occupied no prominent position in his mind.

His expectations were not realized. Being the merest amateur as a pyrotechnist, the powder in his rocket exploded all at once instead of burning slowly—for powder—and his voyage ended thirty feet from where it began. And he wasn't seriously hurt!

The first emotion produced by contemplation of this episode is irritation that a man should thus madly risk his own life, and incidentally those of everybody else within the calculated radius of the big rocket's flight. The second is an impulse to get a law passed forbidding such experiments as useless as well as dangerous. One should not be hasty, however. The world owes a good deal—more than it will ever pay—to men who, like LAW, are much less interested than the huge majority of us in avoiding personal peril—men to whom risk is attractive in itself—who have an insatiable desire to prove that things can be done.

There is no theoretical impossibility about riding on a rocket, and while the obvious needs for such conveyance are not many or pressing, every follower of "pure science" knows that to be no reason for not essaying the feat.

Endangering the State's Reputation.

Our Senators and Assemblymen would do well, for the sake of their own and the State's reputation, to heed an appeal that has been sent to them over the signatures of HENRY FAIRFIELD OSBORN, President of the New York Zoological Society; MADISON GRANT, the Chairman of its Executive Committee, and Dr. WILLIAM T. HORNADAY, Director of the New York Zoological Park.

The plea of these high authorities on all that relates to the preservation of wild life is that the present Legislature may not undo the work done by its predecessor of three years ago—work which made New York the leader of the whole Union in intelligent protection of game birds. This guarding of a National asset of no small consequence from the immediate and complete destruction that then threatened it was accomplished by making illegal the shooting of water fowl in Winter after Jan. 10, and by forbidding the sale of native wild game at any time. This good example was followed in Massachusetts promptly, Oregon has just imitated it, California is on the point of doing the same thing, and other States have the matter under hopeful consideration.

But now there have been introduced no less than five bills to free the hands and load the guns—pump guns, usually—of the exterminating pot hunters. Senator O'KEEFE and Assemblymen FALLON and ROBINSON have each presented one to legalize Spring shooting—in order, the petitioners say, that if one fails another may slip through—while two other bills, bearing the names of Senator O'KEEFE and Assemblyman ROBINSON, would reopen the sale of ducks, brant, geese, swans, and other wild fowl.

As the authors of the appeal point out, these measures lack even the poor excuse of ignorance of what their effect will be, for this has been often explained and cannot be denied. "The barbarity of "shooting wild fowl in late Winter and "Spring, when on their way to their nest-"ing grounds, is too well known to call "for comment. The awful destructiveness "involved in the sale of game is beyond "dispute. The only question is: Have the "market gunners and game dealers suf-"ficient influence to induce our Legislat-"ure to pass those bills—or any one of "them—to drag down the Empire State "from its present high place, and cause "New York to be held up to public scorn "throughout the United States?"

We venture to advise the statesmen named above, and others, that they ponder this interesting question with some care before they cast their votes.

It Looks Like a Mistake.

Long as is the letter written by the officers of the New York Yacht Club in declining Sir THOMAS LIPTON's latest challenge to race again for the America's Cup, it does not make quite clear to us deeply interested landsmen anything except that its authors have a technical right, under the deed of gift, to reject if they choose any challenge that in the slightest degree their exercise of the privilege permits.

They fail to explain what objection they have to sailing the race with boats of the length preferred and proposed by Sir THOMAS—a length, by the way, which is almost exactly as far from being the shortest as it is from being the longest which the deed mentions as eligible. They do not deny what many besides Sir THOMAS assert—that 75 feet is a better length for a yacht than 90—but rest their whole case on a fixed unwillingness to use other than the highest limit of their unquestionable power.

This will be interpreted, probably with injustice, by a considerable portion of the American public as a determination to keep the conditions of the race as disadvantageous to the challenger as they can. That it will receive just that interpretation abroad is certain.

The theory is such an ugly one that to give even excuse for holding it seems to be injudicious—seems to involve a calamity even worse than the loss of the cup would be.

DUCK SHOOTING SEASON.

Its Extension Opposed by New York Biology Teachers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is pending in the New York State Legislature a bill to allow duck hunting this Spring beyond the present limits. This can only mean great destruction during the migration period and is really a monstrous stroke against the general conservation movement, which has just found expression in the purchase of Marsh Island by Mrs. Sage and in the Federal bill for the protection of birds, lately passed by Congress.

The New York Association of Biology Teachers has sent a letter of protest to every Assemblyman and Senator at Albany. I have received replies from many of these men, who commend our position. The bill can be killed if there can be aroused enough public opinion. Every one who cares for the presence of our wild life, which is economically so beneficial so far as the birds are concerned, should write a personal letter to his Assemblyman and Senator protesting against such kind of legislation.

PAUL B. MANN,
President New York Association of Biology Teachers.
New York, March 14, 1913.

Dogs and Their Masters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the question has been settled regarding the most suitable dog for a child's companion, I would like to ask which sort of child is most fit to be the playmate of a dog? Some children are so much more cruel, bad-tempered, and ill-mannered than the average dog that it seems well, in the interests of humanity, to be a little cautious in the selection of the dog's associate.

Boys who use animals merely as objects upon which to exercise their mischievous or vicious tendencies should be selected, perhaps, as side partners for the Spitz, as these dogs would be most likely to resent bad treatment. Even here it would go hard with the dog, for, as a rule, ill-mannered children have defective parents who would abuse the animal merely for an attempt at self-protection.

Perhaps it would be more humane not to pick a boy at all, unless his amiability and breeding were above reproach. Girls are not guilty of misusing animals to the extent in which they are misused by boys, but even here it behooves us to be careful. Association with a bad child of either gender will ruin the disposition of the best of dogs.

LURANA SHELDON.
Old Orchard, Me., March 14, 1913.

Minimum Wage in 1830.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the minimum wage discussion, I submit the following found in Niles's Register for April 17, 1830:

> Mr. Carey, who is never weary in the cause of philantrophy, (says The Philadelphia Inquirer,) has published another pamphlet on the inadequacy of the wages paid to females employed in the subordinate departments of mechanical trades. He states that there are in the four Northern cities probably from 18,000 to 20,000 women who, if constantly employed for sixteen hours out of the twenty-four, cannot, on an average, earn more than a dollar and a quarter per week.

The problem before Mr. Carey seems more appalling than that which confronts our modern social investigators.

M. K. L.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 13, 1913.

Without Woman's Consent?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Wilson has reiterated with emphasis a basic principle of the United States, thus: "All thoughtful leaders of republican governments everywhere hold that just government rests always upon the consent of the governed."

Considering the known sincerity and fearlessness of the President, this pronunciamento will bring joy to the women of some forty States—women governed not only without their consent, but often dominated cruelly in spite of half a century of protest. Rejoice, disfranchised comrades, the bandage is stripped from the eyes of Justice!

Mrs. ANNA RUTH WEEKS.
New York, March 13, 1913.

Oscar Straus for Mayor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As there is no doubt that a Fusionist Party will be formed to nominate candidates for election for the various city and county offices in opposition to the nominees of Tammany Hall, I would suggest that the present office holders, with the exception of the Mayor, be renominated, and that Oscar Straus be nominated as the City's Chief Magistrate.

WALTER H. LEWISSOHN.
New York, March 14, 1913.

WHY GIRLS GO WRONG.

One of the Unskilled Class Tells Her Story.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have for some time been reading in the papers and listening to men from the pulpits and platforms argue and express their opinions as to "Why girls go wrong," and while some of these opinions and arguments are a result of guessing, others, such as low wages, dismal home surroundings, &c., are true, but I have been waiting to read or hear of the greatest and most tragic of all causes why girls go wrong, and find that even the costly investigation at Chicago has failed to bring it out.

This cause exists in Chicago and in New York alike, and I hope that if J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., is sincere he will use the money which the investigation he has invited will cost him to help these victims, namely, the homeless, unskilled, and unemployed working girls.

For an unskilled working girl it is difficult enough to find employment except at a job paying $4 or $5 a week, but when she is also unfortunate enough not to have a home and applies to a storekeeper or to any business man for a least responsible position that pays near a living wage, she makes an unfavorable impression, and is turned away. The longer she is out of work the more she appears a doubtful character to those to whom she applies for work, and she is often asked, "How have you been living, being out of work and having no home?" These continual insults when seeking work are alone enough to suggest to a girl to do what she is suspected of having done. Is it any wonder if, when tramping the streets searching for work in a disheartened mood, girls yield to the temptations held out to them by flirts, mashers, white slavers, and others, who seek their prey among this class of girls? And it is this class that is inevitably doomed to the underworld.

Though I have stood on the brink of the precipice for the last six years, the reason I have not yet fallen is the fact that I have a power of endurance which thousands who do fall have not, and to prove to those who may be skeptical I am compelled to relate some of my own experiences.

When I was seventeen I lost my only friend, and it was necessary for me to get employment at once. Not having been taught any kind of work the best job I could get was in the office of a department store at $5 per week. I cooked my own coffee in the morning, which cost about two cents a cup, and purchased three rolls for two cents, one of which I had for breakfast and two for lunch, with another cup of coffee for which I paid three cents at the store lunch counter.

	Day.	Week.
Breakfast and lunch	.07	.48
Supper	.12	.84
Lodging	..	.75
Carfare	.10	.60
Store dues	..	.07
Clothes and sundries	..	1.26
		$4.00

Having no one to depend on in case of emergency, I managed to save at least one dollar weekly. In the month of November a job in another department store was offered me at $7 per week. That amount looked as big as all New York to me, and, of course, I accepted the job, but I did not know that help taken on at that time of the year was laid off on Christmas Eve. While working there I learned of that fact, so I lived even more economically than before, and walked about forty blocks to and from work in order to save for a time when out of work. At Christmas Eve I was one of the many hundreds who are laid off from department stores. My sorrow and anxiety about getting another job made Christmas seem as long as a century, and at 5 A. M. on Dec. 26 I was devouring the advertisements in all the papers I could read.

After a few days I obtained a place in a restaurant on West Street as cashier, but had to leave it at the end of a few weeks on account of the talk and insults I heard from sailors, drunkards, and ruffians who patronized the place.

Though I was awake most of the night and up at 5 A. M. daily, scanning the advertisements, everywhere I went I found a large army of girls, young and old, applying to answer an advertisement that called for one person, and one who lived at home and was neat and cheerful was the one always taken on. It was about four months before I was successful in getting another job, which was in another department store at $6 per week. While I was out of work, though I cut out the twelve-cent suppers and lived on ten cents or less a day, all I had saved was spent.

Because of these experiences I decided to take up a course in bookkeeping at night. In order to do this I tried more than ever before to save, and after attending school for two months I was compelled to leave, as I became sick, according to the doctors from lack of nourishment, and had to pay doctors what I saved on food to pay a tuition fee. On Christmas Eve I was again laid off in the next store to which I went. It then again took about three months before I got another job in a department store, for these stores do not take on help after Christmas until the Easter season. Then, because of my worried state of mind, I made errors in my work and was dismissed. It now became almost impossible for me to get work, even in department stores, for when a Superintendent looked over my application he would remark, "How is it you have worked in so many places and so short a time in each only to be laid off, dismissed? And you are not living at home. We want people with better records." So the only time I can get work now is during the busy seasons, Christmas and Easter, and I have to exist on what I save then for the rest of the year, doing odd jobs occasionally, such as addressing envelopes at 75 cents per 1,000.

Domestic work has at times been suggested to me, but until recently I regarded it as very humble work, and since I have changed my opinion I have not any more the strength for such work. Thus have I been existing for the last six years, during which time I have had more than one offer from gentlemen with money to be a friend to me. As I have said above, while I possess the power to endure misery, as well as my higher ideals which have kept me from falls, hundreds situated as I am and to whom society is cold and cruel have fallen.

A VICTIM OF EXISTING SOCIAL CONDITIONS.
New York, March 13, 1913.

The Carnegie Hall Balcony.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you be good enough to call the attention of your readers to the annoyance and inconvenience to which the music-loving public visiting the balcony at Carnegie Hall is being subjected? At the present time this balcony can only be reached by climbing an almost endless number of winding stairways, laid out, it seems, with an especial design for testing the endurance of the public in being able to climb to the top and still retain enough breath to enjoy the music.

BERNARD EDELHERTZ.
New York, March 13, 1913.

PRIZE PAINTINGS IN SPRING ACADEMY

Mr. Symons Takes the Saltus Medal for Merit with a Beautiful Landscape.

PAUL DOUGHERTY A WINNER

Receives Inness Award for His Version of Rocks and Sea. Gifford Beal's Circus Tent and Elephants.

It is reassuring to find that our optic nerve has not given way under the stress of the last few weeks. Even the impact of the ferocious color at the armory has not made it impossible to enjoy milder harmonies. The Spring Academy certainly is not ferocious, but neither is it dull. It is not absinthe, but neither is it milk and water. Call it good strong coffee, with an honest flavor and nothing Bulgarian about it.

We entered the Academy with the hope of finding there, at least opportunity for well-earned repose, but we found something better than that; we found agreeable companionship, blithe spirits, and something curiously fresh and American. Perhaps we were in the mood of the British gentleman who entered the Tate Gallery with cheer in his heart. "This is what I like," he said to his friend. "I don't like that National Gallery. It has too many of those foreigners in it." The foreigners have done us an immense amount of good, however. For one thing, they have set us to thinking about art, and that is enough for one season.

The landscapes at the Academy are abundant and of a quality. Some of the younger school of landscape painters seem to have worked out of the tendency they showed in their early work toward literalism, into a finer synthesis and a more sympathetic interpretation of nature's moods. Mr. Symons, once the most dispassionate young critic in the world, who would say little about the outdoor world except that she was muscular and cold, wins the Saltus Medal for Merit with a beautiful landscape of tenderly related values and color as suave as it is pure and strong.

Paul Dougherty wins the Inness Gold Medal with a version of rocks and sea in his later manner, rich in color, and somewhat impressionistic in touch. Gifford Beal wins the Thomas B. Clarke prize with a picture of a circus tent, from which elephants are emerging. The spots of color are not bound together by any very adequate links in the general design, but it is a brave, dashing little canvas, and a record of personal vision. Only we hope that Mr. Beal will go to other things besides circuses and hippodromes. A Reinhardt spectacle, for example, would keep his remarkable talent from crystallizing too sharply about one theme. The first Hallgarten prize went to George Bellows for a portrait of a child, the second went to Robert Spencer, and the third to M. Jean McLane for her portrait called "Brother and Sister," recently shown at the exhibition of the portrait painters. The Isaac A. Maynard prize for the best portrait in the exhibition goes to Margaret F. Richardson, and the Shaw prize to Helen M. Turner for a somewhat indecisive painting of a woman at a teatable on a porch. The accessories are chosen and rendered with a fine sense of their pictorial value as patterns of color, but the palette seems overdull for an outdoor picture.

We note among the figure paintings a portrait of a lady in a white gown with a blue wrap, very candid in expression, and well poised, by W. H. Smedley; a slightly withdrawing and emphatically refined portrait of a woman in a marvelously painted shawl, by F. Luis Mora; C. W. Hawthorne's self-conscious little girl with fish, two pictures of women at their dressing tables, by Robert Vonnoh; nice, complicated modern versions of the eternal feminine, the woman in black by Irving R. Wiles, who stands by a piece of white statuary and achieves a contrast thereby; a stoutish woman, whose ample contours are deprived of accent by the shimmer of outdoor light, by Childe Hassam; "Intermezzo," by Sergeant Kendall, an unusually melting and ingratiating picture of a child; a very beautiful picture of a child in red against a gray background, by Robert D. Gauley, and a brilliant, nervous portrait of a small, dainty lady in olive green, with dark hair and bright cheeks.

Ernest Peixotto shows a woman reading, not so sharp and shimmering as one expects from his black and white work; a well drawn mother and child in a home-like room, the mother reading, the child painting, the subject interest fairly dominant, is by Louise Cox; V. Pollock shows a cleverly painted Dutch subject, a woman in rather a rakish hat with rather a red-dish nose, with curls and with light eyelashes, all described with the gusto of a man who can command his pigment and needs not to entreat it.

There is a "Mother and Child" out of doors by Lillian Genthe. The child is a delicious bit of babyhood set on the canvas with all its indeterminate charm, the drawing of the chest and shoulders in the figure of the mother is a little cramped and unnatural, a dangerous chest for an attack of bronchitis. Martha Walter's enchanting baby on a hilltop maintains its charm among these Academy canvasses as it would among an equal number of old masters—the artist's talent is very close to its high-water mark in this picture. Emory Allbright's boys fishing forecasts the coming season and its out-of-door delights, but seems large in scale for the artist's method. There are nudes by Olinsky, Vaillant and Gilchrist, and there is a very attractive child's portrait by Lydia Emmet. Hugo Ballin's woman and child in a landscape we must applaud for its escape from studio lighting. The other pictures we reserve for later notice.

A "Washing-Up" Suggested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that the city is undergoing a Spring cleaning at the hands of the Sanitary department. Now it has occurred to me that a little water might be used and the job made thorough. In a little while the Croton supply will be flowing over the dam as it usually does at this season. To build another reservoir to store this overflow would be as economical as building a hogshead to hold a pail of water. Besides, if this surplus were utilized no waste would exist. Why not urge a liberal use in time of plenty?

Let the Water Department for the while suggest liberal applications for cleansing purposes. The streets could be flushed, sidewalks washed, and front stoops scrubbed.

If this were done a check would be put upon the deadly epidemics so prevalent at the break-up of Winter, and New Yorkers would enjoy a spotless town for a short time at least.

LILLIAN M. FEE.
New York, March 13, 1913.

MARCH 3D.

"Ah! give us but the vote," they cried,
"And we the land will free
Of crime and shame, and graft and sin,
And heartless cruelty.
Before its sway beneficent
The beast in man shall bow,
And peace shall be from sea to sea."
(They did not tell me how.)

Armed with this fine idea they rode
In purple, green and white,
Troop upon troop of trusty maids—
It was a glorious sight!
Alas! upon that army grand
Bore down a curious throng,
The good, the bad, the sane, the mad,
And filled the ways along.

The General charged right manfully.
(Or was it womanly?)
Votes cannot crack a rowdy's head—
"Help, help! police!" they cry.
It is not only laws you need
But the law's strong right arm,
To guard and shield, and ever yield
Protection from all harm.

They call on Governor and chief,
"Police!" they call again.
"Come infantry! come cavalry!
Ye Powers! Send us MEN!"

M. M.

PRINCESS OPENS WITH NOVEL BILL

Four Short Plays Blend Suspense and Fun with the Thrill of the Unexpectd.

SOME EXCELLENT ACTING

A Charming Little Theatre Where the Repertory Idea Promises Some Interesting Developments.

"THE SWITCHBOARD."
By Edgar Wallace.

The Operator	Miss O'Ramey
Voices on the wires	The Company

"FEAR."
By H. R. Lenormand and Jean d'Auguzan.

Beverly	Mr. Blinn
Skipton	Mr. Ellis
Bruff	Mr. Stokes
Holkar	Mr. Trevor
Chanda	Mr. Ford
Courier	Mr. Musson

"FANCY FREE."
By Stanley Houghton.

Fancy	Miss Kershaw
Delia	Miss Hartz
Ethebert	Mr. Blinn
Alfred	Mr. Trevor

"ANY NIGHT."
By Edward Ellis.

A Policeman	Mr. Blinn
A Street Walker	Miss Kershaw
A Young Man	Mr. Ford
A Young Girl	Miss Larrimore
A Hotel Clerk	Mr. Musson
A Waiter	Mr. Trevor
An Old Man	Mr. Ellis
A Fireman	Mr. Stokes

Princess Theatre.

For a time, at least, the Princess Theatre is likely to be an objective point for people who are seeking a smart and exceptional entertainment. And this new playhouse, with its programme of tabloid plays, certainly provides it. To begin with, the theatre itself is both attractive and comfortable, and the general conditions of a kind to make theatregoing pleasant, which has not always been the case of late. For example, there is a really good orchestra to fill in the time between the acts. And with a seating capacity limited to less than 300 it has been found possible to allow enough space between the rows to permit one to sit comfortably or to pass in and out without endangering other people's toes and millinery. Which in itself is a recommendation to mercy.

However, in the preparation of its first programme the promoters of this new repertory scheme have been rather successful, and if the acting is in some instances inferior to the material to be handled, it is never so unsatisfactory as to completely defeat the intentions of the writers. In several cases, moreover, it is surprisingly suggestive of a versatility which is not too common on our stage. In the last respect, the director, Mr. Holbrook Blinn, especially, and Mr. Edward Ellis, who figures also as playwright, are to be particularly commended. So the general result of the evening's entertainment is a very engrossing blend of suspense and fun, with the thrill of the unexpected to give it all a savor.

If there be objection on any side that the realistic presentation of a seamy side of life is lacking in good taste the answer may be that the fault lies with the fact, not with counterfeit presentment of the same. And there is probably as good reason to believe that the conveyance of such a horror as is involved in the playlet "Any Night" will "point a moral and adorn a tale," as there is to accept the reverse of the proposition. But that some such question was anticipated may be gleaned from the programme announcement wherein it is specifically urged that the management has decided to "discourage any except mature theatregoers." Even in Paris, where there is supposed to be more license, but where parental supervision is stricter than with us, M. Antoine has recently been at pains to send a circular to his subscribers asking them to leave their daughters at home during the representations of Machiavelli's highly seasoned play, "Mandragora," with which, by the way, it is said Pope Leo X. was so delighted that he never tired of seeing it. So the Princess management would seem to have no monopoly of its theory that there is dramatic material worth doing, but which is not suitable to the understanding of the young. In fact, three, at least, of the four items in the present programme might so qualify.

"The Switchboard," by Edgar Wallace, reverses the usual method of employing the telephone in a play, for here one is supposed to hear all the varying commands and complaints that come to "Central" from the subscribers along the line. The humor of the thing comes from the "mixing" of the wires with a young girl's serio-comic appeals for a lost dog and the Bide-a-Wee Home breaking in on the passionate love-making and plotting of several persons whose affairs promise to eventuate in the divorce court. The idea itself is clever, but would have seemed susceptible to better results, and much of its humor is now lost through the inability of several of the people playing "voices" to give point to the comedy lines.

Indeed, in respect to the playing of comedy, which, by the way, is one of the most difficult phases of the histrionic art, some of the principals of this company are notably deficient. This was again apparent in "Fancy Free," a delightful bit of satire by Stanley Houghton, which had the audience in gales of laughter in spite of the fact that Miss Willette Kershaw seemed to be wholly at sea in the rôle of the eloping wife. But she redeemed herself presently in a graphic portrayal of a drab type in the melodrama which closed the bill. "Fancy Free" is a bit of dramatic thistledown, with the scene laid in an English hotel at Brighton-by-the-Sea. There comes Fancy, a comely young matron, accompanied by Alfred with whom she has eloped, and thither, too, comes her husband, Ethebert, with one of those care-free young persons who drops her handkerchief in public places, then comments on the "delightfully wicked eyes" of the gallant who picks it up. Ethebert's confession to Alfred that his wife does not love him, and his solicitude for the man to whom she has transferred her favor, with the wife's sudden jealousy, and the exchange of partners, provides an obvious enough theme, but one in which the writing is so clever as to be persistently amusing.

And Mr. Blinn, who had previously distinguished himself by a terrifying exhibition of cowardice in the Grand Guignol play, "La Grande Mort," was equally successful here in an opposite phase, that of stolid and somewhat stupid tolerance and good humor. Miss Hartz sketched the flirtatious lady very cleverly, and Mr. Trevor was amusing, if not distinguished, as the philanderer.

The story of "Fear," as Lenormand and d'Auguzan's melodrama is titled in the English version, was described at length in these columns when the play was being acted in Paris. It is in two scenes, both laid in an English Army bungalow in India, and deals with a cholera epidemic, "The Grand Death," as the natives term it. One of the officers, Beverly, sick with fever, has developed an acute case of cowardice, and, fearing infection from a fellow officer, shoots him in the back. Subsequently, one of the native sufferers comes screaming into the place, and he and Beverly are shot down by a squad of soldiers, acting under the command of a superior officer, who has orders from home to take heroic measures to blot out the plague.

Grim, terrifying, and full of color, the little play loses nothing in the acting of the Princess company, though the eye would have been better satisfied with Mr. Blinn and Mr. Ellis exchanging rôles, since the former seems so much more the powerful man physically. But both of them acted with fine effect, Mr. Blinn with a magnificent suggestion of nerve wrack and Mr. Ellis with splendid vigor and directness. Mr. Stokes and Mr. Ford are to be commended for their share in the effect. But the man who provided the sagging and badly measured back-drop and the one who put piffling blank cartridges in the revolver on the night of the dress rehearsal worked a lot of damage to the general result. However, these things have doubtless been amended ere this.

"Any Night," by Edward Ellis, was originally presented at a Lambs' Gambol, and it is a graphic, if, possibly, unnecessary, presentation of that phase of life which centres about the Raines law hotel. Fire breaks out and the characters are finally assembled in a room in the establishment, where a father meets his supposedly innocent daughter and decides to perish with her in the flames. Its weakest moments are those in which the girl of the streets bids for sympathy with a familiar recital about those dependent upon her, but as an example of dramatic light and shade and rampant realism it is impressive if forbidding. The scene between the boy and the girl in which he urges her to go with him is in questionable taste and quite unnecessary. Mr. Trevor's sketch of a hotel porter is notably good, and Mr. Blinn, as the policeman, and Mr. Ellis, as an old man, again demonstrate versatility in accomplishment. Miss Kershaw's street walker is excellent, and Miss Larrimore, Mr. Musson, and Mr. Ford fill in the other rôles neatly.

It may be doubted, however, whether much of the sort of thing involved in Mr. Ellis's play should be encouraged on our stage, since its actual effect upon a general morale seems doubtful. And one may reasonably question whether the occasional counterfeit presentment of the conditions it presents will be more potent to stop them than the actuality which is constantly in evidence.

By no means perfect performances, the company's effort suggests the possibilities of a type of entertainment both unique and appealing, and the future of the theatre will be watched with interest.

BRIEUX PLAY ACTED.

"Damaged Goods" Proves Impressive as Drama and Argument Before Special Audience.

DAMAGED GOODS, (Les Avaries,) a play in three acts, by Eugene Brieux. Fulton.

M. George Dupont	Richard Bennett
Doctor	Wilton Lackaye
Henriette	Miss Grace Elliston
Mme. Dupont	Miss Amelia Gardner
Maid	Miss Roberta Taylor
Nurse	Miss Laura Burt
Medical Student	John Warner
Loches	Dodson Mitchell
Woman	Miss Margaret Wycherly
Man	Clarence Handyside
Girl	Miss Mable Morrison

Without entering into a prolonged discussion of the advisability of presenting such a play as Brieux's "Les Avaries" before a miscellaneous assemblage the fact may be recorded that yesterday's performance at the Fulton Theatre in the Englished version, under the title of "Damaged Goods," proved a highly engrossing and impressive affair. Brieux's plays are well known to people who keep abreast with modern literature. And both in France as well as here no discussion of them can be regarded as worth while which deals with them solely as theatrical material. Of their value as sociological propaganda there is not the least little doubt in the world, or there ought not to be in the minds of any intelligent person.

Of the value of such sociological discussion when projected through the mouths of actors in the theatre there is, however, a very considerable difference of opinion. There will be many people, doubtless, who will urge that general public representations of the play could not possibly work any real harm and might be the means to incalculable good. But on this point it is not safe for any one person, certainly not the dramatic reviewer, to attempt a final verdict. What he may do, however, is to disparage any light and flippant dismissal of the play as an effort at sensationalism, and join hands with the audience in congratulating those who were concerned upon the generally dignified and successful conduct of the presentation.

For two acts, at least, "Damaged Goods," in spite of its obvious purpose, which places it in the list of thesis plays, becomes cumulatively effective in action, with an occasional discussion like that between the physician and his patient in the first act, which might be advantageously curtailed, thereby gaining in dramatic power and losing little, if anything, as argument. But the lesson is driven home with tremendous force, and the ultimate denouement of the second act is most powerful and affecting.

It is in this second act, too, that the skill of Brieux as a playwright rather than as a sociologist is most patent. The situations are so contrived as to lead to a logical and natural development with character drawing that is magnificent, and a variety in light and shade in incident that represents the very highest skill in dramaturgy. No more dramatic contrast could be imagined than is represented in the passages of the opening scene between husband and wife, wherein is expressed the joy in their union and the bliss of parenthood, and those subsequent scenes in which the tragedy of the household is disclosed. And as in "Maternite," and others of his plays, M. Brieux is most successful when, for the purpose of driving home his lesson, he allows the various characters to argue in conventional terms, then overturns their commonplaces with an indictment and a truth so readily apparent that one begins to wonder how people could ever have the effrontery to justify their acts by such flim-flam hypocrisy or ignorance.

Certainly, the two first acts of "Damaged Goods" are as potent dramatically as they are "good" as literature and purposeful as propaganda. But the third act is more in the nature of an exhibit, a summoning, as it were, of the arguments in concrete tangible symbols, with no positive definite association with the dramatic structure that has gone before. But to say that the matter of the third act is unrelated to that which has preceded it would be absurd. The play as a play practically ends, however, with the closing of the second act.

The Rev. John Haynes Holmes of the Church of the Messiah read the preface before the play was acted yesterday afternoon and at its close. Richard Bennett, called on for a speech, deferred to Wilton Lackaye who expressed the belief that the actors of the company could have no better monuments than the memory of assisting in a performance which, they hoped, might be the means of promoting legislation to better conditions. And, though it had been asked that the performance be discussed from the point of view of the sociological rather than the theatrical interest involved, it would be unfair to omit some testimony to the excellence of the performance. Upon Mr. Bennett, acting with great variety and finesse the role of the husband, and Mr. Lackaye, who brought out splendidly the salient traits of strength and sympathy in the Doctor, the burden of the effort rested. But there were contributing excellencies in the work of Miss Elliston, Miss Gardner, Miss Burt, Miss Wycherly, and Miss Morrison.

The performance was given under the auspices of The Medical Review of Reviews and its Sociological Fund. Although efforts had been made to limit the seats to those who would be properly interested in the performance, the omnipresent speculator was in evidence on the sidewalk and offered his wares without apparent interference.

Among Those Present.

Among those who were present at the performance of "Damaged Goods" at the Fulton Theatre yesterday were J. C. Seligman, Oswald G. Villard, Paul Warburg, Mrs. J. L. Waterbury, Bayard Veiller, W. J. Schieffelin Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Flexner, Cecil De Mille, Dr. Simon Flexner, Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, Eugene Glaenzer, Dr. Florence Leigh Jones, Mrs. E. M. Ladd, Jr., Mitchell Kennerly, Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Klein, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Laidlaw, Mr. and Mrs. N. I. Twombly, W. Ford Upson, Frank A. Vanderlip, Mrs. T. Scott Welton, Martin J. Wilcox, Charles S. Whitman, and Mrs. P. H. Sturge.

MISS BLAIR ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair to Wed William Clark.

The engagement of Miss Marjory Bruce Blair, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair, to William Clark, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. William Clark of New York and Bernardsville, N. J., is announced.

Miss Blair sailed for Europe on Feb. 18 with her mother and sister, Miss Florence L. Blair. They expect to spend the Spring in Rome. Miss Blair was introduced to society at the same time as her sister, season before last, and is popular in the younger set. Her father is Commodore of the New York Yacht Club.

Mr. Clark is a graduate of Harvard, class of '12, and is at Harvard Law School. He is a grandson of the late William Clark of Scotland.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Made in Atlanta for 25 years.
MATCHLESS FLAVOR
Nunnally's Famous Candy
Now Made in New York
Ask for it, fresh daily, at all good druggists and grocers.
New York Factory, 154 W. 14th St.

BERMUDA COSTUME BALL A GAY EVENT

Throng Dances at the Hamilton in Celebration of President Wilson's Inauguration.

MANY FANTASTIC GARBS

Coaching Parties at Derby Day Races —Tennis Tournament—Arrivals at Princess and Other Hotels.

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 10.—One of the events of the season has been the Costume Ball at the Hamilton Hotel, given in honor of President Wilson's inauguration. The big hotel was crowded with diners and dancers.

Miss Cleveland appeared as "Rago." Miss Anderson wore a beautiful dress of shimmering gold tissue. Miss Florence Hague of New York had a splendid Eastern costume. Miss N. Lightbourne, Miss Helena Gesling, Bermuda; Miss Louise Hine, Cleveland, and Miss Dorothy Tate, Toronto, chose the dress of Eastern women and made picturesque figures.

Miss Josephine Dana Gibson was a clown and Mrs. G. Preuyne of Albany a black pierette. A gorgeous Eastern costume was worn by Mrs. R. Thomas of New York, who found it impossible to dance in it, so took a gay supper party with her to White's Island, whence strains of merriment floated across to Hamilton till early next morning.

Mrs. J. S. Eells was a "Powder Puff," and one of the smartest costumes was Miss Edna Waterman's Hussar dress. Miss Virginia White, Morristown, looked handsome as an Italian peasant; Miss Madelon Tompkins of New York made a delightful Dolly Varden.

Other noteworthy costumes were: Mrs. C. I. Hendrix, New York, Balkan costume; Jean Edouard Muster, New York, Monsieur Beaucaire; Capt. Lawrence of the Coldstream Guards, Spanish Cavalier; C. v. F. Fogel, New York, Mephistopheles; F. H. Higgins, New York, Chinese Mandarin; Edgar Phalman, Bermuda, "Sandy McNab,"; A. B. Smith, Bermuda, John Bull; Capt. Imgent, King of Diamonds; Capt. Smoyne, Albanian; Miss Edgar Pearman, Stars and Stripes; Miss McKenzie, New York, Entente Codiale; Miss Prescott, Washington, Rembrandt; Mrs. John Black, Lavinia Wilfer; Miss Trumbie, Connecticut, Petit Trianon.

Among those giving dinners at the Hamilton before the ball were J. S. Eells of the Casuarinas, who had a dinner party of twenty, including Lord George Seymour of H. M. S. Melpomene; Mrs. R. Thomas, New York; Mrs. Wallace, Pittsburgh, one of twelve, including Mr. and Mrs. J. Russell, Cambridge, Mass.; and Mr. and Mrs. Denny, New York.

Every year more artists come to Bermuda. Denys Wortman has just been married to Miss Aimée Kempe, daughter of an old Bermuda family. G. M. Bicknell, whose work is well known, has been holding exhibitions of his pictures every week, and has sold a large number. He acted as judge at the Arts and Crafts Club, which held its exhibition this week. The Governor of Bermuda and many local artists exhibited. Mrs. Perry of Brooklyn had pictures there, also her two children, Fairfield and Martin, who received special prizes from Lady Bullock. Admiral Upshur was present, also Mrs. Moncure Robinson and many other visitors.

The annual Derby Day races were held on Tuesday in splendid weather. Mr. and Mrs. Roger Lutz of New York had a coaching party, which included Mr. and Mrs. Clemson and Mrs. Lincoln of Pittsburgh. Mrs. J. S. Eells also had a large party at luncheon. Mrs. Howard Browne of Albany, Dr. Ballishall, Mrs. Fero, and Miss C. Browne were another party.

A supper party was given in the grill room of the Hamilton on Monday night, after the band concert, by Mrs. R. Thomas of New York, and Mrs. McKaye, Mrs. Lincoln of Pittsburgh, Mrs. W. M. Conyers of New York, Mrs. Ellis of Montana, and the Misses Morgan were among the guests.

The tennis tournament on the grounds of the Hamilton Hotel has an entry of 128 players. Great interest is being shown, and on Saturday the Governor will give the prizes. Members of the committee are F. O. Speddon of Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; Capt. Lawrence of the Coldstream Guards, and E. Lentithon of New York.

A bridge party was given by Miss Madelon Tompkins at the Hamilton on Friday. There were six tables. Handsome prizes were won by Miss Agatha Ingham, Mrs. Myers, and Miss Marion Ingham.

On Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Marceau gave a farewell party to seventeen guests at Tom Moore's house. Some of the guests came in H. W. King's four-in-hand. Miss Margaret F. Tompkins of New York driving.

James Howard Bridge, his daughter, and Miss Mary Freeland are staying at Marchmont. He is a member of the New York Authors' Club and a friend of W. H. Bishop, late United States Consul at Palermo, who is staying at the Belmont with Mr. Larry Chittenden. The latter has been having a genial poetic battle in the local papers, and has caused much amusement by his witty replies in verse.

Corliss Morpark, the artist, is at the Belmont, also Mr. R. F. Stackhouse of Montreal.

Visitors at the Princess Hotel include G. B. Mead, Jr., and Mrs. Mead, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wells, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Baker, Jr., Ralph H. Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Ostrander, Miss Agnes G. Landon, R. G. Stackhouse of Montreal, Louis H. Case, G. H. Angell, and E. L. Ford of Detroit.

The Hamilton Hotel has Gen. Burnett and his son, Justice Wells of Ottawa, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Weber, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Gormley, Miss O'Connell, E. B. Carroll, G. E. Chamberlain, Dr. E. C. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Gignon, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Waring, Mrs. A Holmes, Mrs. H. O. Farout, E. T. Vanderpoel, F. H. Daland, and Arthur N. Rich.

The St. George Hotel is very busy. The Wednesday dance was attended by most of the people who went to the races, the course being half-way between Hamilton and St. George's. F. Harrison Higgins of New York was host to a large party, including Miss Addison, Stamford, Conn.; Miss Prescott, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. R. Lutz, New York; Mrs. W. M. Conyers, recently of New York, and W. M. Convers, Bermuda, and Mr. and Mrs. Clemson, Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Ralph Thomas, Miss Morgan, Mr. Esler, and Allen Hulbert came in the latter's motor boat and stayed till Thursday morning.

A. G. Cooper, who is staying at the Princess Hotel, Hamilton, brought a large party to fish in Castle Harbor and had a big catch.

Recent arrivals are Miss Bertha Regan, Mrs. and Miss Bergdorf, Syracuse, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Stedman, Garden City, L. I.; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Vollmer and Mr. and Mrs. Vanninger, Rochester, N. Y.; L. S. Varnee, Reading, Conn., and Mr. and Mrs. Driscoll, Holyoke, Mass.

Dr. Roland G. Curtin.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Dr. Roland G. Curtin, noted physician and writer on medical topics and the son of Andrew Gregg Curtin, Pennsylvania's wartime Governor, died at his home, 22 South Eighteenth Street, to-day. Dr. Curtin was 74 years old. He was one of the teaching staff of the University of Pennsylvania from 1883 until 1903, and held many important Government posts. During the Centennial he was Assistant Medical Director of the exposition, and in 1893, at the World's Fair, was elected President of the medico-climatology division of the World's Medical Congress. At the time of his death he was President of the medical staff of the Philadelphia Hospital, President of the Association of the Hospital Physicians and Surgeons of Philadelphia, and a member of every medical society of note and distinction in the United States.

M. Firmin Roz Lectures.

A lecture was delivered at the MacDowell Club last night under the auspices of the Alliance Francaise by M. Firmin Roz, who talked on the subject of the theatre of to-day and its relation to the customs of the times.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The Société Française of Columbia University gave a soiree last night at Earl Hall, which was followed by dancing. Among the patronesses were President and Mrs. Nicholas M. Butler, Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. William G. Rockefeller, Mrs. Paul Lambert, and Dean and Mrs. Keppel.

Viscount Exmouth is at the Hotel Belmont for a visit, also Sir Henry Lowther and T. Frame Thomson of London.

Miss Josephine Nicoll is entertaining a number of friends at Ossining for the week-end.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Anne Barton, daughter of Charles Eddison of Irvington, N. Y., to W. K. Frimley, the youngest son of E. Furse Frimley of Surrey, England. The wedding is to take place on June 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Bradley, who have been at the Plaza for a week, have returned to Washington, D. C.

Miss Katharine P. Newbold of Tuxedo is at the Hotel Gotham for a visit.

Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner, who, with Mr. Warner is at the Ritz-Carlton, will give a theatre party and supper on Monday evening.

Mrs. Stephen Baker returned on Wednesday from Montreal, but is not planning any entertaining this Spring.

Mr. and Mrs Joel Nott Allen will give a large reception with music this afternoon at the Sherwood Studios, 58 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Cass Gilbert entertained at 42 East Sixty-fourth Street last night with a dinner of twelve covers for Col. E. M. House and Mrs. House.

Mrs. Charles Warren Hunt and Miss Alice Riggs Hunt left town yesterday for the Virginia Hot Springs, to spend several weeks.

Col. Thomas M. Canton.

Col. Thomas M. Canton of 206 East Sixteenth Street, a retired lawyer and veteran of the civil war, died on Thursday in his eighty-third year. He was born in Dublin, and came to this country in 1849. He was an officer in the Sixty-ninth Regiment when the war started, and served with the Army of the Potomac until he was wounded before Richmond. For his gallant services he was brevetted Assistant Adjutant General. At the close of the war he was appointed a Judge in Columbia, S. C. Col. Canton is survived by his wife.

Ludwig Delbrueck, Banker, Dead.

Ludwig Delbrueck, banker of Berlin, member of the Supervision Committee of the firm of Krupp and financial adviser to the Kaiser, died in Berlin on Thursday. On Jan. 1, 1911, his firm, Delbrueck, Leo & Co., was amalgamated with Schickler Brothers, the oldest banking firm, founded in Berlin in 1712. The joint capital of the combined firms was estimated at $17,500,000.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH R. ROESCH, Chief of the Fire Department of Rockville Centre, L. I., and prominent in firemen's organizations in this State, died on Thursday at his home in that place. He was born in Liverpool, England, thirty-eight years ago.

JOSEPH FOLLMER, for many years a hotel keeper in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 55 Union Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-sixth year.

Mrs. JULIA WANZER OAKEY, widow of the Rev. P. D. Oakey, for many years pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Jamaica, L. I., died on Tuesday of tuberculosis in the Choronatta Mission, Perenag, India, in her seventy-ninth year. She had been at the mission for the last eight years. Mrs. Oakey at the time of her husband's death lived at Springfield, L. I. She is survived by several step-children.

FRANCIS BROADNAX, 51 years old, a consulting engineer, whose home was at 140 Walnut Street, Montclair, N. J., was found dead yesterday in his room at a hotel in Utica, N. Y.

FREDERICK UPHAM PRICE, for forty years in the employ of Swift & Co., died yesterday at his home, 6 Carleton Place, Flushing.

ANTON SCHERTEL, 58 years old, who had been stage manager of the German music dramas at the Metropolitan Opera House for the past six years, died Thursday night in his apartment, 240 West Thirty-eighth Street, of pulmonary tuberculosis.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON SHERRERD, 53 years old, a mining engineer, died suddenly yesterday in his home in Newark, N. J.

CHARLES A. D. MEYERHOFF, 79 years old, one of the oldest native newspaper men of New York, died suddenly of heart disease on Thursday at Victor Street and Morris Park Avenue, the Bronx. He lived in Robertson Place. Mr. Meyerhoff was for many years employed on the New York Tribune. At the time of his death he was a member of the editorial staff of The North Side News.

CHAUNCEY TOMPKINS SECOR, for twenty-eight years a member of the Board of Supervisors of the town of Scarsdale and a descendant of ex-Gov. Tompkins of this State, died on Thursday at his home in Long View Avenue, White Plains, in his sixty-eighth year. He was born in Westchester County and passed his life on the Secor farm, in the possession of his family since 1710. He was a Director of the Citizens' Bank of White Plains, and left a large estate.

Mrs. JANE MARSH PARKER, writer and one of the founders of the Ignorance Club of Rochester, among the earliest women's clubs organized in this country, died of bronchial pneumonia on Thursday in Los Angeles, Cal. She was born in Milan, N. Y., seventy-six years ago. Her best-known books are "A Story Historical" and "The Midnight Cry."

HENRY L. PARNELL, President of the Merchants' Union Ice Company, and a relative of Charles Stewart Parnell, the Irish statesman and Parliamentary leader, died of hardening of the arteries on Thursday at his home, 18 Poplar Place, New Rochelle. Mr. Parnell was born in Kingston, Ontario, fifty-five years ago.

Mrs. GRACE C. CARLEY, wife of Francis D. Carley and mother of Mrs. Oliver Harriman, of 34 East Fifty-second Street, is dead at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles W. Harris, at Hot Springs, S. D. Mrs. Harriman was with her mother when she died. Mrs. Carley was Miss Grace C. Chess, daughter of William Chess of St. Louis, before her marriage. Besides her husband and daughters, she is survived by her son, Francis C. Carley of 118 East Fifty-fourth Street.

Mrs. ETTA LE BROCQ WHITNEY, wife of L. G. Whitney, head of the Whitney Duplicate Checking System, died in St. Luke's Hospital on Thursday, following an operation. Mrs. Whitney was born on Prince Edward's Island forty years ago. She lived at 37 West Ninety-third Street.

SAMUEL K. SMITH, 64 years, inventor of machines and processes that revolutionized the silk manufacturing industry, and among them a process that enabled the Government to use silk in making paper, died of asthma on Wednesday at his home in Becket, Mass.

Mrs. HELEN B. MACLAY, wife of Archibald M. Maclay, an attorney, died after an extended illness on Thursday at her home, 39 West Sixty-ninth Street. She was 48 years old.

WILLIAM MONROE McNARY, 75 years old, an ivory manufacturer, died of complication of diseases on Thursday at his home in New Britain, Conn. He was a veteran of the civil war.

THOMAS KRAG, the Norwegian novelist, died yesterday in Christiania.

Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs.

Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs, organizer of the Beth Israel Hospital and the chief surgeon and honorary Secretary of the Medical Board of that institution, died yesterday from pneumonia at his home, 1,325 Madison Avenue. Dr. Isaacs was born in 1866 and studied medicine at Bellevue Hospital, from which he was graduated in 1886. He was one of the visiting staff of the Sydeham Hospital, a member of the Eastern Medical Society, and the New York Physicians' League. Dr. Isaacs is survived by a widow, a son, and a daughter.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

LURIE—WORONOFF.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Woronoff of 148 2d Av., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter Freda to Mr. Julius Lurie of Brooklyn. At home Sunday, March 23, 1913, from 3 to 6 o'clock.

Married.

LANG—KANE.—March 13, Irene G. Kane to Frank H. Lang.

Died.

ADAMS.—Samuel G. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Saturday, 8 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

AINSWORTH.—In New York, Friday, March 14th, 1913, Catherine Frances Ainsworth of Dedham, Mass. Service at Grace Church Chantry on Saturday, March 15th, at 10:30 A. M.

BEACON.—Edward Beacon, 608 Mott Av., Bronx, in the 77th year of his age, March 14, 1913. Funeral services at his late home, 608 Mott Av., Sabbath afternoon at 4 o'clock.

BECKETT.—On Friday, March 14th, at her residence, 2,643 Broadway, Elizabeth Ann Beckett, widow of the Rev. George Beckett, D. D. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOSKEY.—May Boskey, beloved daughter of Rose and the late Harris Boskey, in her 14th year. Funeral services from the home of her mother, 70 Lenox Av., Sunday, at 10 A. M.

CLARKE.—On Wednesday, March 12, after a long illness, Louise Brownell, widow of Charles M. Clarke, formerly of Washington, D. C., and eldest daughter of the late Asa C. Brownell of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services on Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock at Funeral Chapel, 18 Clinton St., Brooklyn. Interment at Woodlawn. Washington and Providence papers please copy.

COBURN.—In Hartford, Conn., March 13, 1913, Lena May, beloved wife of Hewitt Coburn, Jr., and daughter of the late Robert T. and Hannah M. Carter. Funeral services at her late residence, 36 Highland St., Sunday, March 16, at 7:30 P. M. Friends wishing to attend services at residence can leave New York P. M., arriving in Hartford 6:35. Interment private. Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. Forest Avenue Bowne Mausoleum Monday, 11:15 A. M.

DAUCHY.—Eliza, at Innwood, L. I., mother of William R. James, March 13, in her 73d year. Funeral Sunday, March 16, at 12 noon, from funeral parlors of William Necker, 393A Gates Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services in the Methodist-Episcopal Church at Lawrence, L. I., at 1:30.

EYTINGE.—On Friday, March 14, Elizabeth Seabury Eytinge, in her 83d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 67 Riverside Drive, on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

FARRINGTON.—At his late residence, 12 New England Terrace, Orange, N. J., on Thursday, March 13, 1913, the Rev. William G. Farrington, D. D., in his 81st year. Funeral services at All Saints' Church, Orange, at 10:30 A. M., on Saturday, March 15, on the arrival at the Highland Av. Station of the 9:30 train from New York, D., L. & W. R. R. (It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.)

FERRIS.—At his residence, the Audubon, 3,750 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday evening, March 13, 1913, Smith Ferris, beloved husband of Sarah Elizabeth Seymour, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral services at his residence, Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Burial at Stillwater, N. Y., Monday afternoon.

FUREY.—On March 12, 1913, Robert Furey, at the residence of his brother, 10 8th Av., Brooklyn. Funeral on Saturday, March 15, 1913, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Pacific St. and Vanderbilt Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

HANCE.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Hannah M., widow of the late Thomas Hance and daughter of the late Charles M. and Letitie Thomas. Funeral from her late residence, 39 Franklin Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Sunday, March 16, at 4 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Train leaves Grand Central Station, New York City, 3:10 P. M. Interment private. Red Bank (N. J.) papers please copy.

HOUSTON.—At Kinderhook, N. Y., on Friday, March 14, Helen Middleton, widow of James Buchanan Houston, in her 72d year. Funeral private. Washington papers please copy.

ISAACS.—On Friday, March 14, at 1,325 Madison Av., Dr. Archibald Ezekiel Isaacs, beloved husband of Jennie and father of Harold and Lucille, after a brief illness. Funeral Sunday.

ISAACS.—On Friday, March 14th, Dr. Archibald Ezekiel Isaacs, beloved husband of Jennie, and father of Harold and Lucille, after a brief illness. Funeral from his late residence, 1,325 Madison Av., Sunday, at 10:30 A. M. Interment in Union Fields Cemetery. Rodolph Sholom Congregation.

ISAACS.—A special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Beth Israel Hospital, called for the purpose of taking action on the death of Mr. Archibald E. Isaacs, was held at the hospital on March 14, 1913. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted; the board also resolved to attend the funeral in a body:

Whereas, We have learned with deep sorrow of the death of our beloved fellow-Director and dear friend, Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs, whose life-work has gained for him the honor, respect, and affection of all who knew him and who passed away at the height of a career, which though still at the threshold of success was crowned with honor and replete with service to mankind, and

Whereas, Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs was a man of unusual qualities, though sweet, kind, and retiring in disposition, he was nevertheless a man of great determination and force of character; he was endowed with exceptional ability and attainments and gifted with unusual professional skill, and

Whereas, As one of the founders of Beth Israel Hospital, and its Honorary Secretary since its organization he not only gave freely and cheerfully of his counsel, time, and energy in co-operating with the Board of Directors in the administration of the hospital, but he devoted his professional ability and skill almost entirely to the service of the poor, and thus aided the institution in fulfilling its mission of service to humanity, be it

Resolved, That we express our sincerest sorrow at his untimely death, and that we extend our heartfelt condolence to his bereaved and sorrowing family. His spirit lives after him, and the Beth Israel Hospital, the establishment and progress of which was largely due to his wisdom and energy, stands as a perpetual monument to his beloved memory; and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this board, that an engrossed copy be forwarded to his family, and that a copy be sent to the press for publication.

Mr. JOSEPH H. COHEN, President.
Mr. MELVILLE J. SCHOLLE,
Acting Secretary.

ISAACS.—A special meeting of the Medical Board of the Beth Israel Hospital, called for the purpose of taking action on the death of Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs, was held at the hospital on March 14, 1913, at 2 o'clock. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted; the board also resolved to attend the funeral in a body:

Whereas, Death has claimed and taken from us Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs, who, in the many years of our mutual contact, has become endeared to us by reason of his sterling qualities as a man, his earnestness as a colleague, his devotion to his profession, and his contributions to its progress, and

Whereas, Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs has been taken from us at the height of a successful professional career, made so by his own energy and ability, just as he was about to realize the fruits of the self-sacrificing labor and efforts he gave to the cause of humanity, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we give expression to the feelings of heartfelt sorrow that overwhelm us on the occasion of his untimely death; we feel that by his departure in the prime of life and in his uncompleted career, the cause of humanity has lost an ardent advocate, medicine a brilliant devotee, and the Beth Israel Hospital an earnest and able worker, and be it further

Resolved, That we extend our most sincere condolence to his sorrowing family in this, their and affliction; their grief is great in the loss of a loving son and husband and devoted father; may he live in their memory for his love and goodness, and in our memory for his deeds and accomplishments, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this board, a copy be sent to the bereaved family, and copies be forwarded to the press for publication.

J. E. REINTHALER, M. D.,
President, Medical Board.
L. J. LADINSKI, M. D.,
Acting Secretary.

ISAACS.—Eastern Medical Society: The members of the Eastern Medical Society are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of our late member and ex-President, Dr. Archibald E. Isaacs, at the Synagogue Kehilath Jeshurun, 117 East 85th St., on Sunday morning, March 16, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock.

JOSEPH BARSKY, M. D.,
President.

KEENEY.—On Thursday, March 13, 1913, Seth L. Keeney, in his 82d year. Funeral services March 16, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., at his late residence, 221 Clermont Av., Brooklyn.

KEMPTON.—Entered into rest at East Orange, N. J., on March 14, 1913, Sarah Barton Kempton, daughter of the late Col. James and Mary Mumford Barton of New B

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React Narrowly—Sharp Declines in New Haven and Southern Pacific.

An uncertain movement of prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday resulted in a slight net loss in the general level of quotations. Trading was light and the narrowness of the majority of price changes was in keeping with the smallness of the business done. There were, however, a few noteworthy movements, among which stood out prominently the net loss of 2¼ points in Southern Pacific, and the slightly smaller net decline in New York, New Haven & Hartford. It has long been a matter of discussion whether the New Haven Directors would feel warranted in continuing the company's dividend at the existing rate of 8 per cent., and it was natural that yesterday's decline in the stock which carried it to a new low record should have brought up for fresh discussion the company's dividend position. The Directors recently declared a quarterly dividend at the usual rate, which will not be actually paid until March 31, and it will be some time before the New Haven Board will be called upon to decide on the amount of the next dividend. Whatever may be their decision, it is natural enough that so long as the stock sells at a price which is out of line with its dividend rate, report should busy itself with the possibility of a reduction.

The other noteworthy movement of the day, the decline in Southern Pacific, was not unconnected with the morning's news that a fair chance seemed to exist that the plan for the separation of the Southern Pacific from the Union Pacific would be approved in time to avoid its failure through the expiration of the underwriting arrangement which will expire at the close of to-day unless the plan is declared operative before midnight. It was not apparently on any estimate of the ultimate effect of the separation upon the business of the Southern Pacific that the sharp decline in the stock was based. Rather had this to do with the technical situation created by the sale of $126,600,000 of the stock by the Union Pacific. There have been some signs that the recent strength of Southern Pacific during the time when the success of the plan of separation seemed more uncertain than it now appears was due to covering by participants in the underwriting syndicate who had previously sold Southern Pacific short against their interest in the syndicate. The resale of this stock in the belief that the plan, after all, might be successfully carried out may well have accounted for yesterday's decline in Southern Pacific.

Money was no tighter, but neither was it easier yesterday, except to the extent suggested by an end-of-the-day decline in call rates to 3 per cent. Some surprise has been expressed in the financial district that New York should have shipped a round amount of gold and should expect to ship a further amount this coming week to Paris, the cheapest of the European money markets, whereas there has been only an irregular and a relatively small movement to Berlin, where interest rates are higher than in either of the other great European money markets. The explanation of this lies apparently in the same fact which goes to explain the continuance of the export movement to Paris in the face of a sharp decline in exchange. The Paris market, moved by its view of its own necessities, contracted for the shipment of a round amount of gold from New York, and this arrangement is being carried through without special reference to the day-to-day position of the international exchanges. Today's bank statement will show how the gold demands of the week have been met and to what extent the shifting of loans or other readjustments have offset the direct effect of the gold outflow upon the cash reserves at this centre. Most of the time loans made during the week seemed to have been for the account of interior institutions, and it is possible that a further shifting of loans, such as appeared to have gone on last week, may be reflected in to-day's statement. The usual estimates of the currency movement to and from the interior did not indicate a sufficient gain on balance to offset the loss to the Sub-Treasury, including payments made for gold bars taken for export.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Monday on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@5½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 5 per cent.

Time money rates were 6 per cent. for sixty days, 5¾@6 per cent. for ninety days and four months, and 5½@6 per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 6 per cent. for best names.

Clearing-House exchanges, $313,780,115; balances, $19,868,447; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $282,141.

The local banks lost $5,647,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5@5¼ per cent. for short bills and 4⅞@4 15-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 4 per cent., and Berlin, 6 per cent. Money was 4½@4¾ per cent. in London and was 5½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 25 centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 41 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London — Cable, $4.8785; demand, $4.8690.

Paris—Cable, 5.17½; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95 7-16; check, 95 5-16 less 1-64.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜; check, 5.20 less 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.20; check, 40.12.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8235; ninety days, $4.8060.

London — Commercial, sixty days, $4.82¼; ninety days, $4.80⅜.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.22½ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.24⅝.

Berlin — Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16; ninety days, 93⅜ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 7-16d lower in London, at 26 3-16d, and 1c lower in New York, at 56⅞c per ounce.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading continued quiet. Copper was unchanged. Tin was about steady. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper:	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	14.15	...	14.15	...
March	14.15	14.75	14.15	14.75
April	14.20	14.75	14.15	14.75
May	14.25	14.75	14.20	14.75
Lead	4.30	4.40	14.25	14.75
Spelter	6.35	6.45	4.30	4.40
Tin	45.65	46.00	6.35	6.45
			45.62½	45.87½

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday these prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. Comparison is made with Thursday's closing quotations:

	Friday. £ s. d.	Thursday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	64 12 6	64 15 0
Copper, futures	65 5 0	65 7 6
Pig tin, spot	209 0 0	208 15 0
Pig tin, futures	206 0 0	205 15 0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead, £15 17s 6d, up 1s 3d. Spelter, £24 10s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants, 63s 7½d, down 1½d.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Southern Pacific Down.

It is hard to follow the fluctuations in Southern Pacific in the light of the known developments in the dissolution process. Whatever the fate of the modified plan, the Union Pacific's $126,650,000 of Southern Pacific stock must be distributed to satisfy the Court's decree, but when it seemed likely that the syndicate would fall through and not be compelled to take the shares allotted to it Southern Pacific had a good rally. Yesterday, with the discovery that there was still a good chance that the syndicate could be held together by getting the Court's and Commission's approval at the eleventh hour Southern Pacific shares fell to 98⅛, at which point they established a new low record since September, 1908. One explanation of the weakness was that in the event of the failure of the existing plan for separating the Harrimans, and the reopening of negotiations over Central Pacific some of the stockholders of Southern Pacific have been planning to oppose the sale of Central Pacific to Union on any terms.

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St. Paul and New Haven.

In only one year out of the past five has New Haven earned a surplus sufficient to cover the road's dividend requirements, but until the past few days the company's officials have not admitted that there was any likelihood of the old rate being disturbed. Now it is being taken for granted that the company will have to reduce its payment to 6 per cent. to make up for the loss of income from the Boston and Maine investment. While New Haven has been going down, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, which promptly met a contraction in earnings with a cut in its dividend from 7 per cent. to 5 per cent., has been fast building up. On the showing of recent earnings the St. Paul management might be excused for at once restoring the old dividend rate, but it is understood that the board favors putting off an increase until the losses sustained in 1911-12 have been made up.

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Confusion Held Sway.

The uncertain aspects of the Union-Southern Pacific situation supplied only a part of the elements of confusion which disturbed Wall Street yesterday. Current gossip contained numerous contradictory items regarding the financial situation abroad in as far as it touched upon the placing of loans here and the purchase of gold for export. Accounts of bids by German banks for funds on a 9 per cent. interest basis, which were circulated earlier in the week, as emanating from sources in a position to know what was going on, were flatly branded as untrue in other quarters where equally accurate information should have obtained. At one prominent banking house, which has a large international business, it was said that no bids whatever had been made in this market at a higher figure than 6½ per cent. In regard to a recent gold shipment to Germany the assertion was made by one firm that the consignee had been promised interest on the metal for twenty days, as a special inducement, instead of the period in which the shipment would be in actual transit. At a banking house, which has sent gold to Berlin in the present movement, it was said that no such terms had been made as far as they had learned from their correspondent abroad. As no apparent advantage for anybody could lie behind misleading statements, the Street decided that the tendency of the day was due to the general uncertainty of fact and opinion toward matters financial.

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More Gold to Go.

Between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 in gold is expected to be engaged for shipment to Paris early next week as the result of tentative arrangements already made. The extent of French purchases of gold since attention was directed toward Berlin as the centre of Europe's monetary stringency would seem to reflect a far greater anxiety on the part of French bankers than the German in relation to their reserves. In local financial circles the persistent sales of the metal to Paris, without regard to the course of foreign exchange rates, is ascribed to the forehanded banking methods of the French. Bankers in this city predict that gold will continue to flow to Paris for some time, although a speedy end of the Balkan war may call a halt. The greater part of the gold drawn from this country, some of them believe, will be used to develop the rich territory the allies take from Turkey, while Turkey herself will not be refused funds in exchange for important trade concessions.

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Steel Prices Hardening.

The Steel Corporation is adhering closely to the level of prices which was in force during the Winter, but the trade is by no means certain that a change toward a higher range will not soon come. Under pressure of business, the smaller mills are selling, it is said, at their own figures, particularly the basic products, steel bars, and plates. Plates have sold in the week at mid-Western points at a figure equivalent to $2 a hundred pounds at Pittsburgh, according to information in the trade, which means an advance of about $12 a ton above the price asked by the corporation at the present time.

KENNEDY TRUST EARNINGS.

Trustees Account for Eight Funds Put in Their Charge.

An accounting by the Trustees of the estate of John S. Kennedy of their administration of eight trusts established under his will was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. The Trustees are William S. Tod, Robert E. Tod, and R. W. de Forest. Here is their statement made up to Dec. 17, 1912:

Trust for the benefit of Marion G. Tod: Balance of principal, $797,723; income, $143,244; balance of income, $3,838. Trust for the benefit of Mary S. Aspin: Balance of principal, $94,990; income, $14,079; balance of income, $303. Trust for the benefit of David A. Tod: Balance of principal, $797,498; income, $143,239; balance of income, $3,832. Trust for the benefit of William E. Baker: Balance of principal, $1,486,300; income, $282,207; balance of income, $6,851. Trust for the benefit of Julia B. Wilson: Balance of principal, $797,314; income, $143,233; balance of income, $3,827. Trust for the benefit of Mary Anne Mimasmith: Balance of principal, $237,012; income, $39,070; balance of income, $704. Trust for the benefit of Mabel K. Sinclair: Balance of principal, $784,722; income, $142,188; balance of income, $2,718. Trust for the benefit of Emma B. Moore: Balance of principal, $797,515; income, $143,238; balance of income, $3,832.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

William Morris Imbrie & Co. have announced the opening of a Chicago office in the Harris Trust Building. John F. Trow, who has been connnected with the firm for several years, will be in charge.

The Listing Committee of the Curb Market Association has admitted to trading 55,000 shares of Burns Brothers common stock.

The branch office of Wanserman Brothers, at the Hotel Imperial, will be taken over in a few days by Josephthal, Louchheim & Co. E. J. Slattery will remain in charge.

John A. Shepherd, a retiring member of the New York Stock Exchange firm of J. F. Pierson, Jr., & Co., has bought a seat on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Other seats were posted for transfer yesterday to J. M. Carroll of Torrington, Conn., and T. J. Campbell.

The Governors of the Consolidated Stock Exchange have voted to close the Exchange on Good Friday and the following day.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Light and Irregular —Western Pacific 5s Decline.

Transactions in Curb securities yesterday were in small volume and the close irregular. Standard Oil of New Jersey was an exception to the general trend, and closed at an advance of a point, at 359. United Cigar Stores moved within a narrow range and showed a loss of ¾ at the close, which was at 100¼. Western Pacific 5s, not recently traded in, sold off to 84¼, where they closed, at a loss of 2¼ points.

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Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,400	†Brit.-Am. Tob.	23½	23½	22⅞	23
100	Emer.-Brant	52	52	52	52
300	Kauf. Dept. St.	56	56	56	56
550	Pueb. S. & R.	2⅜	2½	2 1-16	2⅜
200	St. O. of N. J.	359	359	355	359
2,500	U. C. S. of Am.	100½	100⅞	100	100¼

MINING STOCKS.

500	Alaska Cop.	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
1,000	Alaska Gold M.	14	14	14	14
130	Bessie Gold Dr.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝
1,200	*Big Four	90	90	88	90
500	Braden Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅞
500	Brit. Col. Cop.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,800	Can. Gold Sil.	13½	16	13½	16
2,000	*C. O. D. Con.	6	7	6	7
* 300	El Paso Con.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
2,800	Ely Con.	11	12	11	11
100	First Nat.	2	2	2	2
200	Florence	51	51	51	51
200	Greene-Can	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
2,000	*Greenwater	4	4	4	4
100	Halifax Ton.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	*Jumbo Ext.	29	29	28½	28½
200	Kerr Lake	3	3	3	3
550	Mason Valley	7⅞	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛
1,000	McK.-Dar.	2 1-16	2 3-16	2	2
200	Nev. Hills	1 5-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 5-16
200	*N. Butte Dev.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
300	Ohio Copper	7-16	7-16	⅜	7-16
100	Stewart	¾	¾	¾	¾
500	Ton. Mining	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
3,000	Tonop. Merger.	83	83	82	83
700	W. End Cons.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜

BONDS.

$3,000	B. R. T. 5%	nt's 85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
37,000	N. Y. C. 4½s	'60 98⅝	98⅝	98 7-16	98½
25,000	West. Pac. 5s	85¼	85¼	84¼	84¼

*Sells cents per share. †Ex div.

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Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	March 14. Bid.	Asked.	March 13. Bid.	Asked.
*Allied Securities Co.	83	85	83	85
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2	1½	2
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	114½	115½	114½	115½
Bord. Cond. Milk pf.	105	106	105	106
Brown Shoe	54	56	53	56
Brown Shoe pf.	95	98	95	97
Cluett-Peabody	58	61	58	61
Cluett-Peabody pf.	99	101	99	101
Con. Rubber Tire	15	20	12	20
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	...	79	...	79
Continental Can	52	54	52	54
Continental Can pf.	95	97½	93	97
Emerson-Branting, pf.	92	98	92	97
Havana Tobacco	3½	4½	3½	4½
Havana Tobacco pf.	7	15	7	15
Houston Oil	17	19	17	19
Houston Oil pf.	60	65	60	65
Inter. Rubber, 5 cts.	8	9	8	9
Leh. V. Coal Sales Co.	180	195	180	195
Manhattan Transit	1⅝	1 13-16	1⅝	1 13-16
Marconi of Am., new	4⅜	4¾	4⅜	5¼
National Sugar	20	23	20	23
N. Y. Transportation	97½	99	97½	99
Oil Fields of Mex.	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
Otis Elevator pf.	81	85	81	85
Penn. Textile	97	99	97	99
R. J. Reynolds	24	25	24	25
Tobacco Products	260	270	270	280
Tobacco Products pf.	110	120	110	130
†U. C. S. Co. of A. pf.	92	93	92	94½
U. S. Light & Heat	112	115	111	115
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	60	71	9	11
Willys Overland	63	68	69	70
Willys Overland pf.	93	98	93	98

MINING STOCKS.

*Beaver Consolidated	38	41	37	39
Bessie Gold Dredg. pf.	12	13	12	13
Buffalo Mines	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Con. Ariz. Smelt.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
*Dia. Black Butte	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
*Dia. Field Daisy	2	3	2	3
Glimpse Mining	3	4	3	4
La Rose Con.	3	3 1-16	3	3 1-16
Mines of America	2⅜	2⅝	2 11-16	2⅝
Nipissing Mines Co.	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2¾
Pacific Smelters	8⅞	9	8⅞	9
So. Utah M. & S.	⅛	⅜	⅛	3-16
Tonopah Extension	1 15-16	1⅞	¾	¾
Tri-Bullion	7-16	9-16	7-16	1⅜
Tularosa	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Tuolumne Copper	2⅜	3	2 15-16	3
United Copper	¾	¾	¼	¾
United Copper pf.	...	...	...	8
*Wett. Silver Mines	13	15	12	14
Yukon Gold Mines	2 15-16	3 1-16	2 15-16	3 1-16

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

Chesterfield, Copper	4	5	4	5
Light, Cr.-Gold Drain.	2⅞	3¼	2⅞	3½
*N. J. Mines Co.	16	18	16	18

BONDS.

Adams Express 4s	79	80	79	80
Braden Copper 6s	175	180	175	180
Canada Southern 5s	105⅞	106⅛	105⅞	106⅛
Chicago Elevated 5s	97	97¼	97	97¼
Havana Tobacco 5s	93	93	93	95
Mason Valley 6s	61	63	61	63
N. Y. C. 4½s, 1962	98⅜	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝
N. Y., N. H. & H., 6% Notes	100	100¼	100	100¼

*Sells cents per share. †Ex div.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	18	17	17½
Atlantic Refining	615	645	610	635
Borne-Scrymser	310	330	300	330
Buckeye Pipe Line	160	165	160	165
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	680	640	680
Colonial Oil	125	135	120	135
Continental Oil	1,700	1,800	1,700	1,850
Crescent Pipe Line	60	65	60	65
Cumberland Pipe Line	76	85	75	85
Eureka Pipe Line	365	385	365	380
Galena-Signal Oil	290	300	137	140
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	139	145	290	300
Indiana Pipe Lines	125	131	125	135
National Transit	47	49	47	48
New York Transit	327	335	328	335
Northern Pipe Line	110	115	110	115
Ohio Oil	123	128	120	125
Prairie Oil & Gas	320	328	320	325
Solar Refining	600	650	600	650
Southern Pipe Line	245	256	250	255
South Penn. Oil	900	925	900	910
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	160	170	155	165
Standard Oil (Cal.)	170	175	170	172
Standard Oil (Ind.)	320	326	317	323
Standard Oil (Kan.)	530	540	535	540
Standard Oil (Ky.)	400	415	400	420
Standard Oil (Neb.)	300	325	300	320
Standard Oil (N. J.)	355	360	355	360
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	610	625	615	620
Standard Oil (Ohio)	270	290	270	290
Swan & Finch	240	225	206	220
Union Tank Line	67	70	67	69
Vacuum Oil	170	175	169	175
Washington Oil	25	32	23	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1,475	1,550	1,475	1,525

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	March 14. Bid.	Asked.	March 13. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	22⅞	23½	22⅞	23½
Conley Tinfoil	285	295	285	300
S. Young	170	178	173	180
MacAndrews & Forbes	195	205	195	205
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	240	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds	260	275	260	275
R. J. Reyn. pf., w. i.	115	120	115	120
Tobacco Products	113	120	115	130
Tobacco Co. pf.	92	93	92	94½
United Cigar Stores	100½	100¾	100¾	101¼
United Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	—Maturity—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5 Mar., '15	98⅛	98⅜	5.85
Am. Loco.	5 Oct., 1913	99½	100⅝	4.25
Am. Loco.	5 Oct., 1914	99	100	5.00
Ann Arbor	5 May, 1913	98	99	8.50
Austrian Govt.	4½ July '14-15	97¼	97⅝	5.90
Bos. & Ohio.	4½ June, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
Bos. & Maine	5 Feb. 3, '14	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
B. R. T.	5 July, 1913	99⅝	99¾	5.30
Ches. & Ohio	4½ July, 1918	95½	95⅞	6.00
Chi. & W. I.	5 Sep., 1913	98⅜	98⅝	5.40
Chi. Elev. Rys.	5 July, 1914	99⅛	99½	5.15
C., H. & D.	4 July, 1913	99¼	99¼	5.65
Erie	6 Apr. 8, '14	99⅝	99⅞	4.25
Erie	5 Oct., 1914	99	100⅛	5.50
Erie	5 Apr., 1915	98	99⅜	5.10
Gen. Motor.	6 Oct., 1915	98	98⅜	6.00
Gen. Rubber	4½ July, 1915	96	96⅜	6.05
Hocking Val.	4½ Nov., 1913	99⅝	99⅞	6.80
Hudson Cos.	6 Oct. 15, '13	99½	99⅞	4.70
Illinois Central	4½ July, 1914	98½	98⅝	5.30
Int. & Gt. N.	5 Aug., 1913	99¾	99⅞	4.50
Int. Harvester	5 Feb. 15, '15	97⅜	98	6.10
K. C. Ry. & L.	5 May, 1913	99	99⅝	5.20
K. C. R. & L.	6 Sep., 1912	99	99½	50.00
Lack. Steel Co.	5 Mar., 1915	88	91½	
L. S. & M. S.	4½ Mar., 1914	94⅛	94⅜	8.10
M. S. R. & K. C.	4½ May, 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.12
Mex. M. Com.	4½ Sep., 1913	97½	98	31.00
Mich. Cent.	4½ Mar., 1914	97½	98⅛	7.80
Minn. & St. L.	6 Feb., 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.12
Mo., K. & T.	5 May, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	7.50
Mo. Pacific	5 June, 1914	99⅜	100	5.00
Mont. Tr. & P.	6 Apr., 1915	99⅜	97¼	6.75
N. R. of Mex.	4½ June, 1913	90⅜	100¼	5.90
N. Y. Central	4½ Mar., 1914	98	99	7.50
N. Y. Central	4½ May, 1915	99¼	99⅜	4.80
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5 Dec., 1913	99½	99⅝	4.80
St. L. & S. F.	5 June, 1913	99¼	99⅝	5.37
St. L. & S. F.	6 Sep., 1914	99¼	100	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	5 Mar., 1916	98¾	99	6.00
Southern Ry.	5 Feb., 1916	98⅜	98⅝	5.45
Sulz. & Sons.	6 June, 1916	99⅜	99½	5.25
U. S. S. R. M.	5 Aug., 1914	99	99⅜	6.20
Union Typew.	5 Jan., 1916	98¼	100	5.00
Utah Co.	6 Apr., 1917	99¼	100⅛	5.63
Westingh. Elec.	5 July, 1913	99¾	100	5.00
Westingh. Elec.	6 Aug., 1913	100	100⅛	5.70
West. Md.	5 ...	...	100¼	4.90

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
230	Fidelity & D. rights.	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
500	Houston Oil div. ctfs.	19	18⅝	18⅝
10	Merch. & Mech. Bank.	33½	33½	33½
25	Mercantile Trust	150	158	158
1,000	Penn. Water & Power	64½	64½	64½

BONDS.

$1,000	Atl. Coast L. con. 4s.	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
10,000	Ana. & Potomac 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
1,000	Balt. City 4s, 1926	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
12,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75	75	75
37,000	Con. Coal 6s, notes	99⅝	99½	99⅝
2,000	Coal & Iron Ry. 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	83	83	83
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	90½	90⅛	90⅛
5,000	Fair. & Clark. Tr. 5s	94½	94½	94½
5,000	Jamison Coal & C. 5s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Lexington Ry. 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼
4,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	94	94	94
2,000	Seaboard 4s	97	97	97
1,000	United Rys. 4s	83	83	83
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87	87	87
6,000	United Rys. 4s	83½	83½	83½
	United Rys. inc.	62¾	62½	62¾

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	3	2¾	2¾
20	Allouez	27	27	27
1,399	Amalgamated	70⅜	69¼	70⅛
70	Am. Zinc	29	29	29
90	Arizona Com.	3⅞	3¾	3¾
500	Bonanza	40c.	40c.	40c.
25	Butte & Balaklala	2½	2⅜	2½
521	Butte & Superior	31	30¾	31
150	Calumet & Arizona	63¾	63	63¼
25	Chino	30¼	30¼	30½
121	Copper Range	44	43½	43½
345	East Butte	12½	12	12
328	Granby	50½	58	59
100	Greene-Cananea	8 1-16	8 1-16	8 1-16
310	Hancock	21½	20¼	21¼
40	Indiana	13½	13	13⅛
15	Isle Royale	24½	24½	24½
15	Kerr Lake	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
1,040	Lake	16	15	15⅝
20	Mass. Con.	4½	4½	4½
10	Mayflower	9	9	9
11	Nevada Con.	17	17	17
10	Nipissing	9	9	9
865	North Butte	27⅞	27	27⅞
35	Ojibway	2¼	2¼	2¼
25	Old Colony	5	5	5
10	Old Dominion	48½	48½	48½
25	Pond Creek	22¾	22¾	22¾
30	Quincy	67½	67	67
100	Shattuck	11⅞	11	11⅞
30	St. Mary's Land	24	23¾	24
30	Sup. & Boston	38½	38½	38½
110	Superior	3 7-16	3 7-16	3 7-16
30	Tamarack	30¾	29½	30¾
20	Trinity	29	29	29
10	U. S. Smelting	4	4	4
50	U. S. Smelting pf.	40½	40½	40½
50	Union Copper Land	48⅛	48¼	48⅛
20	Utah Con.	1¼	1¼	1¼
20	Wolverine	9½	9½	9½
		61¼	61¼	61¼

RAILROADS.

5	Boston & Albany	208	208	208
162

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, March 14, 1913.

Total sales March 14, 1913..... 266,207
From Jan. 1, 1913..... 19,058,491
Same period last year..... 23,643,250

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
70⅛	70¼	21,500	Amalgamated Copper	69⅞	70½	69⅛	70⅛	— ⅛
28½	29	500	Am. Beet Sugar	28	28⅜	28	28⅜	...
32¼	32⅜	6,200	Am. Can	32	32⅜	31⅝	32¼	— ⅛
121¼	122	500	Am. Can pf	121¾	121¾	121½	121⅝	+ ⅛
49	49½	220	Am. Car & Foundry	49¼	49½	49¼	49½	...
44	45¼	2,400	Am. Cities	47½	47½	43	45¼	—2¼
44½	45	130	Am. Cotton Oil	45⅝	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛	+ ⅜
4⅝	4¾	5	Am. Hide & Leather	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	...
25	25½	100	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	25	25	...
9⅞	11	100	Am. Linseed	10	10	10	10	...
36	36½	100	Am. Locomotive	36½	36½	36½	36½	— ½
69½	69⅞	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	69⅝	69⅞	69	69½	— ⅜
33	33½	400	Am. Steel Foundries	33½	33½	33	33	— ½
113	114	300	Am. Sugar Refining	113½	114	113½	114	+1⅝
132⅝	133	800	Am. Teleph. & Teleg	133	133	132⅝	132¾	— ⅛
238	241	25	Am. Tobacco	241	241	241	241	...
79	80	100	Am. Woolen pf	79	79	79	79	— ½
36¾	36⅞	2,000	Anaconda Copper Co	36⅝	36⅞	36½	36¾	+ ⅛
101⅜	101⅝	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
100	100¼	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	100½	100½	100⅛	100⅛	— ¼
122	123½	400	Atlantic Coast Line	123¾	123¾	122⅞	123	—1
100¼	100⅜	400	Baltimore & Ohio	100⅜	100½	100¼	100½	— ⅛
1¼	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
35¾	36¼	400	Bethlehem Steel	35⅜	35⅝	35⅜	35⅝	— ⅛
68⅞	69	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	69	69	69	69	— ½
87	87¼	1,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	87	87⅜	86⅝	87⅛	— ⅛
49	49¼	1,700	California Petrol. x d	48⅞	49⅛	48½	49	+ ⅛
78¼	79	100	Cal. Petrol. pf. x d	78½	78⅛	78½	78½	+ ¾
224½	225⅛	4,000	Canadian Pacific	223¾	225¼	225	225	+ ¾
26½	26⅝	400	Central Leather Co	26⅜	26⅞	26¼	26⅝	+ ⅛
93⅝	94½	350	Cent. Leather Co. pf	94	94¼	94	94½	+ ¾
72¼	72½	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	72	72½	72	72½	+ ¼
14½	15	200	Chicago Gt. Western	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
29	29⅞	300	Chi. Gt. Wesern pf	28⅝	29¼	28⅝	29½	+1
109⅜	109⅞	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109⅛	109⅝	108⅝	109⅝	+ ⅛
137	138½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	138¾	138⅞	138¾	138¾	— ⅛
134	134½	1,200	Chi. & Northwestern	134	134	133	133¾	— ½
39¼	39⅝	2,500	Chino Copper	39⅝	39½	38⅝	39½	...
32½	34	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	33½	33½	33½	33½	...
10¾	11¼	100	Corn Products Ref	11	11	11	11	...
66	67	200	Corn Products Ref. pf	67	67	67	66⅞	+ ⅝
98	98½	100	Deere & Co. pf	98	98	98	98	...
16¾	17¼	100	Distillers' Securities	17	17	17	17	...
27	27⅛	1,100	Erie	27	27½		27	— ⅝
138½	139	300	General Electric	138	138½	138	138½	+ ½
100	118	4	G.W. Helme Co.pf.x d	105½	105½	105½	105½	...
2⅞	3	600	Goldfield Consol	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
33½	34	1,725	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	33½	33½	33	33½	+ ¼
127	127¼	1,100	Great Northern pf	126⅜	127⅛	126⅜	127	
122½	123½	100	Gt. N. pf. sub. rects. 40 per cent. paid	122⅜	122⅜	122⅝	122⅝	+ ½
34	35½	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	35½	36	35½	36	+1
45½	46½	110	Guggenheim Exp. x d	45¾	45¼	45¼	45¼	+ ⅛
123⅜	124	100	Illinois Central	123⅜	123⅝	123⅜	123⅝	+1⅛
17⅛	17⅝	2,900	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	17¼	17¼	17	17¼	— ⅛
58¾	59	2,000	Inter.-Met. pf	59	59¼	58½	59	— ⅜
77½	81	100	Int. Agricultural	78	78	78	78	—1
11	11½	100	Int. Paper	11½	11½	11½	11½	...
45	46	100	Int. Paper pf	45	45	45	45	—1
9¾	10½	800	Int. Steam Pump	10¼	10½	9⅞	9⅞	— ½
40	44	400	Int. Steam Pump pf	43	43	41	41	—2½
154½	154¾	1,900	Iehigh Valley	154¼	155	154¼	154½	— ½
225	230	300	Liggett & Myers	227½	229¾	227½	229¾	+1¾
133¼	134	100	Louis. & Nash	133½	133½	133½	133½	— ½
128	130	100	Man. Elevated ex d	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	...
69	69½	10	Mexican Petroleum	69	69	69	69	...
18¾	19	417	Minn. & St. L	18½	18½	18¼	18½	— ¼
40½	44	100	Minn. & St. L. pf	42	42	42	42	—1
134½	135½	150	M., St. P. & S. S. M	135½	135½	135½	135½	+2½
37½	37⅝	900	Missouri Pacific	38	38	37½	37⅜	— ⅝
115	117	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	115½	115½	115¼	115½	+ ½
116	120	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	118⅝	118⅝	118⅞	118⅞	— ⅛
104	105	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	104	104	104	104	— ½
23¾	24	200	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	+ ½
17⅛	17⅝	400	Nev. Consol. Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	17⅛	+ ⅛
75	75	100	N. Y. Air Brake	75	75	75	75	+1
106	106¼	700	N. Y. Central	106	106¼	105¾	106¼	+ ¼
119	119½	2,750	N. Y., N. H. & H	121	121	118¾	119⅜	—2¼
30	31¼	700	N. Y., O. & W	30½	30½	30	30¼	— ¼
116	116¼	1,600	Northern Pacific	115⅜	115¾	115⅞	115⅝	— ⅛
118⅞	119¼	4,500	Penn. Railroad	118¾	119⅜	118¼	119⅛	+ ⅛
22	23	200	Pettibone-Mulliken Co	24	24	23	23	—1½
97	98½	400	P., C., C. & St. L	96½	97	96½	96½	—1½
20	20½	100	Pittsburgh Coal	20	20	20	20	— ¼
82½	84½	700	Pittsburgh Coal pf	83½	84½	83	84½	+ ¾
79	84	1	Ry. S., Ill. C. st. cfs	79	79	79	79	...
18⅝	18¾	1,800	Ray Consol. Copper	19	19	18⅝	18¾	+ ⅛
156⅞	157	51,000	Reading	155⅞	157½	155⅝	156⅞	+ ⅞
24⅜	24⅝	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	24½	24⅝	24½	24½	+ ⅛
85½	86½	300	Rep. I. & S. pf. ex d	86¼	86½	86	86	+ ⅜
21⅜	21⅝	800	Rock Island Co	21¼	21½	21	21¼	— ⅝
36½	37½	400	Rock Island Co. pf	36½	36½	36	36½	...
64	65	450	Rumely (M.) Co	64	64	64	64	...
90	92½	100	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	90	90	90	90	—1
24	25	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	25	25	25	25	+ ⅜
47½	49	1	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill stock ctfs	47	47	47	47	...
19¼	19½	100	Seaboard Air Line	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+ ¼
44	44½	100	Seaboard Air Line pf	44	44	44	44	...
102	105	100	Sears, Roebuck & Co	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	+ ¼
98½	98⅞	21,600	Southern Pacific	99¼	99⅝	98⅝	98½	—2¼
		6,400	So. Pacific rights	.05	.05	.05	.02½	...
25¼	25¼	600	So. Ry. extended	25¼	25¼	25	25¼	— ⅛
35½	37	100	Tennessee Copper	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ½
18	20	100	Texas & Pacific	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	+1⅛
36	37	300	Third Avenue	35½	36	35½	36	+1
104	105	10	Twin City Rap. Tran	105	105	105	105	...
5⅛	5½	100	Union B. & P. Co	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ¼
150	150⅛	48,950	Union Pacific	150⅜	150⅝	148¾	150⅛	+ ⅛
...	...	9,800	Union Pacific rights	.03	.03	.01	.01½	...
83	84	200	Union Pacific pf	84	84	83⅜	83⅝	+ ⅛
49	50	100	United Rys. Invest. pf	49	49	49	49	...
60¾	61½	1,300	U. S. Rubber	60¾	61½	60¼	61¼	+ ¼
104	105½	300	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ½
60⅞	61	49,200	U. S. Steel	60¼	61⅛	59¾	60⅞	+ ⅛
107¼	108	800	U. S. Steel pf	107¼	108	107⅜	107⅞	+ ⅝
52½	52⅝	1,400	Utah Copper	53	53	52⅜	52⅝	—1
33⅜	34	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
108	109	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	108¼	108¼	108½	108½	+1
66⅞	70	200	W. U. Telegraph	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	...
67	68	900	Westinghouse E. & M	67	67	66½	66⅞	—1¼
91½	92	1,800	Woolworth (F. W.) Co	90½	92	90	91	...

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Totnl sales March 14, 1913..... $1,491,000
From Jan. 1, 1913..... 124,103,000
Same period last year..... 195,137,000

City of Tokio 5s 15,000..... 86¾
Jap Gov 4½s, str in 500..... 88
1,000..... 88
Rep of Cuba 5s 3,000..... 100½
N Y City 4s, 1959 2,000..... 95
4s, 1958 5,000..... 94¾
4s, 1957 1,000..... 95
4s, 1955 5,000..... 95
N Y City 4¼s 8,000s20f..... 99¾
2,000..... 99⅞
37,000..... 99¾
4½s, 1917 3,000..... 101
4½s, 1957 5,000..... 103¾
Allegheny Val 4s 1,000s20f..... 98
Am Ag Ch conv 5s 8,000..... 100½
Am Hide & L 6s 6,000..... 100½
Am Sm Secur 6s 5,000..... 104⅝
Am T & T conv 4s 1,000..... 103¼
col 4s 5,000..... 86
conv 4½s, rcts, full paid 7,000..... 102⅞
5,000..... 102⅞
1,000..... 102⅝
18,000..... 103
5,000..... 102⅞
10,000..... 102⅞
6,000..... 103
5,000..... 103¼
Armour & Co 4½s 6,000..... 90¼
1,000..... 90⅛
1,000..... 90¼
A, T & S F gen 4s 6,000..... 96
conv 4s, 1960 50,000..... 99⅝
2,000..... 99½
8,000..... 99⅝
conv 5s 2,000..... 101¼
Trans S L 4s 5,000..... 88½
B & O pr lien 3½s 3,000..... 90
gold 4s 2,000..... 94⅞
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid 7,000..... 94¼
20,000..... 94⅜
500..... 94⅜
500..... 94⅝
6,000..... 94⅝
P, L E & W V 4s 5,000s20f..... 88¼
Beth Steel 5s 8,000..... 95½
1st & ref mtg 5s 8,000..... 84
Bdway & 7th Av 1st con 5s 1,000..... 102
B R T ref conv 4s 1,000..... 86⅞
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s 4,000..... 100
Cal G & Elec 5s 2,000..... 95¼
Canada Southn con 5s, Series A 1,000..... 106¼
Cent Arch Ry 4s 9,000..... 91
Cent Leather 5s 2,000..... 94¼
Ches & O con 5s 2,000..... 108½
fund 5s 2,000..... 101¼
gen 4½s 1,000..... 98⅞
conv 4½s 3,000..... 90½
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 1,000..... 63½
C, B & Q joint 4s 22,000..... 93¾
2,000..... 93⅞
77,000..... 93¾
17,000..... 93⅞
2,000..... 94
7,000..... 94⅛
registered 8,000..... 93½
gen 4s 2,000..... 104½
1,000..... 93¼
Nebr ext 4s 1,000..... 96¼
Chi Gas Light & Coke 1st 5s 5,000..... 102⅝
Chi Gr Westn 4s 6,000..... 76
Chi, Mil & St P gen 3½s, Ser B 1,000s20f..... 82½
conv 4½s, sub rcts, full paid 2,000..... 102½
sub r, full pd 33,000..... 101¾
12,000..... 101⅝
23,000..... 101⅞
C & N W gen 4s 55,000..... 97
Mfl. Spart & N Wn 1st 4s 4,000..... 93½
5,000..... 93⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s 1,000..... 92½
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 9,000..... 85
deb 5s 1,000..... 86
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s 1,000..... 100¾
C, C, C & I gen 6s 1,000..... 120
C, C, C & St L Cairo Div 4s 3,000..... 90
Colo Industrial 5s 1,000..... 78½
Col Midland 1st 4s 1,000..... 29
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s 1,000..... 91½
Del & H conv 4s 1,000..... 97
1st & ref 4s 1,000..... 98¼
20,000..... 98
15,000..... 97⅝
Dist Secur Corp 5s 10,000..... 66
Edison Elec Ill of Bklyn con 4s 1,000..... 88½
Erie 1st con 4s 1,000..... 85
1st gen 4s 2,000..... 74
1,000..... 73¼
conv 4s, Ser B 5,000..... 70½
Gen Motors 6s 3,000..... 90
conv 5s 5,000..... 86⅛
Mo Pacific 4s 1,000..... 69⅞
M & E con 5s 1,000..... 105½
Nat En & Stp 5s 10,000..... J1
National Tube 5s 1,000..... 97¼
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s 1,000..... 100
1,000..... 99⅞
N Y Cent gen 3½s, reg 1,000..... 83½
Lake S col 3½s 1,000..... 77
1,000..... 77
registered 1,000..... 76½
N Y N H & H conv deb 6s 1,000..... 121½
7,000..... 121
1,000..... 120½
1,000..... 120⅜
3,000..... 120
N Y & Queens El Lgt & Pow 5s 5,000..... 101⅛
N Y Rys adj 5s 45,000..... 58
7,000..... 57⅞
ref 4s 3,000..... 75¼
N Y Teleph 4½s 1,000..... 96¾
N Y, West & B 4½s 6,000..... 95⅝
Norfolk Southn 1st ref 5s, Ser A 3,000..... 98¼
1,000..... 98¾
Norf & W gen 6s 2,000..... 119
con 4s 14,000..... 95½
divisn 1st 4s 3,000..... 91
conv 4½s, w i 20,000..... 102⅞
Northn Pacific 4s 5,000s20f..... 96¾
500..... 97½
3,000..... 66¼
L 1st 6s 2,000..... 109½
1st con 5s 2,000..... 105½
Pac Tel & Tel 5s 3,000..... 99¾
8,000..... 99⅝
Penn conv 3½s 7,000..... 96¾
5,000..... 96⅝
gtd 4½s 1,000..... 103
Reading gen 4s 1,000..... 96
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940 10,000..... 91
5,000..... 90¾
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s 2,000..... 103
St L, Ir Mt & So unify & ref 4s 1,000..... 81
St L & S Wn 2d inc 4s 3,000..... 79
St Paul M & M con 6s 3,000..... 121½
registered 1,000..... 119¼
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s 2,000..... 71¼
11,000..... 71
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s 1,000..... 90½
5,000..... 90⅝
So Pac col 4s 3,500..... 91¼
1,500..... 91½
2,000..... 91⅜
8,000..... 92
1,000..... 92¼
21,000..... 92½
So Pac conv 4s 6,000..... 89¼
25,000..... 89
3,000..... 89¼
15,000..... 89
10,000..... 89¼
1,000..... 89¼
Southern Ry 1st 5s 1,000..... 104¾
So Ry gen 4s 13,000..... 77⅜
6,000..... 77¼
Stand Mill 1st 5s 2,000..... 88½
Tex Co conv 6s 1,000..... 98¼
Third Av ref 4s 1,000..... 80½
Third Av adj 5s 3,000..... 71
Tol, St L & W 4s 2,000..... 55
3,000..... 55¼
2,000..... 55½
Underground Elec Rys of London 5½s 4,000..... 93½
Un Pac 1st 4s 5,000..... 97¾
Un Pac conv 4s 7,000..... 93
Union Pacific 1st & ref 4s 2,000..... 91¾
500..... 94¼
500..... 94
500..... 94
8,000..... 92¼
United Railroads of San Fran 4s 1,000..... 62½
U S Rubber 6s 5,000..... 100⅛
2,000..... 100¼
2,000..... 100⅛
4,000..... 100
5,000..... 100¼
10,000..... 100¼
U S Steel Corp s f 5s 47,000..... 100⅜
14,000..... 100¾
28,000..... 100⅝
Wabash 1st 5s 5,000..... 104
2,000..... 103⅞
5,000..... 103⅛
14,000..... 103
Wabash, Pitts T 1st. Cent Trust ctfs 1,000..... 23¾
3,000..... 23⅞
6,000..... 24
Western Elec 5s 4,000..... 101¼
West Md 4s 1,000..... 79½
2,000..... 79¼
West Un Tel col tr 5s 1,000..... 101⅛
3,000..... 101
Westingh E & M 1st conv s f 5s 3,000..... 91
Wis Cent gen 4s 5,000..... 90

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100⅝	101	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅜	101
2s, c, 1930	100⅝	101⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961	102½	103
3s, r, 1918	102½	103¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	102½	103⅛
3s, c, 1918	102½	103¼			
4s, r, 1925	113⅞	114			
4s, c, 1925	113⅜	114⅝			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅝	101			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	133	143	Am Exp	165	170
Allis-Chalm	..	⅛	A H & L, 4%	4⅝	
Do 3d pd.	3	3¼	Do pf	25	26
Do pf, 3d paid	7	10	Am Lin pf	25½	27½
Am Ag Ch	53	53¾	Am Loc pf	103	105
Do pf	97	99	Am Malt	9¾	11
A B S pf, ex div	80	90	Do pf	51	54
A B S & F pf	90¼	95½	A S pf, B	84½	85½
Do pf	131	134½	Am S & R pf	103	103½
Am Cit pf	75¼	76½	Am Sn, ex div	170	180
A C & Fdy pf	115	115¾	Do pf, ex div	101½	105
Am Coal	70	100	A S R pf	112	115
A C Oil pf	93½	95¼	A T & C	59	64
Am C Pr	80	90	Am Tob pf		
Do pf	102	110			

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—

	1913.	Increase.
1st week March	$41,802	*$4,242
July 1-March 7	1,568,088	*28,470

CENTRAL GEORGIA—

1st week March	298,500	*8,500
July-March 7	9,861,200	*58,800

CHICAGO & ALTON—

1st week March	248,650	*45,275
July 1-March 7	10,741,985	338,755

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—

1st week March	1,203,700	58,365
July 1-March 7	41,161,168	2,470,106

MOBILE & OHIO—

1st week March	228,092	12,965
July 1-March 7	8,372,557	485,643

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—

1st week March	12,831	5,456
July 1-March 7	455,559	101,359

AMERICAN RAILWAYS—

February gross	367,118	17,116
8 months gross	3,429,025	168,180

*Decrease.

MISSOURI PACIFIC reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Mileage	3,919	3,915	
Freight revenue	$1,612,115	$1,253,349	$358,765
Passenger rev.	390,991	323,199	67,791
Total op. revs.	2,196,699	1,750,522	446,176
Mt. of w. & st.	321,026	222,171	98,854
Maint. of equip.	385,178	242,803	142,375
Trans. exp.	1,015,680	976,591	39,089
Total oper. exp.	1,844,809	1,507,274	337,537
Taxes	98,190	82,690	15,500
Oper. income	250,041	96,164	153,876

July 1 to Jan. 31—

Freight revenue	12,816,277	10,580,896	2,235,380
Passenger rev.	3,167,918	2,892,283	275,635
Total oper. revs.	17,363,701	14,819,474	2,544,228
Mt. of Way & st.	2,777,362	2,201,097	46,264
Maint. of equip.	3,036,089	2,903,033	133,035
Trans. exp.	7,082,397	6,747,769	334,628
Total oper. exp.	13,752,711	13,263,811	488,900
Taxes	663,330	578,200	85,130
Oper. income	2,026,951	951,373	1,975,578

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Mileage	3,318.00	3,314.27	3.73
Freight revenue	2,210,381	1,683,670	526,711
Passenger rev.	538,249	475,082	63,167
Total oper. rev.	2,928,999	2,329,111	599,887
Mt. way & st.	381,344	288,898	92,446
Mt. of equip.	402,026	262,133	139,893
Trans. exp.	963,811	904,634	59,176
Total oper. exp.	1,872,234	1,586,346	285,888
Taxes	120,659	85,615	5,080
Oper. income	962,361	656,467	305,894

July 1 to Jan. 31—

Freight revenue	15,230,125	13,027,722	2,202,402
Passenger rev.	3,959,842	3,699,396	260,446
Total oper. rev.	20,609,643	17,927,476	2,682,167
Mt. w. & st.	3,608,729	3,077,167	531,559
Mt. of equip.	3,027,742	2,883,650	344,091
Trans. exp.	6,386,642	5,752,897	633,745
Total oper. exp.	13,881,873	12,378,448	1,503,425
Taxes	631,365	576,055	55,310
Oper. income	6,063,433	4,932,793	1,138,639

NEW YORK TRACTION LINES report to the Public Service Commission for December—

	Operat'g revenue.	Operat'g income.	Other income.
Hudson & Manh.	339,203	201,148	74,382
Interborough:			
Subway Div	1,573,930	950,637	39,175
Elev. Div	1,388,897	646,882	6,272
B. R. T. System.	2,005,538	697,944	55,446
N. Y. Consol.	675,073	276,894	16,740
Br'klyn Hgts	732,729	244,280	16,341
‡Bridge Oper	18,913	7,498	...
Bklyn. Q. & S.	139,326	49,134	4,929
Coney I. & Gr.	1,316	*1,979	1,114
Nassau Elect	393,289	111,366	15,124
Sou. Brooklyn	44,889	10,749	1,195
N. Y. Railways.	1,172,262	358,481	42,558
†Central Park	44,824	8,394	13
†Second Ave	82,921	10,420	1,348
†Third Avenue	334,500	131,223	58,683
†Dry Dock	49,393	9,504	72
42d St., M., St. N.	149,938	38,286	1,187
N. Y. C. Interbo.	46,229	9,558	549
Union Railway.	207,137	38,325	2,086
Westchest. Elec.	42,316	3,091	516
Yonkers R. R.	60,107	16,311	...
N. Y. & Q. Co.	104,606	5,954	456
C. I. & Bklyn.	111,529	24,349	2,632
Richmond L. & R.	25,463	*13,296	15,801

*Deficit. †Operated by receivers. ‡Profits shared with New York Railways Company and Coney Island and Brooklyn.

PACIFIC COAST for January—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	542,639	530,849	537,136
Net	37,142	33,394	43,241
7 mos. gross	4,790,012	4,605,637	4,907,854
7 mos. net	793,651	802,014	954,807

WABASH-PITTSBURGH TERMINAL for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Av. mileage	63	63	...
Gross	57,853	44,137	13,716
Deficit aft. tax.	7,805	3,125	4,680
7 mos. gross	474,084	381,238	93,426
Net aft. taxes	13,160	6,994	6,166

WICHITA VALLEY for January—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Aver. mileage	257	257	...
Gross	67,342	55,076	56,593
Net, aft. taxes	15,731	6,475	7,318
7 mos. gross	469,000	396,600	519,261
Net, aft. taxes	165,563	89,901	179,908

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AHMEEK MINING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Copper sold	$2,649,488	$1,822,891	$1,244,693
Copper unsold	75,970	120,500	288,400
Silver sales, &c.	32,298	7,121	...
Total receipts	2,757,576	1,960,513	1,538,003
Total expended	1,292,179	1,083,186	1,205,615
Prof. fr. oper'ns.	1,465,396	877,327	242,387
Interest paid	...	7,054	15,060
Net profit	1,465,396	870,272	229,329
Dividends	1,100,000	250,000	...
Surplus	1,379,209	1,913,812	393,539

There were 15,020,420 pounds of copper sold at 16.61 cents, with unsold balance of 505,277 pounds on Jan. 1, 1913, estimated at 15 cents.

AMERICAN PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY for February: (Subsidiary companies)—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	210,529	181,199	29,329
Net	99,358	79,003	20,294
Five mos' gross	1,075,044	948,075	126,968
Five mos' net	535,524	465,359	70,164

Other income for the five months ended Feb. 28, 1913, was $15,089, and surplus after charges and preferred dividends, $203,172.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE OF PENNSYLVANIA for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	102,887	97,102	94,484
Net after taxes	52,512	48,962	47,829
Surp. after chgs.	27,509	23,924	23,559
Two mos.' gross	206,914	195,013	190,575
Net after tax	102,127	97,009	95,582
Surp. after chgs.	51,349	47,489	46,877

WELLS-FARGO EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Tot. rcts. fr. op.	3,333,075	2,842,520	490,554
Exp. priv. debit.	1,567,388	1,391,198	176,389
Tot. oper rev.	1,765,487	1,451,322	314,164
Total oper. exp.	1,386,332	1,210,929	175,402
Net oper. rev.	379,154	240,392	138,761
Taxes	30,000	24,748	5,251
Oper. income	349,154	215,644	133,510

July 1 to Oct. 31—

Tot. rcts. fr op.	12,189,197	10,327,989	1,861,208
Exp. priv debit.	5,875,439	4,875,078	1,000,360
Total oper. rev.	6,313,757	5,452,700	763,546
Total oper. rev.	6,313,757	5,452,910	860,847
Net oper. rev.	992,511	895,210	97,300
Taxes	120,000	98,961	21,038
Oper. income	872,511	796,248	76,262
Mileage, st. rds.	64,938	63,649	1,288
Mil'ge, oth. lines	27,044	17,339	10,305

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Regarding the present cond

MOTOR OWNERS HAVE ACCIDENTS APLENTY

Figures Produced to Show That Percentage Is Higher Than for Chauffeurs.

In connection with the question of owners' licenses, automobile interests have asserted, as an argument against the proposal that all persons who operate a motor car should be licensed, to provide for which a bill has been introduced in Albany, that owners are naturally more careful and less likely to damage their own property than are chauffeurs to risk that of others. In this connection the National Highways Protective Society has prepared some figures from the records in the Secretary of State's office which apparently show that this is not the case. In New York City the number of cars is 31,494, and of licensed chauffeurs 26,833. Approximately 81 per cent. of the cars are, therefore, usually operated by chauffeurs. For Erie, Monroe, Onondaga, and Albany Counties, which include the cities of Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and Albany, the figures are:

	Total No. Cars.	Total Chauffeurs.	Approx. Per Cent.
Erie	7,077	2,035	29
Monroe	4,837	1,270	25
Onondaga	2,521	680	27
Albany	1,481	587	40

In all cases it has been assumed that commercial cars are operated by chauffeurs.

The automobile accident rate for the cities mentioned and this city for the last Winter—December, January, and February—per 100,000 per annum, is as follows:

Buffalo	33	Albany	16
Rochester	42	New York	24
Syracuse	14		

That is to say, in Buffalo and Rochester, where only about one-third as many cars proportionally are operated by chauffeurs as in New York, the accident rate was about 50 per cent. greater during this period, while in Syracuse and Albany the percentage of cars operated by chauffeurs was about 40 per cent. of that of New York, and the accident rate about 60 per cent.

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As a sign of the approaching touring season, which may be said indeed to be practically at hand, the touring department of the Automobile Club of America reports that the ferry service between Tarrytown and Nyack has been resumed. The steamer Rockland will operate on regular schedule from now on throughout the Spring and Summer.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grains Lower—Cotton Closes Steady.

Wheat prices moved within a comparatively narrow range, closing at a net decline of ⅛ to ⅜c. Corn showed an easier feeling, closing at net declines of ⅝ to ⅞c. Oats declined in sympathy with corn and closed ⅜o net lower. The cotton market was rather nervous and unsettled, but closed steady net 1 point higher to 3 points lower.

***

WHEAT.

There was comparatively little change in underlying conditions in the wheat market, but while the news of the day was again rather of a bearish character, the selling pressure was not particularly heavy and prices moved within a comparatively narrow range, closing at a net decline of ⅛ to ⅜c. The selling movement was checked somewhat by the appearance of a cold wave in the Northwest, which, it was feared, would work southward into the Winter wheat belt, where temperatures recently have been mild and where heavy rains occurred on Thursday and Thursday night. The new crop months were relatively steadier than the May position, and the action of the market suggested caution on the part of operators about taking heavy risks on the selling side, as any change in the crop situation in America will of necessity be bearish. While, furthermore, the technical position was believed to have been strengthened by recent selling operations. Reports on the crop were highly favorable, the Modern Miller stating that in many localities the crop is said to be in almost perfect condition, and seldom was a better prospect at the close of Winter. It added, however, that the area was practically bare of snow, and this emphasized the danger of damage by an unseasonable cold wave. The foreign news was not important, although prices were rather heavy. Broomhall estimated world's exports, exclusive of North America, at 9,600,000 bushels, which, with Bradstreet's American figures, indicated total world's shipments of 12,331,000 bushels, compared with 13,776,000 last week and 10,768,000 last year. Export sales for the day were 15 loads at outports. No. 2 red Winter wheat in the local market was quoted at 1.01½, elevator, and $1.11, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 98½c, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
New York—					
May	96⅝	96 5-16	96 7-16	96 11-16	106
July	..	..	95⅞	96¼	103⅝
September	..	..	95¼	95⅜	..
New York Bonded—					
May	..	..	96¾	96¾	..
July	..	..	96¾	96¾	..
Chicago—					
May	89⅝	89¼	89¼	89⅝	101¼
July	88⅞	88⅝	88⅝	88⅞	97⅝
September	88½	88¼	88⅜	88½	95½

CORN.

Evidences of liquidation which suggested selling by leading Wall Street longs in corn caused an easier feeling, and prices at the close were ⅝ to ⅞c not lower. The spot situation was discouraging, as the demand was small, and cash corn in the country was said to be selling considerably below a parity with futures. The foreign markets were heavy, but a Broomhall cable from Argentina said that the crop there has been damaged by heavy winds and rainstorms, and the Buenos Aires market advanced ⅜ to ½c. Export corn was quoted at 56c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
May	52⅝	51½	51½	52⅜	70⅜
July	53⅜	52	53⅛	53⅞	71
September	54¼	54⅛	54¼	54⅞	71⅛

OATS.

There was comparatively little feature to the oats market, but prices were easier in sympathy with corn, closing ⅝c net lower. Furthermore, the trade has not lost sight of the large farm reserves, and a continued liberal movement from the country was anticipated. The local cash market was quiet, standard white quoted at 38c; No. 3, 37½c; No. 4, 36¼@37c; natural white, 36¼@38c; white, clipped, 36½@40c, all track.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
May	32⅞	32½	32½	32⅞	52⅜
July	33¼	32¾	32¾	33⅜	49⅝
September	33¼	33	33	33⅝	42¼

COTTON.

The cotton market was rather nervous and unsettled yesterday and fluctuations were irregular. After an early advance the market weakened owing to prospects for better weather in the South and bearish weekly statistics, which probably promoted some scattered selling as well as realizing on the part of recent buyers. The decline was checked, however, by renewed Wall Street buying, which was attributed to short account, and the market was finally steady, net 1 point higher to 3 points lower.

The rains in the South and the reported delay in farm work has not made much impression on local sentiment. While the wet weather continued, it seemed to exercise a restraining influence on sellers, but no one seemed to become really alarmed over the outlook. It is still too early to plant cotton, except in some of the far advanced sections, and as the soil had been pretty well prepared before the rains started, the additional moisture in the ground is not considered an unfavorable feature by many in the trade. With the official forecasts for clearing weather, the optimistic view of the crop outlook appeared to revive, and when it was seen that the world's visible supply of American cotton would show a smaller loss for the week than for the same week last year, bearish sentiment became rather more aggressive. At the same time the reported improvement in the spot demand was not entirely overlooked, and the appearance of considerable Wall Street buying orders around the ring late in the day were followed by a prompt rally.

The market opened steady at an advance of 2 to 4 points in response to higher Liverpool cables. May contracts sold at 11.96 on the call, or 20 points up from the low level of Monday. There was foreign buying, as well as moderate support from trade sources, and renewed covering, but the advance seemed sufficient to attract a good deal of realizing and during the early afternoon the market sold 3 to 6 points net lower. This loss was practically recovered later, and while there was more March offering than for some time past that position maintained its premium, and near months were relatively steady at the close. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged, with Memphis reporting the largest sales in weeks.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.50 for middling upland; sales 100 bales; delivered on contract, 100 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.29	12.19	12.26@12.27	12.25
April	..	..	12.01@12.03	12.01
May	11.96	11.85	11.91@11.92	11.91
June	..	..	11.86@11.88	11.85
July	11.88	11.79	11.85@11.86	11.84
August	11.78	11.72	11.76@11.78	11.75
September	11.51	11.50	11.46@11.48	11.49
October	11.47	11.38	11.42@11.43	11.44
December	11.48	11.40	11.44@11.45	11.45
January	11.42	11.40	11.40@11.42	11.41

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products showed an easier tone under liquidating sales, and on evidences that the market had been somewhat overbought on the recent advance. The hog market was slow, and while the receipts for the day were small, it was expected that next week's movement will be somewhat more liberal. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 18,000; estimated for Saturday, 13,000; Kansas City received 3,500, and Omaha 12,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.75	10.65	10.70	10.77	9.37½
July	10.70	10.65	10.67	10.72	9.57½
Ribs—					
May	10.85	10.77	10.80	10.87	8.92½
July	10.67	10.65	10.65	10.72	9.05
Pork—					
May	20.80	20.67	20.72	20.90	16.02½
July	20.35	20.27	20.27	20.45	16.32½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Further tenders on March contracts and reports that some of the oil recently delivered had been rejected owing to claims of inferior quality caused considerable selling pressure in the cottonseed oil market, and prices were easier, closing at a net decline of 3 to 5 points. The somewhat easier lard market also had more or less influence on sentiment, and in the absence of an active trade demand there appeared to be little to encourage speculative operations on the buying side.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.34@6.40	6.37
March	6.37	6.35	6.34@6.35	6.37
April	..	..	6.33@6.37	6.37
May	6.39	6.37	6.37@6.38	6.40
June	..	..	6.38@6.40	6.41
July	6.43	6.40	6.41@6.42	6.44
August	6.44	6.44	6.43@6.43	6.46
September	6.46	6.46	6.44@6.46	6.47
October	..	..	6.20@6.35	6.25

COFFEE.

Early cables from Europe reported a decline of 3¾@4¼ francs in Havre, while Hamburg was 1½@2¼ pfennigs lower. This resulted in an opening decline of 9 to 26 points in New York, which again sent prices to new low records. The market then gained steadily and closed at top with a new advance of 2 to 12 points.

Havre closed, 2@2¼ francs lower, and Hamburg showed a net loss of ¾@2¼ pfennigs. Trading was very heavy in all markets, sales here amounting to 163,500 bags, while Havre and Hamburg each did 125,000. The Brazilian markets were weak, and cost and freight offers from Brazil declined 10 to 20 points.

Spot coffee was dull and weak, Rio 7, 11½c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	11.10	11.10	11.25@11.26	11.21
April	..	..	11.35@11.36	11.33
May	11.49	11.19	11.48@11.49	11.46
June	..	..	11.53@11.54	11.48
July	11.56	11.26	11.55@11.56	11.50
August	..	..	11.64@11.65	11.60
September	11.73	11.50	11.72@11.73	11.69
October	11.55	11.45	11.67@11.68	11.62
November	..	..	11.67@11.68	11.55
December	11.63	11.42	11.68@11.70	11.59
January	..	..	11.68@11.70	11.60
February	11.50	11.50	11.68@11.70	11.60

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery extras, 35½@36c; firsts, 34½@35c; seconds, 33@34c; thirds, 31@32c; held, extras, 35c; firsts, 34@34½c; seconds, 32½@33½c; thirds, 30@31½c; State dairy, finest, 34@35c; good to prime, 30@33c; common to fair, 25@29c; process, extras, 27½@28c; firsts, 26@27c; seconds, 23@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@26c; factory, held, 23½@24c; current make, firsts, 23½c; seconds, 22@22½c; thirds, 20@21c; packing stock, held, 21½@22½c; current make, No. 2, 21½@22c; No. 3, 18@20½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17½@17¾c; white, 17@17½c; colored, average fancy, 16½@17¼c; white, 16½@16¾c; lower grades, 14@16c; Winter, colored, specials, 16@16½c; white, 16@16¼c; colored, average run, 15¾@15¾c; white, 15¼@15¾c; Winter, lower grades, 14@15c; Daisies, held, best, 16¾@17½c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, fancy, 15¾@16¼c; flats, held, fancy, 16@16½c; twins, fresh, best, 15@15½c; flats, 15¼@15¾c; State, skims, held, specials, 13@14c; fair to choice, 10@12c; Winter-made, specials, 10¼@11c; choice, 8@10c; poor to fair, 5@7c; State, full skims and badly defective, 2@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 19@20c; firsts, 18¼@18¾c; seconds, 17¾@18c; thirds, 17@17½c; dirties, 15@17c; checks, good to prime, 14@15c; under grade, 10@13c; refrigerator, best, 15@15½c; fair to good, 11@14¼c; inferior, per case, $2@3; Baltimore duck, 30c; Virginia, 34@38c; Western and prime Southern, 34@36c; Far Southern, 28@32c; goose eggs, 80@90c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 23@24c; selected whites, defective in size or color, 20@22c; Western, gathered whites, 20@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 20c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 18½@19½c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 11c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 11c; rounds, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10c; chucks, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10c.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was firm, with granulated listed at $4.35. But very a rule sales were made 5 points under that.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $4.60; Mold A, $4.70; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was ¾d to 1¼d lower with March and April steady at 9s 11¼d and May at 10s. The local market for raw sugar was firm at close and equal to the sales basis of $3.58 for centrifugal, $3.08 for muscovado, and $2.83 for molasses sugar.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market for molasses and syrups was steady. The demand was good and prices unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—The market for rice held firmly with good demand. Prices were unchanged.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 5¾@6c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was again inactive although there appeared a little better inquiry at a decline of 10 to 15 points from recent quotations.

Quotations: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.35@$4.65; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.30@$4.50; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.90@$4.20; extra No. 2, Winter, $3.80@$3.90; Kansas straights, $4.15@$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $5.30@$5.80. RYE FLOUR —Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@$3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$4. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted: $2.25@$2.35 asked, per 100 pounds. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.05. BAG-MEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $21.50; standard middling, $22; flour, $27; Red Dog, $29.25; bran, $22 bulk, $25 sacks; middling, $23@$29; Red Dog, $30.50; hominy chop, $22@$23 bulk, $23.20@$24.20 sacks; oilmeal, $29.50@$30.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at $8.50 for standard white in barrels at New York.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 45@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was quiet with prices a shade lower. Resin was about 1c lower on all grades. Tar was steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 42c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good strained, $6.40; B, D, and E, $6.55; F, $6.65; G, $6.65; H, $6.80; I, $6.90; K, $7.35; M, $7.65; N, $7.90; WG, $8.20; WW, $8.40.

WORLD'S VISIBLE COTTON.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, obtained from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before. It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 98,738 bales, against a decrease of 145,372 bales last year and a decrease of 141,010 bales the year before last.

The total visible supply is 5,482,922 bales, against 3,581,660 bales last week, 5,847,075 bales last year and 4,487,872 bales the year before last. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,926,922 bales, against 4,033,660 bales last week, and 4,639,075 bales last year.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

HARDWARE TRADE ACTIVE.

Spring Outlook Encouraging, but Tariff Causes Conservatism.

The local hardware business is reported to be picking up remarkably well for this time of year. The outlook for Spring business seems very encouraging, and one representative house reports all its factories running full time in order to meet the demand. Construction is said to be holding up well, and builders' hardware seems moving best just now.

Current business is reported normal by cutlery manufacturers here, and the prospects for Fall seem favorable. One well-known dealer said yesterday that specifications received to date were considerably in advance over last year. He said, however, that larger orders were specifying late shipments while those to go forward at once were in nearly every case confined to smaller quantities. This conservatism seems due to lack of confidence because of tariff agitation. There is a belief that the present rate on manufactured goods will be lowered.

DRESS LINENS QUIET.

Importers Are Not Getting Good Repeat Orders—Fall Buying Excellent.

Spring reorders on dress linens are not very heavy this year, according to reports from the primary end of the local market. This is believed to be due largely to the heavy advance business booked, and the difficulty now experienced in getting proper deliveries from the other side. Prices are becoming firmer as available supplies of seasonable merchandise in this market are depleted, and already a general turning toward higher-priced lines has resulted from the exhausting of stocks of the cheaper qualities.

Fall orders from the jobbers have so far been unusually good, and in some cases the belief is expressed that the bulk of the advance business for the coming season has already been placed. The orders to date have been well distributed among the various houses, and have also been well diversified. Both staples and fancy linens have been well taken, and handkerchiefs have also been well sought. One of the principal features is the heavy demand for crashes.

CORSET MAKERS BUSY.

Tendency for Spring Toward Use of Fewer Bones—Novelty Shown.

Good Spring selling is reported by corset manufacturers here, and there seems no radical change from the Fall styles. The most-wanted are those low in bust and long in skirt. The tendency is toward using as few bones as possible, with none over the hips. White is the prevailing color for all grades of batiste corsets, but a touch of color is some times seen in more expensive brocades. The trade at the moment tends toward daintiness in trimmings, and fine lace and embroidery are much in evidence, replacing the gorgeous effects formerly used.

A recent specialty brought out in expensive corsets is one made from a single piece of elastic and called a "slip-on." The wearer is obliged to step into it as into a pair of trousers. A growing demand for it is reported.

ANSWERS STOCK EXCHANGE.

President de Aguero of Consolidated Says His Exchange Was Boycotted.

The argument put forth by John G. Milburn and Walter F. Taylor as counsel for the New York Stock Exchange against the enactment by the Legislature of a bill designed to end discrimination against the members of the Consolidated Exchange brought this rejoinder from President de Aguero of the Consolidated Exchange yesterday:

"The statement of the Stock Exchange is disingenuous, inasmuch as counsel on our side suggested at the hearing before the joint committee an amendment that would eliminate entirely the objection to the forced acceptance of accounts from everybody, regardless of character or financial responsibility.

"In all discussion of this bill by the members of the New York Stock Exchange or their counsel I do not hear of one man who has the temerity to defend the language of the resolution of May 19, 1909, nor can any lover of fair play support the principle of that resolution, which is monopolistic in the extreme, and as carried out, has proven a flagrant case of boycott. In making his decision in the Heim case, Judge Crane of the Supreme Court, stated that the whole matter was a subject for legislative action.

"Finally we do not ask that the members of the New York Stock Exchange be compelled to trade with or for our members, but that they be allowed to do so at the regular rates of commission without incurring the grievous penalties imposed by the resolution, whertin having any dealings with the members of the Consolidated Exchange is made an act detrimental to the interest and welfare of the New York Stock Exchange, punishable by suspension or expulsion."

BUSINESS NOTES.

Roth & Bloom, importers of broadcloths and woolens, after to-day will be found in the Hess Building, 354 Fourth Avenue. They were formerly at 79 Fifth Avenue.

Kilgore & Petrillo, Incorporated, flowers and feathers, have applied to the Supreme Court, Part I., for an order permitting the firm to change its name to Kilgore, Petrillo & Kilgore, Incorporated. The firm has its principal office at 716 Broadway. It is expected that the order will be signed to-day.

The American Art Glass Company, 407 Broome Street, has engaged the sixth floor in the building at 36 West Twenty-fourth Street, and expects to be there by April 1.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The trade figures of the calendar year 1912, issued by the Bureau of Customs, show an increase in the total trade of the Philippines over the calendar year 1911 of $22,992,504. mImports for 1912 were $60,562,448, an increase of $12,538,036 over those of 1911, and the exports for the year, amounting to $54,741,759, show a gain over 1911 of $10,154,468.

Uruguay's imports from the United States for the first eleven months of 1912 reached the record sum of $6,776,000, while the previous year they reached but $5,953,313, also a record year.

According to advance statistics, which have just been received, it appears that the commerce of Spain in 1912 amounted to $379,014,294, which exceeds the commerce of any previous year. Of this amount, $188,547,147 was imports and $190,467,147 exports.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Among the most sought numbers in the local market for women's neckwear are collars embroidered in Bulgarian colors. Jabots are good in all forms.

Gun metal calf tops the list in the popular numbers in men's shoes for Spring. To date there has also been a good call for tan calf.

Considerable popularity is forecast for Russian blouse effects for Spring wear, both in suits and coats. Some novel color contrasts in belts and jackets are seen in them.

Yellow is picked as the leading color this Spring. It will be seen in millinery trimmings, as well as in dress fabrics and accessories.

PRINTCLOTHS STILL QUIET.

So far as printcloths were concerned there was no more activity in the local market yesterday than on Thursday. Prices continued steady, despite the easier tone, but a break was said to be inevitable before long. Some 39-inch, 68-72s, were sold at 5¾ cents, but the rest of the list was without feature. Reports were heard that these goods could be got at 5¾ cents for delivery later than June, but they could not be confirmed. This figure was apparently satisfactory to buyers, and some good trading would doubtless have been done if sellers had granted the concession reported. Twills were in good demand, and there was also a nice call for ratines and other fancies. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 56-52s..3 1-16c|38½-inch, 64-60s...5¼c
27-inch, 56-56s.....3¼c|38½-inch, 64-64s...5¼c
27-inch, 64-60s.....3¾c|39-inch, 68-72s....5¾c
28-inch, 64-60s.....3⅞c|39-inch, 72-76s....6¼c
28-inch, 64-64s.....4c |39-inch, 80-80s....7¼c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¾c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@15c; ticklenburgs, 8-ounce, 9½@10c; standard prints, 4½c; staple ginghams, 5¼@5½c.

DICKEYS WORN IN GERMANY.

Detachable Cuffs Still Popular Also—Attached Cuffs Just Coming.

Arm bands are seldom worn in Germany, according to Consular Agent W. B. Wallace of Markneukirchen. The majority of laborers and clerks on small salaries there wear the dickey. Many on larger salaries, and employers as well, wear shirts with detachable cuffs as a matter of economy. For several years, however, the number of men of different occupations wearing shirts with attached cuffs has been steadily increasing, and, as the fashions demand, the increase will continue. The dissatisfaction arising through the cuffs becoming soiled will lead to a search for an economical means of prevention, and the arm band fills this demand.

"I believe that the firm who would enter the market now, though the results at first may not be favorable, will be satisfied with the results later on," says Mr. Wallace in a recent report to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. "The trade can best be reached through entering into connections with wholesalers or establishing an agency. An agent in Hamburg or Berlin could cover the north of Europe. In each of the larger cities are several men's furnishing-goods shops having a select trade. In these shops many articles of American manufacture are found for sale and I believe that once they took up arm bands other dealers in the same and similar lines would follow."

SEE PARCEL POST DEFECTS.

Merchants Point Out Three Objections to Present Service.

Three objections to the present method of conducting the parcel post were pointed out yesterday by local business men. It was contended in one house from which large packages are sent frequently that the present weight limit, eleven pounds, should be raised to twenty-five. Under that condition, it was claimed, the Government would be able in many instances to reduce the number of packages handled and thereby, in the long run, lessen the expense of the service. The saving that would result to business men in the wrapping and handling of fewer packages under such an increase in the weight limit was also cited as a reason why the change should be made. The second objection, which bore direct relation to the first, was to the rule requiring all packages sent by mail at the present time to measure less than seventy-two inches in length and girth combined. This rule, it was said, often required the breaking of a single shipment into two or three packages, with the consequent added expense of packing and handling.

The third objection was to the regulation requiring all packages to be brought by the sender to some post office, branch or station for mailing. In cases where fairly sizeable shipments were made by mail the lack of collection facilities on the part of the Postal Department was considered the worst feature of all. The cost of transporting the packages to the nearest mailing point was said in some cases to offset completely whatever financial advantages were otherwise derived from the use of the service.

WILL COPY PARIS AS USUAL.

No One Here Takes French Police Chief's Interference Seriously.

THE TIMES's wireless dispatch from Paris telling of the measures to be taken by the Prefect of Police of that city to prevent future copying of original French designs for the benefit of foreign firms was received with varying opinions in local women's wear circles yesterday. While in some cases it was believed that the bark would be worse than the bite, it was contended in other quarters that trouble would follow any confiscation of drawings or photographs made by American designers or representatives.

"The whole affair seems senseless to me," was the opinion expressed by one prominent manufacturer. "The dispatch says that the Prefect of Police has no power to forbid the copying of designs or models, but that he can instruct the police to take copyists to the station house and confiscate their copies or photographs. From this arises the question as to how he can order the confiscation of completed or partly completed copies if he cannot prevent the copyist from beginning such work. If there is anything in the French copyright law to prevent copying for purposes of imitation in other countries and the pirated models are copyrighted, that is another matter. But, even so, why has no action been taken before in this matter if there is legal basis for it now?

"So far as whatever copying may be done for American firms is concerned, it looks as if the Parisian dressmakers are afraid of the progress that is being made here with legitimate and conservative adaptations of some of the freak models being put out there in an attempt to conserve the name of the city as the world's fashion centre."

DRY GOODS RETAILERS BUSY.

Spring Weather and Easter Stimulate Orders—Demand for Oilcloths.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, says:

"Fall business in dry goods is assuming large proportions. Retailers are protecting themselves, so as to avoid the shortage of which they see indications in many lines this season. Spring-like weather and the approach of Easter have created an active retail demand during the week. Merchants who have anticipated an advanced Spring business, with well assorted stocks, are being kept busy. Elaborate Spring openings are in progress in all sections of the country.

"Long fabric gloves have been a prominent item on the orders received during the week. Short lengths are also selling. White gloves are most in demand, with a fair call for tans.

"Large quantities of oilcloth will be used this Spring, according to the indications of current sales. Table oilcloth is especially in demand. As the home redecorating season advances retailers will find large sales for oilcloth to be used as wall coverings, as this custom is gaining much popularity."

Higher Grain Rates Suspended.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Increases in freight rates on grain and grain products generally throughout the territory north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, which were in most cases to have gone into effect to-morrow, were suspended to-day by the Inter-State Commerce Commission until July 8. The order states that, by the proposed increases, "the rights and interests of the public appear to be injuriously affected." Hearings will be held.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JACOB AND LOUIS LAMCHICK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jacob and Louis Lamchick, who compose the firm of Lamchick Brothers, manufacturers of caps at 9 Washington Place, this city, and at 65 Hope Street, Brooklyn, by these creditors: S. Hyman Company, $500; H. B. Claflin Company, $10, and Edward Golden, $9. It was alleged that they were insolvent and made preferential payments of $2,000. Judge Hand has appointed George H. Williams receiver, with a bond of $12,500, and with authority to continue business for thirty days. Liabilities are said to be some $100,000, of which $60,000 is unsecured, and assets some $25,000. Their trouble is partly attributed to losses by bad debts and having $15,000 tied up in a hat company in St. Louis. They formerly owned real estate in Brooklyn and Newark valued at $66,000; mortgaged for $42,000, but the equities are said to have been wiped out by foreclosure.

MORRIS MERINSKY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Merinsky, a dealer in men's furnishing goods and collars, with stores at 264 East Houston Street, 63 Delancey Street, and 24 Second Street, this city, and at 587 Broadway, Brooklyn, by these creditors: Harry Strausberg, $147; Frank Walker, $147, and Samuel Bosrach, $214. Judge Hand appointed John L. Lyttle receiver, with a bond of $2,000. The liabilities were said to be $10,000 and assets $4,000. He began business in 1904. It was said he was a partner in the firm of Kaufman & Merinsky, which went through bankruptcy in 1908.

HERMAN KUTHE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Kuthe, livery stable and horse dealer of 319 East Twenty-sixth Street, by these creditors: Andrew Morris, $315; M. Helfstein, $4,762, and Joseph Storey, $439. It was alleged that he was insolvent, on March 1 transferred part of his property, and an attachment has been issued. Deputy Sheriff Winters received two attachments, one for $1,074 in favor of Thomas M. Blake, and the other for $663 in favor of the Horace Ingersoll Company, and a keeper was put in charge of the stable at 346 West Thirty-sixth Street, but it is said that Mr. Kuthe transferred the place on March 4 to the Kuthe Ice Company, of which he was President. He has been in the livery stable business and also in an ice business since 1908. Liabilities are reported to be $30,000.

KENDIS & PALEY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against James Kendis and Herman Paley, who compose the firm of Kendis & Paley, music publishers, at 1,367 Broadway, by these creditors: F. J. Lawrence Company, $1,086; Printum Quick System, $22, and Phoenix Engraving Company, $93. It is alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments of $500, and transferred merchandise and accounts of $500. Liabilities are said to be $2,500 and assets $500. They began this business in November, 1910.

THE ENTERPRISE CLOTHING COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Joseph Cohen receiver for the Enterprise Clothing Company of 293 Church Street, with a bond of $1,000 and with authority to continue business ten days. He is of the Standard Woolen Company, the largest creditor. Liabilities are $2,832.

THE ATHENS KNITTING COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Benjamin W. B. Brown receiver for the Athens Knitting Company of Athens, N. Y., bond $15,000. The plant has been shut down for more than a year and the best bid received for the whole property was $25,000.

JULIUS WEINBERG.—Judge Hand has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Julius Weinberg, who was manager of a wholesale paper business at 11 Vestry Street when he filed a petition on Dec. 2, 1911, with liabilities of $117,320 and no assets. Contradictions in his testimony before the referee, on which the objecting creditor relied to oppose the discharge, were not deemed of sufficient importance to refuse a discharge.

FRANKLE & STEINBACKER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Frankle & Steinbacker, furriers of 37 West Twenty-eighth Street, showed liabilities $68,247 and nominal assets $26,100, consisting of stock, $13,000; fixtures, $1,500; cash in bank, $38, and accounts, $11,571, most of which have been assigned to Frieda Hart. Among the creditors are Frieda Hart of 59 West 119th Street, $18,233, secured by stock and accounts valued at $13,172, and $5,000, unsecured, on notes; Second National Bank of Bayonne, $2,850; Rexton Realty Company, $3,820, and B. Cohn, $2,046.

LOUIS RIEGER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Louis Rieger, dealer in dresses and cloaks at 143 Avenue B, show liabilities $7,734 and assets $4,250, consisting of stock, $4,000, and fixtures, $250.

SAMUEL LITZ.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Samuel Litz, tailor at 27 University Place, show liabilities $6,193 and assets $926, consisting of stock, $300; fixtures, $300, and accounts, $326.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts of more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Albanos, John, Theodore Albanos, and Drucker & Holmstock Co.—P. Reinherz and others, $247.
Allen, Charles W.—Gibson Distilling Co., $228.
Albert, John—A. Smolin, $350.
Doyle, Patrick—Henry Von Glahn & Son, $199.
Bucholz, Henry G.—H. A. Uterhard and others, $1,755.
Bimber, Charles—Annin & Co., $679.
Bergman, Henry—S. Levinson, $524.
Britton, Albert F.—C. J. O'Brien, $206.
Baer, Ben—M. A. Driscol, $404.
Benedict, Julian—M. Hankin and others, $348.
Briganti, Michele—R. Mazziotta, $226.
Barrett, William E.—Pope-Hartford Auto Co., $1,087.
Cashman, Joseph T.—Singer Sewing Machine Co., $139.
Canavan, Denis A.—R. Fitzpatrick, $278.
Cohen, George—H. Cohn, $111.
Crido, Louis M.—Lembeck & Bettz Eagle Brewing Co., $272.
Cohan, Lewis P.—O. Bleetstein, $560.
Chasseaud, Jasper B.—A. Violette and others, $344.
Davis, Clarence A.—C. Lawrence, $189.
D'Ascell, William R.—F. Di Palma and others, $132.
Ella, John—Andee, Smith & Howland Co., $1,773.
Flint, Albert H.—J. C. Chaplin, $22,446.
Frisch, August, executor—F. Kornicker, $119.
Foster Charles B.—Wyckoff Pope & Creosoting Co., $879.
Gibson, Burton W.—Winton Motor Carriage Co., $154.
Hatch, Edward—Lord & Taylor, $141,454.
Hirsch, Jacob—J. Cohen, $111.
Johnson, Eugene—American Taximeter Co., $368.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—A. Schillhamer, $8,152.
Kearner, John W.—C. T. Wills, $348.
Klein, Julius—B. Klein, $519.
Lediard, Charles—Wright & Cobb Lighterage Co., $440.
Leroy, Herman—Goodfield Realty

ALMOST A FIGHT AT STEEL HEARING

Judge Dickinson Flashes at Mr. Lindabury and Invites Him to Step Outside.

AN EXPLANATION INSTEAD

Documents Missing from Morgan Papers—Government Discredits Copies and Insists on Originals.

Jacob McGavock Dickinson, ex-Secretary of War and special assistant to the Attorney General in the suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation, and Richard V. Lindabury, chief counsel for the company, almost came to blows yesterday at the hearing in the company's office at 71 Broadway. Judge Dickinson invited Mr. Lindabury to step out into the hall and settle the matter, but Mr. Lindabury showed no disposition to accommodate him.

J. P. Morgan, Jr., who was waiting to testify, sat just behind the disputants and looked somewhat puzzled at the turn affairs had taken.

Edward S. Pegram of J. P. Morgan & Co. was on the stand when the trouble started. He came in response to a subpoena to produce certain papers relating to the formation of the Steel Corporation. Some of these were put in evidence and some were not. Mr. Lindabury then asked Mr. Pegram if he had not produced a copy of a letter written by Andrew Carnegie to J. P. Morgan & Co. on Feb. 2, 1901. Mr. Pegram said he had, and Mr. Lindabury wanted to know why the Government hadn't put it in evidence.

Henry C. Colton, Judge Dickinson's associate, replied that the letter was not the original agreement for the sale of the Carnegie Steel Company. Mr. Lindabury insisted that the letter contained all the terms of the contract, but Judge Dickinson declared that it was "colorable."

"Clearly it is not colorable," said Mr. Lindabury, raising his voice. "Your statement is utterly unwarranted. There is no basis for such a statement."

"Do you mean to say that my statement is false," demanded Judge Dickinson. As he did so he jumped up from his chair on one side of the table and rushed around behind the witness to the other, where Mr. Lindabury was standing.

The Gauntlet Thrown Down

With clenched fists and blazing eyes he confronted the other lawyer.

"I say there is no basis in the evidence for your statement," retorted Mr. Lindabury.

"If you say I have no basis for my statement, your statement is false," shouted Judge Dickinson. "If you'll step out here," pointing to the hall, "I'll settle this with you right now."

John Arthur Brown, who was presiding at the hearing, forced himself half way between the two men before any damage was done. Mr. Brown is the son of the regular special examiner, Henry P. Brown. The younger Brown, who acts as substitute in his father's absence, is a six-footer and looks as if he were in training. Everybody felt that he was just the man at this juncture to maintain order, which is practically the sole function of the special examiner.

"We must have this proceeding conducted in an orderly manner," he declared, while Mr. Lindabury said to Judge Dickinson:

"I don't mean to say that you knew there was no basis for your statement or that you knowingly made a false statement."

"If that's what you mean, all right," said Judge Dickinson, returning to his seat. "I have not reflected on counsel once during this case, but time and again innuendoes have been made against me and I won't put up with it," and Judge Dickinson threw his pen down on the desk for emphasis.

Mr. Lindabury added that he had meant no reflection on Judge Dickinson and no offense to him and matters quieted down again. Mr. Lindabury took up another of the documents produced by Mr. Pegram, which the Government had not put in evidence.

A Little More Pepper.

"Do you refuse to put this in?" he demanded of Judge Dickinson.

"We will put in what we wish to put in," replied Judge Dickinson.

"And you don't wish to put this in?" persisted Mr. Lindabury.

"We didn't put it in," replied the Judge, "that is sufficient."

Mr. Lindabury asked the same question about several papers, but Judge Dickinson kept his patience. Concerning a letter from H. C. Frick to John D. Rockefeller and J. P. Morgan & Co., which had to do with the sale of the Lake Superior Consolidated Mining Company to the Steel Corporation, Mr. Colton replied to Mr. Lindabury:

"It was not put in because we have reason to believe that it is not the original agreement between J. P. Morgan & Co. and J. D. Rockefeller."

"I call on counsel," shouted Mr. Lindabury, "to state the source of that information or to withdraw his statement."

"I decline to do it," said Mr. Colton.

Underlying the difficulty over these documents is an idea on the part of the Government prosecutors that before the contracts were made by J. P. Morgan & Co. for the purchase of Andrew Carnegie's steel plant and John D. Rockefeller's ore lands, there were earlier agreements of which they have been able to get no evidence.

Among the papers produced by Mr. Pegram were a contract dated Feb. 24, 1899, signed by William Nelson Cromwell, Edmund C. Converse, and J. P. Morgan & Co.; a paper dated Sept. 23, 1897, signed by E. H. Gary, G. H. Ten Broek, and J. P. Morgan & Co.; a Federal Steel Company syndicate agreement, a National Tube Company syndicate agreement of June 22, 1899, and an American Bridge Company syndicate agreement dated May 4, 1900. Mr. Pegram said he had been unable to find the original of the agreement between Andrew Carnegie and J. P. Morgan & Co., on Feb. 26, 1901, for the sale of the Carnegie property. He told of efforts to find it in the office and in a Brooklyn warehouse.

More Missing Papers.

Judge Dickinson next called J. P. Morgan, Jr., to the stand. Mr. Morgan said he had received subpoenas addressed to the firm and to himself. He had made no search for the papers that were not found, but had relied on Mr. Pegram.

"Have you any personal knowledge of any of the papers called for other than those produced?" asked Judge Dickinson.

"None at all," he replied.

It soon developed that Mr. Morgan was not in the New York office while the negotiations were in progress for the formation of the Steel Corporation.

"I was working in London from 1898 to 1905," he explained.

Judge Dickinson inquired whether any members of the firm who were here during the negotiations were now in the city, and Mr. Morgan named Temple Bowdoin and W. P. Hamilton. He was then excused. The partners will probably be called later.

D. G. Kerr, Vice President of the Steel Corporation, appeared in response to a subpoena for the production of data, estimates, and reports, at or about the time of the formation of the corporation, concerning the quantity of ore in various districts and the quantity held by the constituents of the combination. These did no include all the Government had asked for either, but Mr. Kerr knew of no others. There might be some, he said, on the files of the Oliver Mining Company, the ore subsidiary of the Carnegie Steel Company.

The hearings will continue next Tuesday morning.

SEEK SHARE IN FAIR ESTATE.

Niece and Nephews of Mrs. Fair Sue Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Oelrichs, and Other Heirs.

Four separate suits involving $140,000 were filed yesterday in the Supreme Court against Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Joseph Harvey, and Charles S. Neil, as persons interested in the estate of Mrs. Caroline D. Fair, sister-in-law of Mrs. Oelrichs and Mrs. Vanderbilt, who, with her husband, Charles L. Fair, was killed in an automobile accident at Passy-sur-Eure, France, in 1902.

The plaintiffs in the suits are Edward Lefler, George Elmer Lefler, Theodore W. Lefler, and Mrs. Mabel E. Towle. They are the children of Mrs. Sarah Lefler, a sister of Mrs. Fair. They assert that they are entitled to one forty-second of her residuary estate, which was estimated at $15,000,000.

Mrs. Fair's will was probated in San Francisco, and, according to the complaint, this was illegal, as the testatrix was not a resident of that State, but of New York. Under the laws of New York the complaint sets forth, the residuary estate, in the absence of any specific provision for its disposition, would have been equally divided among the next of kin.

The question, which involved extended litigation, as to whether Mrs. Fair or her husband died first, was reviewed in the suits which were started yesterday. The complaints in the new action assume that Mrs. Fair survived her husband by a few minutes. They set forth that all the estate of Charles L. Fair, which his wife inherited under his will, should be included in her estate.

Charles L. Fair was the son of Senator James Fair, one of the richest men on the Pacific Coast. After a contest, Senator Fair's estate, worth some $30,000,000, was divided among his three children, Charles L. Fair, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs. When Charles L. Fair and his wife were killed, Hermann Oelrichs became the administrator of his estate.

Henry M. T. Beekman of 111 Broadway is attorney for the plaintiffs in all four suits.

WANTS SHARE OF $200,000.

Court Must Interpret Will for Friend and Wife of A. H. Moore.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Moore, widow of Albert H. Moore, son of Andrew H. Moore, the Philadelphia railroad man, and an executrix of her husband's estate, has brought an action in the Supreme Court against Miss Kittie P. De Groote, a friend of the Moore family, who is also named as executrix, to have an interpretation made of the fourth clause of Moore's will. The estate amounts to about $650,000.

Moore, in his will, provided that nine-sixteenths of his estate should go to his wife and seven-sixteenths to Miss De Groote. Several years before his death he had assigned $200,000 to his wife, and he refers to this amount in the fourth clause of his will in terms which are ambiguous, according to the lawyers. Mrs. Moore's contention is that the $200,000 should be deducted from the amount which is to be divided between Miss De Groote and herself, while Miss De Groote interprets the clause to mean that the $200,000 should be paid into the estate before the division is made. Justice Davis heard the arguments yesterday of the attorneys for both and reserved decision.

Mrs. Blaney's Estate $4,614.

The appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Elizabeth M. Blaney, known on the stage as Lizzie Melrose, who divorced her husband, Charles E. Blaney, the theatrical manager, in 1909, was filed yesterday. The entire estate amounted to $4,614, which includes jewelry valued at $521 and a $2,430 equity in a bungalow and land at Centre Moriches, L. I. The estate was left in trust in equal shares to her two sons, Charles E., Jr., and Henry Clay Blaney, both 15 years of age.

Layng Estate Now $1,170,137.

An accounting of the Trustees of the estate of James D. Layng, who died Feb. 12, 1908, for the period from May 22 to Feb. 11, was filde yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. The accounting shows the principal of the trust fund is $1,170,137.78. The trustees are Agnes Heans Layng, James D. Layng and Sylvanus L. Schoonmaker.

RAISE MEAT ANIMALS, HOUSEWIVES ADVISE

Tell the Home Farmers That It Is Up to Them to Check Soaring Prices.

GET WIRE FROM CHICAGO

Showing Falling Off in Receipts, but Mrs. Heath Is Not Satisfied with That Explanation.

The National Housewives League, satisfied that the present high price of meat is due, in part at least, to an actual shortage in the supply of meat animals, has undertaken an educational campaign among Eastern farmers to persuade them to raise cattle for food consumption. Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the league, who lives at 175 West Eighty-eighth Street, was enthusiastic last night in discussing the plans of the league to provide a local food supply.

Mrs. Heath wired the other day to Arthur G. Leonard, President of the Union Stock Yards Company, in Chicago, asking the cause for the increase in the prices of meats. Mr. Leonard wired back:

> For the period since Jan. 1, as compared with the same period of 1912, there has been a total decrease in the receipts at Chicago of 646,000 meat animals of every type, amounting to an aggregate of 200,000,000 pounds.

Mr. Leonard further explained the shortage on the ground that a large amount of range country was annually being cut into small farms and made unsuitable for the raising of cattle. He said the annual shortage had been increasing for seven years, and it would take a similar period of time to build the cattle industry up to a point where there could be a reduction in prices.

Mrs. Heath telegraphed to the Bureau of Animal Industry in Washington and obtained verification of Mr. Leonard's figures, while committees of league members explored the markets in this city inquiring of wholesalers and retailers alike their explanations of the increase in price of meat. According to Mrs. Heath, these investigators learned that while wholesale prices were increasing retail prices would be maintained approximately where they were now, largely because dealers realize that the trade cannot survive higher prices.

"Our investigation showed this also," said Mrs. Heath last night: "The decrease in the supply of meat animals has been more than counterbalanced at the present moment by the decrease in consumption of meat. Through the Lenten period little meat is used by many families, and others have cut down their meat bills because of the high prices. It would seem, therefore, that there was no excuse for an increase in price at this time.

"This situation is only temporary, however, and we are satisfied that the solution of the problem lies in the home-raising of meat animals. At present the olcal farmer has no incentive to raise meat animals, because local dealers, in many cases, will not buy his product. The big packing houses hold the dealers in the palms of their hands and tell them, 'Buy our meat and our meat only, or buy none of our meat all.'

"Now if we can persuade the farmers to raise enough meat animals to supply the local demand, then the dealers could procure their whole stock from local sources and would be free from the influence of the packers, and the dealers would be glad to do this if they could feel assured that a sufficient supply would be forthcoming. The farmers should be glad to co-operate because of the profit which would accrue to them and the Housewives' League would co-operate by buying none but home-raised meat.

"This movement has been started already, and we confidently look forward to the day when home-raised products will be the rule instead of the exception everywhere."

APPEAL KLAUBER APPRAISAL.

Estate's Executors Want $135,000 Good-Will Item Cut Out.

The executors of the estate of David Klauber, who died Nov. 29, 1907, through Stanchfield & Levy, attorneys, filed an appeal yesterday in the Surrogates' Court from an order of the court, of March 10, fixing the transfer tax upon a $450,000 estate. The petitioners ask that the report of the appraiser be submitted back to the transfer tax office for correction.

The appeal is based on the ground that the good-will of the testator in the firm of David Klauber & Co. was assessed at $135,000, whereas, they assert, there was no good-will. To prove this contention they say that the business was started in July, 1907, and that the decedent died before the business had paid any profits.

The actual capital invested in the business was $450,000, which is valued in the appraisal at $388,350.53. The executors say that only 5 per cent. depreciation was allowed, whereas there should have been 33 1-3 per cent.

COMMISSION MEN INDICTED.

Charged with Misrepresenting City Produce Prices to Farmers.

A number of indictments charging several commission merchants with petty larceny were handed up to Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday, and one arrest was made.

Samuel Blick, a commission man of 346 Greenwich Street, was arrested, and later released in $1,500 bail by Justice Seabury. The indictment against him charges that he defrauded Frederick W. Dean, a farmer of New Milford, Conn., by giving false reports as to the wholesale price of eggs in this city.

It is charged that Blick received eggs from Mr. Dean and paid from 17 to 18 cents a dozen for them, saying that they only brought 21 cents a dozen; and that he sold them at 28 and 38 cents a dozen. The indictments against the other men charge the same kind of fraud, and detectives are searching for the men indicted.

Bondholders Buy Geneva & Auburn.

WATERLOO, N. Y., March 14.—The Geneva & Auburn Railway Company was sold under foreclosure to-day to the trustee of the present bondholders for $420,000. The sale was conducted under a judgment obtained by the West End Trust Company of Philadelphia as trustee. The property embraces trolley roads operated to Geneva, Waterloo, Seneca Falls and Cayuga Lake Park.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

196—C. F. Newcomb, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Washington.—Dismissed.

187—Mary E. Wilson et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Chester A. Snow.—Argument concluded.

188—C. H. Rexford, petitioner, vs. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company.—Argued.

189—Edwin J. Brown, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of Washington.—Argued.

190—John C. Mackay vs. Uinta Development Company.—Argument commenced.

The day call for Monday will be: Nos. 190, 191, 192, 193, (and 194,) 197, 200, (and 201,) 202, (and 203,) 204, 205, and 207.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S.—Will for probate: Mary Kress.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lynch, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Kaufman v. Kaufman—Algernon S. Norton. Farmers and Mfg Nat. Bank of Poughkeepsie v. Griggs—Samuel S. Koenig.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Tighe v. Walters—Maurice Goodman. U S Trust Co v. Kirschenbluth—Charles S. Fettretch. Maier v. Ludewig—Alexander Rosenthal. Blohm v. Mayers—Alex. I. Hahn. Martens v. Martens—William T. Unger.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. German Sav Bank v. Zeltner (4)—Myer M. Friend. Zambetti v. Ward—Melville G. Palliser. Palci v. Barcellona—Harold H. Herts.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J. Klinger v. Klinger—William Klein.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Jacob Loewenthal v. Eli Levy—Adolph Wald.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Jacob Kaufman v. Charles R. Nehelmesser—Abraham Ellenbogen.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J.—Motions. No day calendar.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department. The Committee on Character reports:

The following applicants for admission to the bar have passed examination, and are recommended for admission: Benjamin F. Allen, Winifred C. Allen, Homer C. Babcock, Arthur L. Burchell, Clifford L. Bury, Franklin C. Buck, Robert Harold Bagnell, Martin J. Birmingham, Herman Bergoffen, Albert V. Baruth, Nathaniel Cohen, Jacob Charlop, George R. Crosby, Charles M. Carter, Willis H. Chase, Adrian H. Courtney, Harry Davidow, Joseph J. Dreyer, Abraham L. Doris Morley K. Dunn, Albert Epstein, Jacob Bernard Eiseman, James Suydam Eadie, Thomas P. Foley, Louis Fleischer, Edmund C. Faulkner, Herman H. Feldstein, Chauncey T. S. Fish, William H. Frank, John C. Giles, Jr., Theodore J. Groh, William O. Goddard, James Benton Grant, Sydney L. Goodman, Leo J. Hickey, William H. Hickin, Charles F. Hulseman, Howard T. Hewlett, Cornelius J. Hickey, Edward P. Joyce, Alfred M. Joerg, John Joseph King, Henry Koch, Howard Lewis Kern, Jerome A. Lederman, Abraham N. Levy, Clark Parker Lattin, Almet Reed Latson, Jr., Myron Lawrence Lesser, Bruno C. Lechler, Philip Match, Ress A. Mackey, Edward T. Moore, Raymond Jerome Mullin, John Anthony Nugent, John S. Oberly, Delancy S. Pelgrift, Charles F. Quantrell, Joseph B. Quinlan, Franklin A. Rogers, John G. Roberts, Francis K. Raynor, Vernon C. Ryer, Allen H. Remsen, Samuel Simon, Karl Samenfeld, William G. Saumenicht, William J. Sullivan, Jacob Seley, Albert von Wlegen, David Wills 3d, Eugene P. White, Nathan Wilchins, James Blaine Walker, Jr., Martin J. Wilson, William C. Young, Leopold Zirinsky.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

In the matter of J. George Laffargue, deceased.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Ingraham, P. J., and McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Order filed.

Hastings Land Improvement Company, appellant, vs. Frederick G. Zinsser, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed and judgment directed for plaintiff for the amount sued for with interest, with all costs of action, including those on appeal to this court. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

John Felcin, appellant, vs. Society of the New York Hospital, respondent.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

J. Harry Hull, as trustee, appellant, vs. Francis J. Palmer and others, respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Lillian E. Curnen, appellant, vs. Bernard V. Curnen, respondent, appellant.—On the appeal of the defendant, judgment affirmed; on the appeal of the plaintiff, judgment modified as indicated in opinion, and as modified affirmed with costs and disbursements to the plaintiff. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

Agnes Thompson, as administratrix, appellant, vs. Levering & Garrigues, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Julius Friedel, as administrator, appellant, vs. Euphemia S. Coffin and another, respondents.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

City of New York, appellant, vs. New York Evening Post Company, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Julius A. Abrahams, plaintiff, vs. William J. Beneke, defendant, Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Henry B. Sire, appellant, vs. Leo Shubert, respondent.—Order modified as stated in opinion and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Samuel U. Tilton, respondent, vs. Levi L. Gans et al., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted to the extent stated in opinion, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Hugh C. Fox et al. vs. George H. Peacock and another.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order, and stay vacated. Order filed.

Dudley H. Cohen, respondent, vs. Only Motor Car Co., appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. (McLaughlin and Scott, JJ., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Frederick Currie et al., appellants, vs. George F. Vreeland, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Elizabeth A. Valentine, respondent, vs. John H. Valentine, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion.

Anna Sivak, respondent, vs. George F. Andrews, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Rae Semmelman, as administratrix, appellant, vs. Mutual Life Insurance Company, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Rudolph Braun, an infant, respondent, vs. Rockwell Motor Transportation Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Madison Trust Company, respondent, vs. Herman Milgrim and another, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Jonas Wieser and another, appellants, vs. William Guggolz Construction Company, respondent.—Order modified as stated in order and as modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion.

Grace E. Lewis et al., respondents, vs. L. Bradford Prince, impleaded, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Grace E. Lewis et al., respondents, vs. Charles de K. Townsend, impleaded, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Sarah S. Dunn, respondent, vs. Lizzie H. Holme, appellant.—Order modified as stated in order, and as modified affirmed without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Bohland-Alkier Construction Company, appellant, vs. Abraham S. Phillips et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles S. Danziger and another, respondents, vs. Joseph Gottlieb, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Vincent Kelly.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Israel Levy.—Motion granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Samuel Roth.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Hastings Land Improvement Company vs. Empire State Surety Company.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Henry W. Rose vs. Joseph Keen.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Theresa Goldstein vs. Alexander Goldstein.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Max L. Cragin et al. vs. Albert Berkeley.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

David Lippmann vs. Adolph Fanto.—Motion granted. Order filed.

In the matter of Theophilus J. Bloomer.—Motion granted unless appellant complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Raymond Cavanagh vs. Crest Realty Company.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Jacob Nudelman vs. Borden Condensed Milk Company; Hyman Nudelman vs. same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Orders filed.

In the matter of Federal Union Surety Company; the same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. C. S. Horowitz.—Motion granted on defendant stipulating to vacate certificate of reasonable doubt and time extended to April 8, 1913. Settle order on notice.

Mary Magee, as administratrix, vs. New York Telephone Company.—Motion for leave to appeal to Court of Appeals granted. Order filed.

People ex rel Louis Sohn vs. Masbicher Congregation.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Alexander Boyle vs. Hamilton Fish Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Mary E. Leahy vs. The City.—Motion granted; question certified. Order filed.

Mary Gorman vs. The City.—Motion granted; question certified. Order filed.

In the Matter of Manhattan Bridge.—Application granted. Settle order on notice.

In the Matter of Abraham G. Lampke.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

In the Matter of Charles F. Thumm.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

In the Matter of Alfred B. Osgoodby.—Referred to official referee. Settle order on notice.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
A Health Resort, 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres, park; 500 feet elevation; near station. Own dairy and vegetables. Rates $8 & up. Open all year. Booklet.

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Reservations now being made for the Easter Holidays.
Hotel RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
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GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL
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NEW HOTEL MERION
Homelike hotel of high class at popular tariff. Newly built brick at Vermont Ave., near Beach. MACK LATZ & CO.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Virginia Av., near Beach. Elevator, private baths, steam heat, 'phone; open surroundings. Special Lenten rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly; booklet.

HOTEL BOSCOBEL Ken'ky Av. nr. Beach. Open all year; fine table; special rates; booklet. A. E. MARION.

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The Perfect Appointments,
The Excellent Table, make
THE METROPOLITAN
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For the Spring Season. Music every evening. A week-end trial will convince you of its merits.
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Other School Advertisements on next to last page.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr., as Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, Plaintiff, against CHARLES M. SCHWAB, John J. Cudahy, Thomas Alexander, Roy S. Alley, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of A. J. Campbell, deceased; Julius Alsberg, Charles A. Austin, Leycester G. Ball, David Homer Bates, Irby Bennett, Henry A. Bingham, Mamie G. Blakemore, George Brenner, Henry L. Buhler, Edward R. Buhler, Robert W. Bunten, Anson W. Burchard, Annie E. Brown, Henry M. Bolton, Francis X. Butler, George H. Cahoone, Bertha T. Calm, William G. Cruse, George W. Cane, John H. Carpenter, James E. R. Carpenter, "Arthur" B. Chandler, the name "Arthur" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Albert E. Chandler, Ernest L. A. Christianson, Martin J. Condon, George M. Courts, Thomas James Coulter, Rose J. Cowen, George D. Crabbs, "Herry" H. Craver, the name "Henry" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; "Robert" P. Crockett, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Watkins Crockett, Frederick H. Cumming, William J. Cumming, "Norris" W. Cunningham, the name "Norris" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Guernsey Curran, Derby Crandall, James Dangerfield, Clarence A. Dawley; Charles W. Dayton, Jr., and Victor J. Dowling, as executors of the last will and testament of Charles W. Dayton, deceased; Frederick M. Davies, George W. Thompson, and James P. Thomas, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Davies, Thompson & Co.; Grace G. Dickinson, John J. Dickinson, and Stanton C. Dickinson, as executrix and executors, respectively, of the last will and testament of Charles C. Dickinson, deceased; Charles Courter Dickinson, Jr., William D. Du Bois, Pauline Horn Drew, Ruel S. Darling, Charles W. Eastman, Edgar C. Ely, George A. Farnham, Gladstone Fessenden, "John" C. Fetter, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank Foley, Irving E. French, Marian L. Fugate, "Robert" K. Gilbert, the name "Robert" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Clara S. Geldart, Frank D. Gheen, "William" E. Goldsborough, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Hugo Gorsch, James S. Graham, "John" F. Gray, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James H. Griffith, Mary W. F. Griffith, Eustice A. Hill, James B. Haines, Jr., Edith P. Halstead, Louis N. Hammerling, Hiram G. Hammett, Laura Hansgen, Ernst Hansgen, "John" F. Harper, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frieda Hart, Frederick Hauff, Joseph Hartigan, John Hetterman, James P. Hayes, Joseph T. Howell, J. Harsen Halstead, Phillip S. Henry, Burton D. Herron, William C. Hunt, Irene S. Hunter, Samuel E. Hunter; Edward F. Hutton, Franklyn Hutton, George A. Ellis, Jr., Edward E. E. Adams, and Homer J. Barrett, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of E. F. Hutton & Co.; William J. Hance, Ithaca Trust Co., Ithaca Security Co., "William" T. James, the name "William" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Arthur H. Jones, Edgar Jones, Walter C. Jones, Philip J. Josy, Jr., Louis M. Josephthal, Walter C. Louchheim, and Harry S. Kohn, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Josephthal, Louchheim & Co.; Sarah F. Kalbfleisch, Stephen H. Keating, Thomas F. Kelly, William A. Keener, William A. Keener, and Liston L. Lewis, copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of Keener & Lewis; Elsie E. Kerby, Walter C. Kerr, Marquis L. Keyes, William C. Kimball, Charles S. Krom, Samuel H. Kress, Robert S. Kunkel, Edward D. W. Langley, William M. Laws, James D. Layng, "Charles" C. Leader, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; James W. Leonard, Liston L. Lewis, Harry A. Libaire, Morris C. Lichten, Jeffrey D. Lindsay, Edward L. Lithauer, Jefferson Livingston, George C. Luebbers, Michael J. Lynam, "John" F. Makley, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John F. Martin, Bradley Martin, Jr., Catherine I. McCooey, Lee McCallum, John H. McClurkin, "Charles" W. McLester, the name "Charles" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank D. Miller, John Mitchell, Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., John B. Moore, Robert B. Moorhead, Frank R. Mowrer, George R. Nutty, Thomas O'Connor, Bernard F. O'Neil, "Frederick" B. H. Paine, the name "Frederick" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Noyes Palmer, as trustee of the estate of H. M. Palmer, deceased; John M. Parker, Herman Pauli, William K. Phillips, Phoenix Insurance Co., Walter H. Pike, Edward L'Estrange Phipps, Lawrence A. Ramage, John B. Ranson, Joseph L. Regan, Joseph B. Reichmann, Joseph G. Robin, George Herbert Risley, Robert S. Rettew, George T. Rogers, Jacob Ruppert, Jr., Philip Ruxton, Warren L. Samson, John J. Schmitt, Schwarzschild & Sulsberger Co., Charles M. Sciam, Louis Seligsberg, John M. Shaw, "John" G. Shope, the name "John" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Samuel S. Slater, Barrett Smith, George C. Smith, Harvey D. Smith, George Rodney Smith, Robert L. Smith, John J. Spalding, Henry B. Spencer, "Edward" B. Stahlman, the name "Edward" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Stamford Trust Company, as trustee for Helen G. Archibald under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; Stamford Trust Company, as Trustee for Content Fessenden, under the will of Samuel Fessenden, deceased; John B. Stanchfield, Fannie E. Stephens, George C. Stevens, "David" Cliffe Stone, the name "David" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; John J. Sullivan, Herbert Turrell, James Talcott, Henry Ward Utter, Beverly R. Robinson, as trustee in bankruptcy of Van Schaick & Co., a copartnership composed of John B. Schaick and Derby Crandall; Mynderse Van Cleef, "Martin" J. Wallace, the name "Martin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Ossie J. Walsh, Lillias V. Walton, William Walton, Jr., Elmer Warner, Albert H. Washburn, Edith C. Watson, Henry W. Warner, Aron Weil, "Benjamin" Thomas Whitmore, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Shra A. Mooney Whitmore, "Benjamin" F. Williams, the name "Benjamin" being fictitious, the real Christian name being unknown to plaintiff; Frank L. Williams, Edgar S. Wyman, "John" C. Ziegler, the name "John" being f

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The storm lost some of its energy during Friday, but it nevertheless still continues to have unusual intensity. Its centre has moved slightly northeastward to Southern Wisconsin. Severe gales accompany the disturbance in the North Central States, especially in the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys, where snow is falling.

General rains have continued in the East and southward from the Great Lakes to the Gulf, and within this area there have been smaller areas of heavy rains.

The cold wave now reaches from beyond the Rocky Mountains across to the Mississippi Valley, unseasonably cold weather covering the Northwest, while exceptionally high temperatures prevail in the Atlantic and Gulf States. The unsettled weather will continue Saturday over the eastern half of the country, except in the lower Mississippi Valley, with snow in the North Central States and rain in Atlantic sections. Unsettled conditions will also continue over Sunday in the Great Lake region and north portions of New York and New England, while fair weather will prevail in all other districts.

The cold wave will gradually advance eastward, covering by Saturday or Saturday night the entire Mississippi and Ohio Valleys. The weather will be decidedly colder in Atlantic sections Sunday.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be brisk south to southwest.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have brisk to high south to west winds, with rainy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain Saturday; Sunday unsettled, with snow in northern portion and decidedly colder; brisk to high southerly to westerly winds.

Southern New England—Rain Saturday; Sunday unsettled and much colder; high southerly to westerly winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Saturday, with colder at night; Sunday cloudy and decidedly colder; brisk to high southerly to westerly winds.

Western New York—Showers Saturday, turning to snow and much colder at night or Sunday; high southerly to westerly winds.

Northern New England—Rain Saturday, probably turning to snow Sunday; colder Sunday; high southerly to westerly winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	32	45	4 P. M.	43	61
6 A. M.	30	49	6 P. M.	43	56
9 A. M.	38	51	9 P. M.	39	60
12 M.	40	55	11 P. M.	37	58

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 56; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 37.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50; at 8 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature, 63 degrees, at 4 P. M.; minimum, 48 degrees, at 12.02 A. M. Humidity, 96 per cent. at 8 A. M., 91 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.98 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.77 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:45	45 James St.; unknown	Trifling
12:55	7 E. 108th St.; M. Harris	Trifling
1:24	141-143 W. 26th St.; unknown	Unknown
1:25	174 Attorney St.; H. Schmoll	Trifling
2:00	1,249 Amsterdam Av.; P. Sawyer	Trifling
4:15	187th St. and Grand Concourse; Watson Construction Co.	Trifling
10:45	409 E. 12th St.; J. Mundine	Trifling
P. M.		
1:15	349 W. Broadway; G. Loblocler	$500
3:40	329 E. 11th St.; J. Rothenbren	Trifling
5:35	Foot of W. 57th St.; Department of Docks	Trifling
5:40	2,357 8th Av.; Paspal & Son	Trifling
6:20	20 E. 116th St.; Mrs. Cohen	Trifling
6:50	149 W. 23d St.; Globe Trimming and Button Co.	Trifling
6:20	20 East 115th St.; Mrs. Cohen	Trifling
8:50	1,872 Gerlain Place; H. C. Mapes	$1,500
8:50	797 East 142d St.; Joseph Blair	Trifling
9:00	374 Broadway; Willington, Mitchell, Morris & Co.	Trifling
9:45	25 East 105th St.; Samuel Korosky	Trifling
10:05	100 E. B'way; Max Handell	Not given

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BLANEY, ELIZABETH M., (died Dec. 21, 1909;) net estate, $2,773.52; personalty, $2,184.06; deposits, $319.84; bills from Webster Manufacturing Company, $441.57; personal chattels, $1,068.45; realty, $2,430, land at Centre Moriches, N. Y., less $1,000 mortgage.

BRUNNER, PETER, (died Sept. 30;) net estate, $35,703.72; personalty, $4,853.84; bank deposits, $4,828.84; realty, $33,432.50; premises 423 West Fiftieth Street sold for $10,500; 691 Ninth Avenue, valued at $29,000, less mortgage with interest, $6,067.50.

GILLET, SULLY, (died April 3;) net estate, $60,308.19; personalty, $62,980.24; bank deposits, $5,112.45; $12,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas second mortgage bonds, $9,810; $2,000 same first mortgage bonds, $1,905; $1,000 United States Steel Corporation bonds, $1,027; $3,000 Park & Tilford first mortgage bonds, $2,850; $2,000 Third Avenue Railroad bonds, $1,677.50; 200 shares New York, Ontario & Western, $7,800; 50 shares Chicago & Northwestern common, $7,200; 50 shares Pennsylvania Railroad, $6,200; 4 shares James Van Dyke Company, $800; 20 shares Park & Tilford Company, $1,500; assets of tea brokerage business, Joseph Alston Gillet & Brother, 90 Wall Street, $8,468.33.

KELLY, JAMES, (died Dec. 13, 1909;) net estate, $5,425.82; personalty, $8,065.19; bank deposits, $2,853.99; interest in estate of James B. Kelly.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

GREENBURGH, HENRY S., (died Feb. 26;) left $1,000 realty; $5,000 personalty to J. Naomi Brenner.

PIRONG, NELLIE T., (died Feb. 24;) left $1,000) personalty to husband, Jacob N. Pirong.

SMITH, MARY L., (died Dec. 7;) left $3,600 realty and $9,700 personalty to August Lober.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The number of applicants for the examination for promotion in the Police Department is now 1,681. The receipt of applications will be closed on March 19.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has promulgated these competitive eligible lists:

SUPERVISING NURSE—Erne E. King, 91; Jessie S. MacLaren, 86.50; Minnie M. Blackley, 86; Sophia A. Brundage, 85.50; Margaret A. McGroarty, 83.50; Lillian G. Sullivan, 84.50; Maude M. Murray, 84; Minnie J. Helmer, 84; Roger M. Atkinson, 82.50; Eleanor J. Wagner, 82.50; May C. Cullen, 82; Charlotte R. D. Fuge, 81.50; Kathryn M. O'Neill, 81; Josephine C. Reilly, 80.50; Nellie E. Martin, 80.50; Minnie A. Maguire, 80.50; Susan M. Hayes, 79.50; Sarah Wiener, 79; Elizabeth M. Alpangh, 78.50; Sarah W. Meek, 78.50; Eva M. J. Dooley, 76.50; Catherine H. A. McConney, 78; Anne Spencer, 76.50; Elvira S. Treacy, 75.50; Rose Greenberg, 75.

ASSISTANT ENGINEER, GRADE C—Jacob M. Friedland, 86.90; G. Wells Ely, Jr., 86.30; Joseph Brady, 85.90; Henry H. Goodwin, 84.50; Charles S. Shaughnessy, 84.40; George J. F. Carey, 83.90; Herbert C. Ord, 82.90; George Kingsley, 82.40; H. Eugene Miller, 82.40; Sol Kronberg, 82.40; Jesse A. De Mey, 81.90; John A. Ruddy, 81.80; John Clausnitzer, 81.60; Charles H. Jabureck, 81.50; George W. N. Hallock, 80.90; Felix Reisenberg, 80.60; Jacob B. Rothberg, 79.80; Montefiore Rothschild, 79.50; Warner King, 79.40; Charles M. Franklin, 79; Samuel M. Nathan, 78.50; Samuel Glassberg, 78.50; Edward J. Larkin, 78.50; Douglas B. Williamson, 78.40; Seth M. Timberlake, 77.90; Samuel Slade, 77.60; Bruno C. Lechler, 77; James Wilmot, 76.90; Roger S. S. Guerber, 76.90; Paul S. L. Bolger, 76.50; Harry P. Gallogly, 76.50; Norman A. Deiser, 76.50; Harry E. Barnes, 76.40; Harold K. Hughes, 76.40; Harold E. Slade, 76.40; William M. Stieve, 76.40; William W. Havens, 76.40; John C. Brigham, 75.90; Harry Lichtenstein, 75.50; Norman C. Hill, 75.50; Walter J. S. McGrane, 75.30; Robert L. Dixon, 74.60; Leo C. A. Burrows, 74.60; Sydney Wilmot, 74.30; Herman Boettjer, 73.90;; David V. Z. Bogert, 73.90; Robert F. Kief, 73.60; Raymond S. Bennett, 73.50; Edward Tintera, 73.40; Ferdinand Leiser, Jr., 73.40; Luther C. Comant, 72.40; Arthur L. Enger, 71.90; Raymond J. Van Wagner, 71.90; James J. Stack, 71.40; Bernard J. Bielstein, 71.40; Louis H. Friedman, 71.40; James R. Hayden, 70.50; Carl A. Huhne, 70.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for laboratory helper, for both men and women, on April 2, at the New York Custom House. From the register of eligibles resulting from this examination certification will be made to fill vacancies as they may occur in this position at a salary of $600 a year, in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications in any branch of the service.

The entrance salary is $600 per annum, vacancies in the higher positions being filled by promotion from the lower. No assurance regarding the promotion is given, but it can be stated that during the last six months of the year 1912 fourteen laboratory helpers received promotions. Of the sixty laboratory helpers now employed by the bureau, forty receive salaries ranging from $600 to $720 per annum, and the remaining twenty receive salaries ranging from $780 to $1,000 per annum. About sixty laboratory helpers are employed in the various laboratories of the bureau. Within the past two years there have been twenty-five vacancies in Washington, D. C., and seventeen outside of Washington in the branch laboratories. Persons who have had the proper experience as described below are therefore urged to enter this examination, as the chances for appointment are very good.

Both men and women will be admitted to this examination, though most of the positions are of such a character that they can only be filled by men.

Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated:

Spelling (twenty simple words in ordinary use)	10
Arithmetic (simple tests in addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers and United States money)	10
Letter writing (a letter of not less than 100 words on some subject of general interest. Competitors may select either of two subjects given)	10
Penmanship (the legibility, rapidity, neatness, general appearance, &c., of the competitor's handwriting in the subject of letter writing)	10
Copying from plain copy (a simple test in copying accurately, in the competitor's handwriting, a few printed lines)	10
Training, experience, and fitness	50
Total	100

The duties of a laboratory helper will include the cleaning, construction, and repairing of apparatus, the care and storage of chemicals and apparatus, the preparation of stock solutions and of special reagents, and any other work in which he can save the time of chemists by performing labor that is essentially manual and does not require the training of a chemist. This work is of such a nature that it can be performed by one who has had training and experience along lines similar to that mentioned. It is not essential that this training shall have been obtained in a chemical laboratory, but persons who have had experience similar to that described in the following illustrations will be admitted to this examination:

(1) Drug store clerks who have had experience in mixing and weighing up solutions, cleaning glassware, &c., but experience in caring for a soda fountain only will not be sufficient.

(2) Janitors who have had experience in laboratories in handling glassware and in cleaning up about such places.

(3) Hospital orderlies.

(4) Helpers around laboratories of schools or commercial establishments.

It is not desired that persons trained in chemistry should apply for this position, since an appointment as laboratory helper will not lead to promotion to any scientific position. Chemists are appointed from the examination for assistant chemist, which is held frequently. A course in chemistry with incidental service as a student assistant will not qualify one for this examination, but it is desired that the experience required be obtained as the major part of the applicant's occupation.

Persons appointed to positions under the Bureau of Chemistry may be stationed at the central laboratory in Washington, D. C., or assigned to one of the branch laboratories in any one of the following cities: Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Denver, Detroit, Galveston, Honolulu, Kansas City, Mo.; Nashville, New Orleans, New York, Omaha, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Ore.; St. Louis, St. Paul, San Francisco, Savannah, and Seattle.

A rating of at least 70 per cent. on the subject of training, experience, and fitness is a prerequisite for consideration for this position.

Age, 16 years or over on the date of the examination.

Applicants may be examined at any place at which this examination is held, regardless of their place of residence; but under an act of Congress only those who are examined in the State or Territory in which they reside and who have been actually domiciled in such State or Territory for at least one year previous to the date of the examination, will be eligible for appointment to a position in the apportioned service in Washington, D. C.

This examination is open to all persons who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

EDUCATION NOTES.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Teachers' League, held in the Stuyvesant High School yesterday, members were elected as follows to terms of one, two, and three years:

For one year—Miss F. D. Davenport, New York Training School; Mr. Arnold, Public School 30, Manhattan; S. V. Lewis, Boys' High School, and Abraham Kevar, Public School 84.

For two years—Miss Blood, Public School 38, Manhattan; M. M. Hoffman, Stuyvesant High School; Miss Hanaford, Manhattan Kindergarten; J. E. Mayman, Public School 84, Brooklyn, and Dr. Joseph Taylor of the Bronx.

For three years—Miss Clara B. Calkins, Principal of Public School 6, Brooklyn; Mr. Doyle, Public School 63, Manhattan; Miss Helen Garrigues, De Witt Clinton High School; Miss Henrietta Rodman, Wadleigh High School, and J. F. Reigart, Principal of Public School 196, Manhattan.

Dr. Frank M. McMurry, Professor of Elementary Education in the Teachers College, will speak this afternoon at the meeting of the New York Branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae in the Women's University Club. His subject will be "The Standards by which the Worth of the Public Schools Should be Judged." Associate City Supt. Edson will also speak on the same question. A general discussion will follow.

The Board of Education has assigned Ambrose Spitznagle, janitor of Public School 51, Queens, to the temporary care of Public School 54, Queens, at $50 a month.

The compensation attached to the position of janitor of Public School 71, Queens, has been reduced from $3,240 to $2,304 a year on account of the demolition of the old building.

The Board of Education has approved the action of its Committee on Care of Buildings in increasing the pay attached to the position of janitor in the following-named schools on account of additional floor and paved surface, machinery, &c.: Public School 42, Manhattan, from $4,116 to $4,128; Public School 26, the Bronx, from $2,088 to $2,112; Public School 102, Brooklyn, from $2,628 to $2,700; Public School 17, Queens, from $1,668 to $1,680; Public School 86, Queens, from $2,484 to $2,520.

G. S. Blakely, I. A. Heikes, and J. M. Johnson have been assigned as teachers in charge of high school annexes.

A leave of absence, without pay, from March 1 to June 30 has been granted to E. W. Weaver, a teacher in the Boys' High School, for the purpose of organizing a Vacation Bureau for the City of Buffalo.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 59.

Transfers—To take effect at noon, March 14: Lieuts. James M. Kane, 10th Inspection District to 32d Precinct; Lawrence P. Powers, 9th to 10th Inspection District; John J. McDonald, 7th to 9th Inspection District; John M. Hefferon, 29th Precinct to C. O. Squad. Patrolmen T. M. Griffin, from 9th to 10th Inspection District. Precincts indicated to C. O. Squad: A. J. Fater, 10th; J. J. Flood, 18th; W. H. Roy, 29th; L. F. Tagliani, 14th; J. J. Corbett, 15th. C. O. Squad to precincts indicated: L. Grey, 6th; M. Conlon, 13th; W. McDonald, 18th; G. D. Cleary, 31st; J. E. Kelly, 144th; J. F. Barry, 8th; J. F. McGowan, 15th; W. F. H. Reardon, 29th; W. D. Lander, 43d; J. J. Boan, 160th; L. Melloh, 10th Inspection District to 146th Precinct. To take effect 8 A. M., March 14: J. A. Summers, 25th to Health Squad; P. Landers, 31st to 6th Inspection District; W. I. Asip, 146th to Detective Division, as Acting Detective Sergeant, (second grade.) W. J. Kennedy, Detective Division to 10th, designation as Acting Sergeant, (second grade,) revoked. H. P. Oswald, Detective Division to 6th, designation as Acting Sergeant, (second grade,) revoked. To take effect 10 A. M., March 14: G. Lauterborn, 13th, and J. Van Horn, 79th to Tenement House Squad.

Mutual, to take effect 8 A. M., March 14: Matron Mary A. Sullivan, 17th to 157th; Probationary Matron Kate Mallon Allen, 157th to 17th.

Assignments: Patrolman P. Landers, 6th Inspection District, to clerical duty from 8 A. M., March 14; temporary, Lieut. Willet F. Barnes, 33d, to command 18th from 12:45 P. M., March 13, pending assignment of Captain; Patrolmen D. J. McNichols, 5th, and J. Whitmore, 43d, to Detective Division, 5 days from 1 P. M., March 14; E. Winkel, 154th, as chauffeur, 5 days from 1:30 P. M., March 13; J. W. Styne, 158th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days from 1 P. M., March 13; discontinued, Lieut. James M. Kane, 10th Inspection District, to clerical duty from noon, March 14; Patrolmen L. Melloh, 10th Inspection District, to clerical duty from noon, March 14; W. D. I. Waters, Harbor Precinct, temporary, to C. O. Squad from 8 A. M., March 14.

Sick Leave: Patrolman T. Griffin, 172d, 15 days from 8 A. M., March 15.

Suspended: Acting Detective Sergeant, Second Grade, Henry F. Oswald, Detective Division, to take effect 6 P. M., March 13.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 51.

Emergency Appointment.—George S. Ledyard as Inspector in the Bureau of Prevention for 15 days, to take effect at 9 A. M. March 15.

Pension—Engineer of Steamer William H. Stephenson, Engine 43, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $800 per annum, to take effect from 8 A. M. March 17.

Fines and Penalties Imposed.—Fireman, First Grade, Harry W. Robinson, Engine 153, absence without leave; fined 5 days' pay. Fireman, First Grade, Thomas F. Blaney, Engine 159, absence without leave; 5 days. Fireman, First Grade, Charles A. Rinschler, No. 1, H. and L. 79, absence without leave; 1 day.

Special leave of absence, without pay: Fireman, First Grade, John V. McGuinness, Engine 84, 12 hours, from 8 A. M. March 15.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Capt. W. H. Raymond, General Staff, will proceed to a number of educational institutions for purpose of annual inspection of their military departments.

Second Lieut. W. F. Winton, from Seventh Cavalry to Field Artillery, assigned to First Battalion, First Field Artillery.

A board to consist of Capts. S. J. B. Schindel, W. T. Merry, W. H. Raymond, and J. P. Robinson, General Staff, is appointed to make annual inspection of military departments of educational institutions.

Following Second Lieutenants of Field Artillery, recently appointed from civil life, are assigned to regiments as follows: Bertram Frankenberger, to Fifth Field Artillery; R. B. Austin, to Sixth Field Artillery; J. O. Daly, to First Field Artillery; E. P. Parker, Jr., to Third Field Artillery; J. M. Eager, to Third Field Artillery.

Second Lieut. R. C. Scott, Field Artillery, assigned to Fourth Field Artillery, Fort Myer, Ga.

Capt. F. M. Jones, Twelfth Cavalry, detailed for general recruiting service, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

Major K. Nelson, Medical Corps; Capt. M. C. Tyler, Corps of Engineers, and Capt. J. C. Magee, Medical Corps, detailed as examining board at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., relieving Major L. Brown, Corps of Engineers; Capt. A. W. Williams, and Capt. John B. H. Waring, Medical Corps.

Chaplain J. A. Lenehan, U. S. A., is assigned to Twenty-sixth Infantry, Fort Washington, Md.

Major H. H. Rutherford, Medical Corps, detailed as member examining board at Army Building, New York, vice First Lieut. J. J. Reddy, Medical Corps.

Capt. A. Aloe, First Infantry, detailed in Quartermaster Corps, will proceed to Galveston, Texas, for duty.

Leaves—Capt. E. Davis, Thirteenth Cavalry, leave extended three months; Capt. E. G. Bingham, Medical Corps, granted two months; Capt. F. Parker, Eleventh Cavalry, leave extended one month.

The Navy.

Capt. W. F. Worthington, detached inspector of engineering material, Pittsburgh district; to duty as inspector for Eastern New York and New Jersey district.

Capt. G. W. McElroy, detached naval inspector of machinery, Camden, N. J.; to naval inspector, Pittsburgh district.

Capt. C. W. Dyscn, detached Bureau of Steam Engineering; to inspector of machinery, Camden, N. J.

Lieut. Commander R. W. McNeely, to the Louisiana, as First Lieutenant.

Medical Inspector M. F. Gates, to command naval hospital, navy yard, Mare Island.

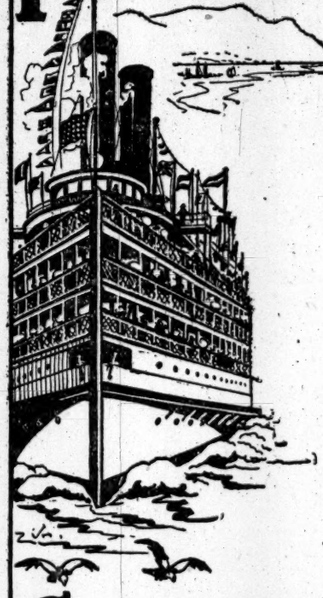
Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Arethusa, at Port Arthur, Texas; Saturn, at Tiburon, Cal.; Bailey, at Newport; Wyoming, Sonoma, and Ontario, at Norfolk.

Sailed—Standish, from Annapolis for Norfolk; Eeale, from Guantanamo for Guacanayabo Bay; Culgoa, from Guantanamo for Vera Cruz; Wheeling, from Guantanamo for Santo Domingo City; Panther, Lebanon, Patuxent, and Patapsco, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads.

STEAMBOATS.

PEOPLE'S LINE



The palatial steamers of the Searchlight Route—New York to Albany and Troy—of the Hudson Navigation Company will make their initial trip northward Monday, 17th instant Steamers will leave Pier 32, N. R. (foot of Canal St.) daily at 6 P. M.

Hudson Navigation Company, Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400 Freight now being received.

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Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CHARLES A. ROBINSON, as sole acting trustee under the last will and testament of Agnes Hyatt Robinson, deceased, plaintiff, against ALICE M. LYNCH et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 12th day of June, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 5,208-10 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

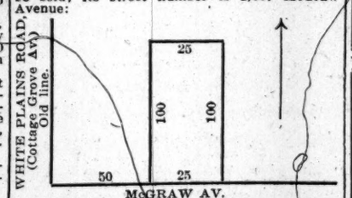
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of City of New Yorkk, in the County and State of New York, formerly Town of Westchester, Westchester County, N. Y., and known and distinguished on a map entitled "Map of 370 choice lots known as the McGraw Estate, desirably situated near Van Nest Station, Westchester, Westchester Co., N. Y.," made by Charles A. Mapes, C. E. & S., May, 1891, and filed in the office of the Register of Westchester County June 17th, 1891, as and by Lot No. 330, said lot according to said map being 25 feet front and rear by 100 feet deep on each side.

Dated New York, February 27, 1913.

CHARLES L. COHN, Referee.

ROLLINS & ROLLINS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 1,887 McGraw Avenue:



McGRAW AV.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,248.33, with interest thereon from the 25th day of May, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to $247.38, with interest from June 13, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $691.51 and interest.

Dated New York, February 27, 1913.

CHARLES L. COHN, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, KINGS County.—GEORGE LEVITT, Plaintiff, against REBECCA LEVITT, Defendant.—Summons Action for Annulment of Marriage.

To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, Kings County, January 24, 1913.

Yours, etc., REUBEN DORFMAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. address, 120 Delancey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the above named defendant:

The foregoing summons is hereby served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Walter H. Jaycox, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of Kings, dated the 9th day of January, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings on the 24th day of January, 1913.

Dated New York, Kings County, January 24, 1913.

Yours, etc., REUBEN DORFMAN, Attorney for plaintiff, 120 Delancey Street, N. Y. City.

STEAMSHIPS.

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Kaiser Wilhelm II. Mar. 18
George Washington Mar. 22
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Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.

†Rotterdam ..... Mar. 18 †New Amst'd'm .... Apr. 1
*Potsdam ..... Mar. 25 *Noordam ..... Apr. 8
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.

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LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

PRES. LINCOLN ..... March 20, 8 A. M.
KAIS'N AUG. VIC. ..... March 27, 10 A. M.
†PATRICIA ..... April 3, 8 A. M.
PRES. GRANT ..... April 10, 11 A. M.
AMERIKA ..... April 12, 10 A. M.
†PRETORIA ..... April 17, 3 P. M.
CINCINNATI ..... April 24, 11 A. M.
†PENNSYLVANIA ..... April 26, 12 noon
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FROM BOSTON S. S. CINCINNATI.. June 7 | S. S. CINCINNATI.. July 12
S. S. CLEVELAND.. June 24 | S. S. CLEVELAND.. July 29

MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES and GENOA

S. S. HAMBURG ..... April 5, 9 A. M. | *S. S. HAMBURG ..... May 20, 9 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE ..... April 19, 8:30 A. M. | *S. S. MOLTKE ..... June 3, 8:30 A. M.
*Omits call at Madeira and Algiers.

S. S. IMPERATOR WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP Will make her first trip from HAMBURG, MAY 24, arriving here MAY 31. Books now open for season starting JUNE 7, 11 A. M. The IMPERATOR will continue in regular service between NEW YORK and HAMBURG via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

CRUISES

Around the World THROUGH THE PANAMA CANAL BY THE S. S. Cleveland 17000 Tons LEAVING NEW YORK Jan. 27, 1914

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AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.

N.Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Philadelphia..Mar. 15 | New York....Mar. 29
*Majestic..Mar. 22, noon | St. Paul..Apr. 4, 10 AM
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 59, N. R.

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Min'haha..Mar. 15, 11 AM | Minne't'ka..Mar. 29
Min'waska..Mar. 22, 9 A.M. | Min'haha..Apr. 12

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M

N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp

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Zeeland.....Mar. 22 | Lapland.....Apr. 5

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Majestic....Mar. 22, noon | Oceanic.....Apr. 5
*American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

Baltic..March 20, noon | Adriatic....March 29
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CARMANIA ..... MAR. 29, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA .. APRIL 2, 1 A. M.
FRANCONIA ..... APRIL 12, 10 A. M.
CAMPANIA ..... APRIL 16, 1 A. M.
*MAURETANIA . APRIL 23, 1 A. M.
CARONIA ..... MAY 3, 10 A. M.
CARMANIA ..... MAY 10, 10 A. M.
CAMPANIA ..... MAY 14, 1 A. M.
*MAURETANIA .. MAY 21, 1 A. M
CARONIA ..... MAY 31, 10 A. M.
CARMANIA ..... JUNE 7, 10 A. M.

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CARPATHIA, Mar. 22. IVERNIA, Apr. 5. SAXONIA, Apr. 26. CARPATHIA, May 10. CARONIA

WINTER CRUISE—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, Mar. 15

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CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST, West 57th St., Dr. Humpstone, 11, "The Lord in Need." 8, Address, David Livingstone, Centennial. Special music, Calvary Grand Choir.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St. and Amsterdam Av., Dr. Goodchild pastor. 11, "The Tears of Jesus." A Palm Sunday sermon. 8, "1813, David Livingstone, 1913." Everybody welcome. This is the Church of the OPEN DOOR.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 33d St., between 5th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 West 46th St., Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor. 9:40 A. M., Bible School Session. Young Women's Class: Mrs. Merrett, Leader. Young Men's Class: Dr. Addison Moore, Leader. 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M. PUBLIC WORSHIP. SERMONS BY DR. WOELFKIN.

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th St., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—11, "The Unwearied Runner." 8, "Death and What Afterwards?"

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison Av., cor. 31st St. C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR, will preach Sunday at both services. 11 A. M.—"The Essential Greatness of the Soul." 8 P. M.—"How Souls Are Lost." Union Bible Class, 9:45. F. W. Hagar, Leader.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square.—EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach. 11—"Christ's Need of Human Hosannas." Matt 21:9, Hosanna to the Son of David. 8, "The Unheeded Call to Play." Matt. 11:17, We have piped unto you, and ye have not danced.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., near 126th St. J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor. 10 o'clock—Class in Applied Christianity—Hon. John Purroy Mitchel will speak. 11 o'clock—Subject: "Our Faith in the Future of Humanity." 8 o'clock—Subject: "Martin Luther"—Great Leader Series.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH 145th St. and Convent Av. 11 A. M., Rev. W. B. Wallace of Brooklyn. 8 P. M., Rev. Harold Pattison. 8 P. M., Lecture, "Birds of Manhattan," by John Treadwell Nichol, Museum Natural History.

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A.M. and 8 P.M. Wednesdays, 8 P.M. First Church, Central Park West and 96th St. Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St. Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av. Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St. Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St. Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

Church of the New Jerusalem

New York Society of the New Church, (Swedenborgian.)

NEW CHURCH, 35TH ST., BET. PARK & LEXINGTON AVS. Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Pastor. SERVICE, 11 A. M. SPECIAL SERVICES FOR PALM SUNDAY. The Pastor Will Preach. Subject: SALVATION. THE GREAT LESSON OF PALM SUNDAY. The choir will sing "Blessed Is He That Cometh." Tours. Dion W. Kennedy, Organist and Choirmaster. Soloist, Miss Stalling. ALL ARE INVITED.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St., Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor. Preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Holy Week Services every evening except Saturday.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Broadway, near 76th St. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., PASTOR. 11 A. M.—Rev. W. A. Rice. 8 P. M.—Rev. H. C Herring, Jr.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—"THE GREATER BLESSEDNESS." 8 P.M.—"THE TRIUMPH OF JESUS."

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE, Founded 1876. Meeting House, Central Park West and 64th St. 11 A. M.—Dr. David Saville Muzzey, Speaker. Subject: "Have We Religious Duties?" 8 P. M.—Mrs. Anna Garlin Spencer, Speaker. Subject: "Religious Emancipation."

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE. Carnegie Hall, Sunday at 11. Dr. Wise will preach on "THE CRUCIFIXION OF JESUS: WHO WAS RESPONSIBLE?" All Are Welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St. Saturday, 10:30, Sermon Dr. Enelow, "Sacrifice"; Sunday, 11:15, Sermon by Dr. Silverman, "Does the World Still Need a Messiah?" All welcome.

TEMPLE BETH-EL, Fifth Av. and 76th St. Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman. Sunday Morning at 11. "The New Liberalism in Religion."

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT. Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

FATHER SEYSINGER will speak on the OBJECT AND AIMS OF THE COMMUNITY OF THE RESURRECTION, Mirfield, England, at St. James' Parish House, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Monday, March 17th, at 3 P. M. All who would like to hear Father Seysinger on the great work at Mirfield or are interested in his work are invited to attend.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d, Dr. Remensnyder.—Services 11 and 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, Corner Morton.—Morning and evening services. Rev. George W. Downs, Pastor. Welcome.

GRACE, 104th, nr. Col., Christian F. Reisner, D. D., 11, Catholics and Bible"; 7:45, "Drinking." The Kahn Children.

MADISON AV. M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th Street. Rev. WALLACE MacMULLEN, D. D., Pastor. Palm Sunday—11 A. M., Preaching by the Pastor, "The King of Kings." 8 P. M., Preaching by Dr. MacMullen, "A Great Christian Hero." Holy Week Services every evening except Monday and Saturday, Dr. MacMullen in charge.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 7TH AV. & 14TH ST. SANFORD CULVER HEARN, Minister. 10:45 A. M.—"The Triumphal Procession." 8:00 P. M.—"King of Kings and Lord of Lords."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Av. and 86th St. 11 A. M.—Dr. Thomas C. Hall. 8 P. M.—Dr. O. F. LEWIS, on PRISONERS ON HONOR.

UNION CHURCH, 48th St., West of Broadway, J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister.—11 A. M., "Message of the Cross." 8 P. M., "David Livingstone."

New Thought.

DR. JULIA SETON SEARS, Founder of the New Thought Church and School, (Church of the New Civilization,) Continues her regular Sunday Services at the Republic Theatre, 42d St., near Broadway, to-morrow, March 16th, at 11:15. Subject: "THE STONE WHICH THE BUILDERS REJECTED." All Are Invited. Special Music.

MARY E. CHAPIN, Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., near 5th Av., Sundays, 11 A. M. Public invited. "The Glory of Gladness."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, NEW AEOLIAN HALL, 32 W. 43D ST. Sundays, 11 A. M., F. W. Sears, Speaker. FINEST PIPE ORGAN IN THE WORD. Organ Recital and Sacred Concert, 10:30 A. M. Philip James, Organist; F. Fillion, Violinist; Lois Fox and C. G. Dalley, Soloists.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

UNITY SOCIETY, 305 Madison Av. Mrs. Sophia Van Marter speaks. Subject: "THE OCCULT POWER OF MUSIC." Sunday, 8 P. M., 305 Madison Av. Monday, 3 P. M., 8 East 37th St.

VILLA FAULKNER PAGE. Sundays, 3:30. Professional Woman's League, 1,999 Broadway. Subject, March 16th, "MENTAL HEALING MADE PLAIN." Good music. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. Rev. WALTER R. D. BUCHANAN, D. D., Minister, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday evening Prayer Meeting at 8.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. Will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Afternoon subject: "GROVER CLEVELAND." 9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club. 3 P. M.—Sabbath School. Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M. ALL WELCOME.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. Dr. Work preaches morning and evening.

Presbyterian.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. Preacher to-morrow. REV. CHAUNCEY W. GOODRICH. Morning service at 11 o'clock, Afternoon service at 4:30. The usual Mid-week service will be held in the church on Wednesday Evening at 8:15, sermon by REV. CAMPBELL MORGAN, D. D.

LABOR TEMPLE, 14th St. and 2d Av. JONATHAN C. DAY, D. D., Supt. Sunday afternoon-evening programme: Bible School, 4 Pictures, 5 Lecture, Social Luncheon, 8, Preaching Service.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Northeast corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister. The Pastor will preach at 11 A. M. Mr. Montgomery at 8 P. M. Good Friday service and sermon by the Pastor, 8:15 P. M. Full choir.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th to 12th St. Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Prize of Life." 8 P. M.—"The Challenge of the Cross."

THE BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers—WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY. Mr. Janeway preaches at eleven o'clock and at four o'clock. Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M. Noon Service Every Weekday, 12:30-12:50. Holy Week Services, Monday to Friday, 5 P. M., preceded by Organ Prelude at 4:30. Monday, Dr. M. J. McLeod will preach; Tuesday, Dr. George Alexander; Wednesday, Dr. H. E. Cobb; Thursday, Communion, Mr. Janeway; Friday, Dr. Merrill.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d Street. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the Rev. GEORGE H. PENTECOST, D. D. Morning: "Resurrection Guarantees." Evening: "Bringing Many Sons to Glory."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., bet. 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Prof. ARTHUR CUSHMAN McGIFFERT, D. D. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from B'way.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor. Services to-morrow—11 A. M. and 8 P. M. In the morning the Pastor will preach. In the evening Rev. O. Clyde Weist will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock. On "Good Friday" service in the Church at 5 P.M.

WEST END CHURCH, Amsterdam Av., cor. 105th St. Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN D. D., Pastor. 11:00 A. M., Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D., the Pastor, will preach. 8:00 P. M., Rev. Elliott W. Brown, D. D., will preach.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D. D., Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., } Pastors. Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M. Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

PREACHING SERVICES AT THE NEW CHURCH HOUSE, 603 W. 178TH ST. Rev. SARTELL PRENTICE, D. D., WILL PREACH AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street. SUNDAY, MARCH 16th.

8 A. M.....SUNDAY.....Holy Communion
10 A. M.....Morning Prayer
11 A. M.....Preacher, Dean Grosvenor
4 P. M....Preacher, Rev. W. H. Vibbert, D. D.
4:30 P.M., Daily Evensong; choral, except on Monday and Saturday.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., rector. Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon by the rector, 11 A. M. Stainer's "Crucifixion," 4 P. M. Holy Week, Holy Communion every day except Good Friday at 11 A. M. Evening prayer with an address by the rector daily at 5 P. M. Stainer's "Crucifixion" Good Friday, 1:30 P. M. Strangers welcome.

ALL SOULS' (Anthon Memorial,) St. Nicholas Av., 114th St.—Rev. G. STARKWEATHER PRATT, Rector. Services, 8, 11, and 8.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector. Holy Communion, 8, 10:15; Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev. Arthur R. Gray, 11; Organ Recital, 7:30; Stainer's "Crucifixion," 8, with organ, trumpets, and drum.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway and 71st Street. G. A. STRONG, Rector. 8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rector. 8 P. M., "The Crucifixion." Noonday preacher, Monday to Thursday, Rev. A. P. HUNT.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn Mass Procession and Sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, Fifth Av. and Tenth St. Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Dr. Grant. Subject: "Was Christ a Success?" 4 P. M.—Rossini's "Stabat Mater." Dr. Grant. 8 P. M.—Public Forum, Inc. Speaker, Dr. Edward T. Devine. Subject: "The Abolition of Poverty." 9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th St.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 551 5th Av. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector, Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Ave. and 20th St. Rev. Henry Mottet, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M. Holy Communion. 11 A. M. Service and Sermon. (Rector.) 12 M. Holy Communion. 3:15 P. M. French Service. (Rev. P. Grigilo.) 3:30 P.M. Children's Service. (Rev. Mr. Foote.) 8 P.M. Service and Sermon. (Rev. Mr. Foote.) 9 P. M. Parish House. (Rev. Walter Laidlaw, Ph. D.) "The Future of New York."

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST. REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, Rector. 4 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Rev. Marshall Montgomery.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector. Communions: 7, 8, 9 o'clock. TOURS MASS and SERMON TRY. FATHER FIGGIS, C. R., 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. SERMON by REV. FATHER FIGGIS, 8 P. M. SERVICES DAILY at 7, 9, 12:10 (noon) and 8 P. M. REV. FATHER FIGGIS preaches DAILY AT NOON and AT NIGHT.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th Street. Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L. Holy Communion.....8 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon, the Rector...11 A. M. Maunder's Musical Meditation, "Olivet to Calvary".....8 P. M. GOOD FRIDAY. Morning Prayer and Litany.....10 A. M. Ante-Communion—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Houghton.....11 A. M. Meditations on The Passion by the Rector, 12 M. to 3 P. M. Evening Prayer.....5 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 Est 27e Rue. Services religieux le dimanche a 10½ h. et 8h. Rev. A. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector. 8; and 11 (Rector); 4 (Bishop Greer); 8 (Rev. Mr. Edwards.)

ST. ANDREW'S, Fifth Avenue and 127th Street. Rev. GEORGE R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., Rector. The Rector will preach at 11 A. M. The Choir will render Stainer's "Crucifixion" at 8 P. M.; Services Daily this week 7:30 A. M., noon, 5 P. M. Wednesday, 8:15 P. M.; Dr. Carstensen, preacher. Good Friday Three Hours Meditation by Dr. Van De Water. Bishop Greer confirms Good Friday night.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH, 140th St. and St. Ann's Av. 8, 11, rector; 8, "Message from the Cross," MacFarlane.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Avenue, Corner 44th Street. The Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., Rector. 8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector. 4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Frank Heartfield. 5:15 P. M.—Organ Recital by A. S. Hyde. 8:15 P. M.—Illustrated Stereopticon Lecture on Baghdad by Rev. Sydney N. Ussher. HOLY WEEK, DAILY SERVICES AT 12 O'CLOCK. Addresses by the Rector.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH is on East 16th St., near 3d Ave. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, MADISON AV. AND 71ST ST. Holy Communion, 8; Sunday School, 9:45; Morning Service, (BISHOP COURTNEY,) 11; Afternoon Service, (Mr. CAREY,) 4. SERVICES ON EASTER DAY. Holy Communion, 7:30; 9:15 Morning Prayer; Holy Communion and Sermon, 11, (PREACHER, BISHOP W. BOYD CARPENTER.) Children's Service, 4.

ST. LUKE'S, West 141st St., Convent Av. SERVICES 8, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, Clinton and Carroll Sts., Brooklyn. Blessing of Palms and Procession, 10:30 A. M. Father PINCHARD will preach at 10:30 and 4. Also Every night in HOLY WEEK at 8. GOOD FRIDAY, 12 to 3. EASTER DAY, 11 and 4.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE, Tenth St. and Second Av. William Norman Guthrie, Rector. 10:30 A. M.—Special Musical Service. 11 A. M.—Divine Service, with Sermon by the Rector. 4 P. M.—Abridged Evening Prayer, with Five-Minute Address by the Rector, followed by University Extension Lecture. 5 P. M.—Devotional Vesper Service, (Health,) sermon as announced elsewhere. The Rev. Jas. P. Faucon, Minister. 8 P. M.—"The Socialist Pulpit," followed by Forum, the Rev. Irwin Tucker, Minister.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 84th St., Near Central Park West, Rev. Arthur H. Judge, M. A., Rector.—Services 8 and 11 A. M. Special musical service, 8 P. M. "Dubois' Seven Last Words of Christ."

ST. STEPHEN'S, 122-128 WEST 69TH ST. Rev. Dr. SEAGLE, Rector, 8, 11, 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St. Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.) 4—Lenten Cantata, "The Message from the Cross."

TRINITY CHURCH. Sunday Services: 7:00 and 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 10:15 A. M., Morning Prayer. 11:00 A. M., Sermon and Holy Communion. 3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon. 8 P. M., Mission Service and Sermon. Week-day Services: 7:30, 9 A. M.; 3 P. M. Short service for business people daily (except Saturday) at 12 M. The Preacher at the noonday services during Holy Week, March 17th to 20th inclusive, and the Three-Hour Service Good Friday, 12 M. to 3 P. M. will be the Reverend E. Edmund Seysinger, Community of the Resurrection, Mirfield, England. CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

TRINITY CHAPEL, West 25th St., Just Off Broadway. LENTEN MID-DAY SERVICES. MONDAY, March 17, at 12:20, "The Seven Last Words," by Charles Gounod. OTHER DAYS, next week, at 12:20, the Vicar, the Rev. John Mockridge, will preach. Also at the Three-Hour Devotion on Good Friday. FIRST FOUR DAYS, next week, at 4 P. M., Evensong. The Rev. J. Neville Figgis, Litt.D., will preach.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.—11 A. M., Rev. A. J. Muste; 8 P. M., Rev. W. R. Ackert.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 57th St. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, M. A., 11 A. M. 8 P. M.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 123d St. Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister. Will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. and 85th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D. Minister. MANOR CHURCH, 348 West 26th St., Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph.D., Minister. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "Forward the King's Men." Evening: "Faith Is the Victory." Service on Good Friday at 4 P. M.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Quartet accompanied by Harp and Violin. Service on Good Friday at 11 A. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M., Subject: "Mary, the Mother." Choral Service. Rossini's "Stabat Mater." Choir assisted by Mrs. Annie Louise David, Harpist. Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M.

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av. and 55th St., W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 116 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY LECTURE. BERKELEY THEATRE, 44th St., near 5th Av. Sunday evening, 8:15. "LORDS OF THE LAW." BY L. W. ROGERS. Admission Free.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 253 W. 72d St.—Public lecture Sunday evening at 8:15. Subject, "The Zodiac," by B. B. Gatteil.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS, (Unitarian,) Fourth Av., 20th St. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor. Rev. H. C. PARKER of Woburn, Mass., will preach; and on EASTER SUNDAY services will be conducted and the sermon preached by Dr. W. W. FENN, DEAN OF THE DIVINITY SCHOOL OF HARVARD UNIVERSITY. The usual Easter extra instrumental music will then also be presented. All cordially invited at all services.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, (Unitarian,) PARK AVENUE AND 34TH STREET, John Haynes Holmes, Minister. 11 A. M.—Morning Service—MR. HOLMES will preach the last of his series of sermons on "THE FACTORS OF HUMAN PROGRESS." Subject: "THE SOUL, OR THE PROBLEM OF EDUCATION." 4 P. M.—Vesper Service—MR. HOLMES will deliver the fifth of his series of addresses on "THE SPIRIT OF LIBERAL RELIGION." Subject: "THE SPIRIT OF GOOD WILL." 8 P. M.—Reading by MR. HOLMES of "THE TERRIBLE MEEK" in the Church House. All are welcome to all services.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (UNITARIAN,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Place, Brooklyn, 3 blocks from Borough Hall Subway station. Rev. John Howland Lathrop. Service at 11.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, Corner 121st Street. Services at Eleven. GOD AND THE WORLD. Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 600 W. 181ST. PETER H. GOLDSMITH, D. D., Minister. Worship and Sermon, 8 P. M.

Universalist.

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St. Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.: "HOSANNA." 4:30 P. M., Gounod's "Gallia." Thursday, 8 P. M., Communion Service. Good Friday Service, 11 A. M.

Y. M. C. A. NEHEMIAH BOYNTON, 23d St. Y. M. C. A., near 7th Av., at 4. Livingstone Address.

THE PASSION PLAY. Illustrated Lecture by Dr. Henry R. Rose. West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. & 8th Av. 4 P. M.

Other Services.

BENJAMIN FAY MILLS, 48th St. Theatre, 4 P. M., on "The Problems of Parsifal." 8:15 P. M., "Between the Animals and the Angels."

CAMPBELL MORGAN will speak at GREAT OVERFLOW MEETING CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, 57th St., near Seventh Av., and in CARNEGIE HALL, March 18, 8 P. M. Ninth Tent. Open-Air and Shop Campaign. EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE. TICKETS AT 541 LEXINGTON AV.

DIVINE SCIENCE. FIRST CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST 47 West 72d Street. Services, 11 A. M. SUBJECT, "CHRIST'S ENTRANCE INTO NEW YORK." Elizabeth D. Leonard, (contralto.) Ludmila Vojacek, accompanist. SPEAKER, REV. W. JOHN MURRAY. Strangers cordially invited.

EVERYBODY'S BIBLE CLASS. THE GOSPEL BY JOHN Each Sunday, 4:30, 5:30 P. M., at Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Avenue and 29th Street, New York. Leader, Dr. Wilbert W. White, President. BIBLE TEACHERS TRAINING SCHOOL, 541 Lexington Avenue. NEW TESTAMENT OUTLINED Friday Evenings, 8:30, at the School. Visitors Welcome.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av., Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, March 16, 10:30 A. M., Rev. W. T. MacArthur, subject, "Why Is the Devil Tolerated?" 8 P. M., Rev. George Smith, D. D., of the British Mission to the Putumayo Indian of South America.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, 24th St. and Madison Av., 24th St. entrance. Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor. Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

SWAMI BODHANANDA, 135 West 80th St.—8 P. M., "Our God." Birthday celebration of Sri Ramakrishna Monday, 17, 8 P. M.

THE CHURCH OF THE LIVING. Services at Carnegie Hall, Suite 1. Bible Class, 3 P. M. Lecture, 8 P. M., subject, "How to Live 150 Years in a Happy State, Then Renew the Lease If You Want To." Thursday evening, lecture, 8 P. M. Come and learn this new idea of life. Robert C. Hannon, speaker.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL J. McKINLEY, alleged Bankrupt.—No. 17,757.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt:

That, pursuant to an order of Hon. Learned Hand, Judge, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1913, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 10th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEONARD A. SHIPMAN, Bankrupt.—No. 17,830.

To the creditors of Leonard A. Shipman of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Leonard A. Shipman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-seventh day of March, 1913, at twelve o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 10th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,632.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STEFANO CASTELLA, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Stefano Castella of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Stefano Castella was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Bldg., No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 14, 1913.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL J. McKINLEY, alleged Bankrupt.—No. 17,757.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt:

That, pursuant to an order of Hon. Learned Hand, Judge, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1913, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 10th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of L. THOMAS REINHARDT, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 16,483.

In the matter of the determination of claim to all stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, and other assets now in the possession of the Trustee herein.

To the Honorable, the Judges of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York:

The petition of Benjamin W. B. Brown respectfully shows and alleges:

First—That on the 23rd day of April, 1912, a petition in involuntary bankruptcy was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of this court against the above-named bankrupt.

That an order of adjudication was duly made herein on September 10, 1912, and the proceedings were duly referred to Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Esq., one of the Referees in Bankruptcy. That your petitioner is the duly qualified Trustee herein, and is now acting as such.

That Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Esq., has died, and these proceedings have been duly referred to William Allen, Esq., one of the Referees in Bankruptcy.

Second—That immediately after qualification as Trustee herein there came into the hands of your petitioner certain stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, choses in action, and other assets belonging to the above-named bankrupt.

Third—That in the administration of the estate it is necessary that said stocks, bonds, securities, and other assets be sold and the proceeds distributed among the creditors.

Fourth—That your petitioner is informed that many persons advise to have claims against certain of said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets or proceeds thereof now in his hands, and that other persons claim to have preferential claims against the general funds now in his possession. That your petitioner believes it will be improper to sell or distribute such stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, general funds, and other assets until all the rights in, and claims to, the same shall have been ascertained and determined.

Fifth—That your petitioner is unable to determine the nature, validity, or extent of said alleged claims, if any, and it is necessary in order that a just, equitable, and complete determination of such claims may be made that all of such claimants be cited into court in one proceeding.

Sixth—That certain of the creditors of the bankrupt herein and certain claimants have already filed claims with the referee herein, and presented claims to your petitioner; many of said claims are indefinite and uncertain, and there may be creditors of said bankrupt or other persons having or alleging to have claims against specific stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money, or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or alleged preferential claims against the general funds of the estate herein who have not filed claims.

Seventh—That of said claimants who have filed claims with the referee herein or with your petitioner, some have brought proceedings in this court to compel your petitioner to deliver securities or other specific assets to them, and many of said proceedings have been terminated by orders, and your petitioner has complied with such orders, and many of said proceedings are now pending before the court and referee herein.

Eighth—That the said bankrupt herein has not filed his schedules in bankruptcy in this court, for the reason that the said bankrupt has never been within the jurisdiction of this court since the filing of the petition as aforesaid, but has absented himself therefrom, and his present whereabouts is unknown to your petitioner, and your petitioner has never been able to have any direct communication with him whatsoever, and that owing to the many claims asserted against the assets it has been impossible to prepare schedules. There has been filed by your petitioner herein a list of names and addresses of all of the creditors of the said bankrupt and of all other persons who in any way might be creditors of the said bankrupt or who might have claims against any assets, which has been prepared from the books and papers of the said bankrupt now in the possession of your petitioner.

NINTH—That the reason an order to show cause is asked for is that it is desired to have the Court specify a time within which all claims against specific stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money or other assets or proceeds thereof, and all alleged preferential claims against the general assets of the estate herein shall be presented, and that it shall determine the nature, extent and validity of all such claims when the same are presented.

To the end that this Court shall determine the method of the service of said order to show cause, your petitioner respectfully suggests that service thereof be made by publication, for the following reasons, viz.:

(a) The bankrupt herein has creditors or persons interested in his estate who may be creditors or may have claims against the estate, as appears by the list filed herein, in excess of 1,200 in number.

(b) The said creditors are located in many of the states of the United States and in the Dominion of Canada, and service other than by publication is impracticable.

(c) In order that the purposes of said order to show cause may be fully carried out and all of the creditors of the bankrupt and persons who might have claims against the estate herein may receive notice thereof, whether or not they have appeared herein by attorney or have filed claims with the Referee herein or have instituted reclamation or other proceedings against your petitioner.

TENTH—That no previous application for an order to show cause herein has been made to the Court or any Judge thereof.

WHEREFORE your petitioner pr

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, MARCH 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE D, w s, 41 ft s of 5th St, 22x80; David L. Rauch to Belle R. Matthews, 179 West 88th St., mtg $9,000, March 10; attorney, D. B. Cahn, 100 Broadway.....$1

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 149th St, 99.11x50; Margaret E. Weill to Florence Cahen, 325 Central Park West, 3-8 part, all title, all liens, March 13; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, 3,924, e s, 25x100; Frances L. Lee to Perry Avenue Construction Co., 71 Nassau St., (mtg $20,000,) March 13; attorney, Alphonse G. Koelble, 29 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 21st St, runs w 128.8 x s 92 x e 46 x n 46 x e 97.1 to Broadway x n 48.2 to beginning, (foreclosure March 11;) Joseph M. Edelson, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, March 14; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $500,000

HAMILTON ST, 13, n s, 25x31; Gaspare Mollinelli to Carlo Mainelli, on premises, one-half part, (mtg $7,000,) March 15, 1911; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway.....$1

HOUSTON ST, 398-400 East, n s, 40x60.7, e s, to s s 2d St, (280 and 291 East,) x 40.4x65.8, (foreclosure March 7;) James A. Foley, referee, to Louis Kanfold, 450 Throop Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $42,000,) March 14.....$10,000

LENOX AV, s e corner of 124th St, 25.3x75; Lenox Av, e s, 25.2 ft s of 124th St, 25.3x75; John R. Kelly to James M. Scofield, White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

LENOX AV, 276 and 278, 50.5x75; James M. Scofield to Thomas A. Roe, 502 West 173d St, March 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,731, e s, 16.8x65; Julia and Harry Bachrach, executors of Abram Bachrach, to Morris Gruskin, 3,225 Fulton St., Brooklyn, mtg $8,000, March 13; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 169 Broadway.....$11,000

MADISON AV, 112 and 114, w s, 49.4x95; Century Investing Co. to Leo Holstein Construction Co., 1,133 Broadway, March 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

MADISON ST, 360, s s, 20x84.6; J. Sidney Bernstein, referee, to U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y., as trustee of Samuel Willets, March 13; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St.... $22,000

PERRY AV, e s, 139.6 ft s of 205th St, 40x100; Perry Av Construction Co. to Mary L. Fee, 550 West 138th St., March 13 (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SPRING ST, 31, n s, 18.2x56; Amelia Bach to Henrietta A., wife of Jacob A. Mittnacht, 1,410 Avenue V, Brooklyn, July 30, 1907; attorney, William H. Sage, 156 Broadway..$100

VANDEWATER ST, 24 and 26, s e s, 50x100; Norman L. Munro Estate to Henrietta E. and Henry Munro, 36 West 59th St, Feb. 28; attorney, B. F. Goodspeed, 24 Vandewater St $1

8TH AV, 2,578, e s, 25x80; Friedman Construction Co. to Ludwig Elsen, 205 West 140th St, March 14, mtg $16,000; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $100

8TH ST, 313 and 315 East, n s, 50x97; Barney Waller and Lillie, his wife, to Herman Rosenbaum, 313 East 5th St, Lillie Waller, 113 Forsyth St, all liens, March 12; attorney, B. Drochenberg, 115 Forsyth St.....$100

7TH ST, e s, 40 ft s of 140th St, 40x100; Julius Schalscha to the E. C. Realty Corporation, 299 Broadway, all liens, Feb. 21; attorney, Reuben S. Lind, 299 Broadway.....$1

21ST ST, 30 and 32 West, s s, 50x92; Charles E. Hoffman to Benjamin Bernstein, 245 West 43d St, (mtg $300,000,) March 14; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$100

25TH ST, 250 to 252 West, s s, 50x98.9; Margaret E. Weill to Florence Cahen, 325 Central Park West, 3-16 parts, all title, all liens, March 13; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway $100

31ST ST, s s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x32.5x25x34.8; Florence Cahen to Margaret E. Weill, 634 West 138th St, 1-3 part, all title, all liens, March 13; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway $100

32D ST, s s, 168.4 ft e of 3d Av, 16.8x98.9; Margaret Cassidy to Catharine F. Reid, 212 East 32d St, (mtg $7,500,) March 12.....$100

35TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 20x102.2; William C. La Marshall to Mathilda C. Boehmcke, 545 3d St, Brooklyn, March 12...$1

35TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; George R. Schneider, 406 East 85th St, and others, heirs of George R. Schneider, deceased, to Ida Schneider, 349 East 85th St, agreement on distribution, each to receive one-quarter part, (mtg. $5,500,) Jan. 27; attorney, C. B. Piante, 15 William St.....$1

107TH ST, 116 East, 25x100.11; John Stewart to Mary Stewart, 2,553 Poplar St, March 14; attorney, F. J. Holland, 149 Broadway ..$100

113TH ST, 70 West, 20.3x100.11; Mary C. Zerban to Lena Kannensohn, 55 West 116th St, March 11, mtg $28,500; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

121ST ST, n s, 200 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Lillian A. Jarecky to Leonard Weill, 155 West 103d St, (mtg $12,000,) all liens, March 14; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway $100

122D ST, 160 East, s s, 17.4x67.1; Joseph Levy to Benjamin Levy and another, 257 East 125th St, March 13; attorney, L. J. Greenberger, 2,503 Lexington Av.....$100

124TH ST, s s, 118.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18x100.11; Moses J. Stroock to Della P. Wiesbader, 23 East 117th St, b. and s., c. a. g., March 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

129TH ST, 111 East, n s, 25x99.11; Henry M. Miller to Selby Realty Company, 1 Liberty St, all liens, Jan. 25; attorneys, Neier, H. & Van D., 80 Broadway.....$100

142D ST, n s, 270 ft w of Lenox Av, Florence Cahen to Margaret E. Weill, 634 West 138th St, ½ part, all title, all liens, March 13; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway.....$100

144TH ST, s s, 400 ft e of 8th Av, 50x99.11; (foreclosure, Feb. 7;) Charles Putzel, referee, to Selby Realty Company, Inc., 1 Liberty St, (mtg $42,000,) all liens, March 7; attorneys, Neier, H. & Van D., 80 Broadway.....$1,000

144TH ST, 311 West, n s, 24.6x99.11; Henry M. Miller to Selby Realty Company, 1 Liberty St, all liens, Jan. 25; attorneys, same.....$100

148TH ST, 507 West, n s, 17.6x99.11; John H. Bodine to Piriam Lowenfeld, 106 East 64th St, and another, (mtg $10,000,) March 14; attorney, O. H Sugarman, 149 Broadway..$1

Bronx.

ALDUS ST, s w corner of Faile St, 79x —; American Real Estate Co. to Kovacs Const Co., 293 Alexander Av, March 13; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$100

BELMONT AV, w s, 545 ft n of 188th St, 50 x87.6; Marietto Palerno to Francisco Verdirame, 2,467 Belmont Av, and others, Feb. 15; attorney, Paul C. Marcone, care of National Surety Co., 115 Broadway.....$1

BOME ST, n s, 50.4 ft w of Hunter Av, 25.2x100.3; Mary E. McNamara to William Sinnott Co., 967 East 165th St, March 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BOME ST, n s, 75.5 ft w of Hunter Av, 25.2x—; Margaret G. King and another to William Sinnott Co., 967 East 165th St, March 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

HUNT AV, n s, 175 ft from Sagamore Av, 25 x100; Matthew T. Oliver to New York, Westchester & Boston Railway, 70 East 45th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 58 and 59, partition sale by Lot 1, Hunt; estate of Mary M. Hussey to Edward J. Hussey, 55 Smith St, Jamaica, L. I., Feb. 25; attorneys, Kennedy & H., 324 Fulton St, Jamaica, L. I.....$1

LOTS 21, 22, 23, 41, 42, 43, 61, 62, 85, 86, 76, 78, 146, 147, 148, 152, 153, 171, 172, 108, 109, 110, 130, 131, 132, 190, 201, 213, 206, 218, 222, 223, 230, 240, 251 and 252, map of E. H. Holden, at Clasons Point; Alice L. Beach to Willard P. Beach, at Clasons Point, May 4, 1911.....$1

FOX ST, 907 to 915, w s, 119.4x —; Isidor Cahn to Utility Realty Co., 165 Broadway, (mtg $102,000,) March 14; attorney, H. M. Wecksler, 165 Broadway $100

LOTS 110 to 113, map New York Catholic Protectory; Ronald K. Brown and others to William Buhl, Inc., 1,940 McGraw Av, (mtg $4,500,) March 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PERRY AV, 3,325, w s, 22x —; Jos. P. Studley to Henry A. Studley, 1,025 East 180th St, (mtg $5,500,) Jan. 27.....$100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 233.4 ft n of 183d St, 16.8x95; Ernst Kiefhaber to Frank Welden, 410 East 179th St, (mtg $6,000,) March 10; attorney, F. C. Hirleman, 391 East 149th St $100

PROSPECT AV, 2,352, w s, 18.9x93.9; Harry Bijur, referee, to Beatrice S. B. Ziegel, 8 West 86th St, March 14; attorney, Sig. Wechsler, 32 Broadway $6,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 347 and 349, n s, 40x150; Southern Boulevard, n s, 231.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 80x100; 134th St, 340 and 342 East, 42x100; Florence Cahen to Margaret E. Weill, 634 East 138th St, March 13; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway.....$100

TRINITY AV, 1,052, e s, 20x87.6; Otto Wagner to J. Edward Wagner, 1,052 Trinity Av, March 13, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, S. S. Randall, 1,283 Franklin Av.....$1

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 285.10 ft s of 180th St., 25x145; Pauline Pfachler to Smada Realty Co., 391 East 149th St, (mtg $15,000,) March 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WEBSTER AV, e s, 75 ft n of 184th St, 50.11 x98.4x50.10x95.10; Francis X. Keil to Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., 535 East 166th St, (mtg $9,000,) March 5; attorney, Francis X. Keil, 1,010 Kelly St.....$100

WEST ½ of Lot 34, Melrose, 25x100; John W. Ruhl to Ruhl Real Property Co., 365 East 194th St., (mtg $5,000,) March 14; attorney, Edw. Miehling, 258 Broadway $100

10TH ST, n s, Lot 245, map of Unionport; Henry Worms to Esther K. Worms, 325 West 92d St, (mtg $1,600,) Oct. 24, 1912; attorney, Hugo S. Mack, 7 Beekman St.....$1

147TH ST, n s, 400 ft e of Prospect St, 24.2 x—; Edward Elfin to Mary Shindler, 133 Marion St, Brooklyn, March 13.....$100

175TH ST, 713 East, 30.10x90; Francis Hoffman to Charles Schimmler, 509 West 170th St, March 6; attorney, William J. Spielberger, 10 Wall St.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 770, w s, 25x92.5; Robert S. Streep to Charles Dittman, 108 East 60th St, March 14, 5 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$25,000

BARCLAY ST, 28, s s, 24.3x100.10x24.2x101.10; Alfred L. Simonson to Katherine L. Neuser, Hoboken, [illegible] due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Charles J. Farrell, 20 Vesey St $7,000

HOUSTON ST, 398-400 East, n s, 40x60.7; Louise Kanfold to Fischel Weintraub, 140 Rivington St, prior mtg $42,000, due Jan. 1, 1915, 6 p. c., March 14; attorney, D. Drechsler, 140 Nassau St.....$9,000

LENOX AV, e s, 50.6 ft s of 127th St, 16.6x85; Mary C. Zerban to Edward A. Acker, 776 Forest Av, March 14, due Jan. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.....$400

LENOX AV, s e corner 124th St, 50.5x75; Thomas A. Roe to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, March 14, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway $50,000

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas A. Roe to Lillian B. Wechsler, 251 West 89th St, March 14, prior mtg ,50,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Wechsler, 32 Broadway.....$8,000

MADISON AV, s w corner 30th St, 74.1x95; Lee Holstein Construction Co. to Brooklyn Saving Bank, 141 Pierrepont, Brooklyn, March 14, 5 years; attorneys, Schenck & P., 19 Liberty St.....$410,000

MADISON AV, s w corner 30th St, 74.1x95; Lee Holstein Construction Co. to Sarah T. Adams, 254 West 76th St, prior mtg $410,000, March 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$30,000

NASSAU ST, 115 and 117, w s, 50x101.6; Valcour Realty Co. to Emigrant Independent Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, March 12, 1 year; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St $210,000

8TH AV, 732, leasehold; Bernhardine Wagner to John G. Hess, 248 Humboldt, Brooklyn, Feb. 10, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, H. P. Vielbig, 1,098 Broadway, Brooklyn.....$2,500

64TH ST, 114 East, s s, 17.6x100.5; Directors Realty Holding Company to New York Title Insurance Company, 135 Broadway, March 13, 5 years, 4½ p. c.....$26,500

100TH ST, 319 East, 25x100.11; Max Gilefsky to trustees of the Northern Dispensary of City of New York, 65 Waverly Place, March 14, 3 years; attorney, B. W. B. Brown, 52 Wall St.....$14,000

109TH ST, 123 to 125 East, n s, 50x100.11; Acadia Realty Company to Ames Nostrand Realty Company, Inc., 1,400 5th Av, prior mtg $58,200, March 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jerome A. Kohn, 1,400 5th Av..$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Max Gilefsky to Max D. Steuer, 55 West 88th St, prior mtg $14,000, March 14, due Jan. 15, 1914, 6 p. c.....$1,000

124TH ST, 324 East, 18x100.11; Della P. Wiesbader to Emigrant Independent Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, March 14, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 31 Chambers St..$4,000

Bronx.

AV A, 2,194 s e s, 25x130.6; Theresa Macey and another to Kate Oberscheimer, 497 East Echo Place, March 14, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Northbert Blank, 38 Park Row....$2,500

ALDUS ST, s w corner of Faile St, 37x100; same to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, March 13, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$40,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, March 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. C. Meyers, 527 5th Av.

ALDUS ST, s s, 37 ft w of Faile St, 42x109; same to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, March 13, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$35,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, March 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. C. Meyer, 527 5th Av.....$7,000

ARTHGATE AV, e s, 81.5 ft s of 180th St, 41x70.1x41x69.11; Charles R. Farholo to Charles F. Pfizenmayer, 709 Madison Av, prior mtg $19,000, March 10, due Sept. 25, 1916, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$5,000

CRIMMINS AV, w s, 239.8 ft n of 141st St, 47.8x100; Florence Armstrong and others to Fannie Epstein, 70 West 149th St, due Feb. 1, 6 p. c., March 14; attorney, Cohan & S., 61 Park Row.....$3,500

FAILE ST, w s, 109 ft s of Aldus St, 46x—; Kovacs Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, March 13, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$35,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. C. Meyer, 527 5th Av.....$7,000

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,814, e s, 54.2x—; Charles V. Gabriel to Edward Bechtoldt, Saranac, N. Y., March 13, 5 years; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$23,000

HOME ST, n s, 50.4 ft w of Bryant Av, 50.4x 103.1; William Sinnott Co. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, March 3, due as per bond $38,900

JACKSON AV, n w corner 156th St, 25x77.2x 25x76.11; Israel Leibsohn to William H. MacDermott, 323 West 84th St, March 14, 5 years; attorney, Charles P. Lattting, 34 Pine St., ...$28,000

LONGFELLOW AV, n w corner of 156th St, 25x77.2; Israel Leibsohn to Lambert Suydam, 2 East 45th St, March 14, prior mtg $28,000, due as per bond; attorney, William R. Adams, 25 Broad St.....$1,000

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 250 ft n of Lafayette Av, 50x100; Lawrence Davis to Sheldon Leavitt and another, trustees, Augusta, Ga., March 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,500

LOTS 110 to 113, map of New York Catholic Protectory; William Buhl, Inc., to Alwell Realty Co., 68 William St, March 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$20,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to George H. Culver and another, 44 West 92d St, prior mtg 20,000, 3 years, 5½ p. c., March 10; attorney same $4,500

TREMONT AV, n s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 25x100; Berta Rabas to P. J. Heaney Co., West Farms Road and 172d St, prior mtg $22,000, installments, 6 p. c., March 13; attorneys, Weschler & R., 135 Broadway.$1,875

SAME PROPERTY; same to Alessandro Lauzetta, 2,233 1st Av, March 13, 3 months, 6 p. c.; attorney same.....$400

2D AV, 614, e s, 24.7x80; Frederick Vogel to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 14, due as per bond.....$16,000

3D AV, 3,479, w s, 25x119.11x25x121.8; Max and Jacob Kleimann to Jacob Marx, 170 West 74th St, prior mtg $9,000, March 4, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway $2,500

135TH ST, 697 East, 16.8x75; Jennie Davis to Jennie F. Tuetel, 1,033 Tinton Av, March 3, 3 years; attorneys, Oakes & S., 49 Wall St $3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BULKHEAD and part of marginal wharf between 23d and 24th Sts, North River; City of New York to Anchor Line, 19 Broadway, 10 1-12 years, from Dec. 1, 1912; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records.$3,649.50

3D AV, 2,249, store, &c.; Reformed Low Dutch Church of Harlem to James Van Dyk Co., 307 Water St, 3 years, from May 1, 1913.....$2,500

4TH AV, 330, ground-floor store; Isabella Schwab and others to Rosie Neuwirth, 126 West 115th St, 3 8-12 years, from Sept. 1, 1912; attorney, Adolph Hirtenstein, 336 4th Av.....$2,500

5TH AV, 661 and 663, part of store and basement; Leasehold Investors' Corporation to John P. O'Brien, 303 Pearl St., 10 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, E. A. Bigelow, 15 William St.....$8,000 to $22,000

6TH ST, 712 and 714 East, all; Meyer Rappaport to Samuel Kliegler, 611 6th Av, from Jan. 15, 1913, to Jan. 1, 1916; attorney, A. Goldner, 712 East 6th St.....$5,500

52D ST, 11 West, all; John D. Locke to Henry T. Richardson, 11 West 52d St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1913.....$4,500

99TH ST, 57 and 59 East, all; Rose Landau and others to Louis Goodman, 268 Avenue A, 3 years, from March 1, 1913; attorney, Selig J. Isaacsson, 99 Nassau St.....$3,000

125TH ST, 232 East, all; Lincoln A. Hammond and another to Lewis Cohen, 1,393 Stebbins Av 6 11-12 years, from June 1, 1913; attorneys, Albert & A., 149 Broadway.....$2,000

152D ST, 245 East, all; John Di Iorio to John Tino, 151 East 237th St, 5 years, from April 1, 1913; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av.....$900

MECHANICS' LIENS.

14TH ST, 217 West; Water Supervision Co. against Adelaide Lagassi, owner and contractor $15

38TH ST, 201 West; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against L. Napoleon Levy, owner; John H. Scheler, contractor $198

38TH ST, 201 West; William A. Thomas Co. against L. Napoleon Levy, owner; John H. Scheler, contractor.....$154

38TH ST, 201 WEST; Charles Dunker against L. Napoleon Levy, owner; John H. Scheler, contractor $90

SAME PROPERTY; William Dunker against same $425

42D ST, 384 West; M. F. Westergren, Inc., against Frederick B. Sewall, owner; Martin & Mandell, contractors.....$198

48TH ST, 16 East; M. F. Westergren, Inc., against Julia Ward, owner; Martin & Mandell, contractors.....$229

48TH ST, 18 East; Murray Hill Sheet Metal Works against Julia Ward, owner; Martin & Mandell, Inc., contractors.....$234

SAME PROPERTY; George R. Storm against same $356

66TH ST, 155 West; Nathan S. Goldstein against Gorham Mortgage Co., owner; John P. Hibbard, agent and contractor.....$62

103D ST, 154 East; Sladen Iron Works Co., Inc. against Sadie, Eva, and Lucie Bleictett, owners and contractors.....$13

187TH ST, 751 East; Bronx Metal Works against P. & F. Construction Co., owner and contractor $220

231ST ST, s s, whole front between Kingsbridge Av and Corlear Av, 147.9x irregular; David E. Powers against Church of the Mediator, owner; Charles H. Peckworth, contractor $170

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

GRANT AV, s e corner of 165th St; Valentin Zimmerman against Mitchell-McDermott Construction Co. and others, Jan. 9, 1913, (by bond).....$495

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of 187th St; Joseph Starobin against Pierce Construction Co. and others, Nov. 30, 1912.....$275

187TH ST, 751 East; Vincenzo Abbenante against P. & F. Construction Co. and others, March 10, 1913.....$250

223D ST, 562 East; Dante G. Crisonio against

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Morris Improvement Co. and others, May 31, 1912 .....$250

SAME PROPERTY; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against same, May 29, 1912..$275

SAME PROPERTY; Tozzini & Co. against same, Nov. 7, 1912.....$700

SAME PROPERTY; Hudson Woodworking Co. against same, Nov. 20, 1912.....$1,136

SAME PROPERTY; Antonio Rocco against same, June 12, 1912.....$225

LIS PENDENS.

KATONAH AV, 4,325; Central Mortgage Co. against Benjamin Crabisch and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Otis & Otis.

NORTHERN AV, w s, 199.2 ft n of road on map of property of Fort Washington, 12th Ward, 37.1x irregular, (except part released.)

NORTHERN AV, w s, 175.3 ft n of 181st St, 242.10x irregular to Riverside Drive; John H. Prine against Adolphus Busch, (notice of attachment;) attorneys, John Van Voorhis's Sons.

OLINVILLE AV, 3,743; Charles A. Benkiser against Meyer Solomon and others, (amended foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, F. C. Hirleman.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244; Lewis Bergson against Monomoy Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, L. J. Gould.

3D ST, 163 West; Union Trust Co of N. Y. against Wm. L. Sutphin and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.

8TH AV, e s, 49.4 ft n of 33d St, 24.8x100; James A. Trowbridge against Patrick A. Geoghegan and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, H. Baskerville.

94TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of West End Av, 50x 100.8; New York Life Insurance Co. against Whitman S. Mead and others, (amended foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

118TH ST, 71 East; Jacob Loewenthal against Eli Levy and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

151ST ST, s s, 125 ft w of Morris Av, 25x 118.5; 151st St, s s, 100 ft w of Morris Av, 25 x118.5; Michele Lagemarsino and others against Saverio A. Mascia and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, L. Campora.

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Your own broker, or owner,
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503 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT $25.00 and $30.00 In Brooklyn
Semi-detached brick and stone, 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in park section of Brooklyn on lines of elevated and new subway; 5-cent fare to New York. Send for booklet and photos. Special Manager, 60A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone 5528 Cort.

A GREAT BARGAIN
25 foot, three and a half story, brick high stoop house for sale on best block in Henry St., Brooklyn, in fine order. Possession.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY
141 Broadway, New York City.

1-family stone & brick, only $4,675. Subway. Bargain. Postal brings full particulars. The Rapelyea Co., 390 Elderts Lane, Brooklyn. (Grant Ave. Station Kings Co. "L.")

Bargains in Brooklyn Real Estate for Cash Buyers.
For particulars address Bargains, 273 Times.

REAL ESTATE.
PORTABLE BUNGALOWS FOR SALE
Two-room, $150; three-room, $225; four-room, $300; five-room, $375. Call or write for illustrated catalogue. McCourt Brothers, office and factory, 6,303 to 6,307 5th Av., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.
OWNER COMPELLED TO SELL
Must leave for West, so has listed for sale his beautiful home at Langdon Terrace, Mount Vernon, New York, a Restricted residential section, convenient to all transit facilities. Eight rooms, tiled bath, modern and up to date in every respect. Fine sun porch, high ground.
Price $15,500. Free and Clear.
Will make REASONABLE terms.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
COOLEY REALTY CO.,
39 Prospect Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Stucco House Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Contains 8 rooms, tiled bath, oak finish, electricity, steam heat, open fireplace; good plot, near station and trolley. Bargain $7250.
Complete List of Houses for Rent.
BRYANT PARK REALTY CO.,
10 E. 1st St. Tel. 1619—Mt. Vernon.

Artistic Bungalow in New Rochelle
One of the most attractive places of its size in the vicinity; excellent finish—inside and out; large open fireplace, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; beautiful grounds.
FOR SALE AT $9,700.
C. B. ALLEN 232 Huguenot St., Tel. 746, New Rochelle, N. Y.

NEW, HANDSOME, DETACHED
2 FAMILY, ALL IMPROVEMENTS,
IN BEST PART OF SOUTH YONKERS,
AT COST; EASY TERMS.
J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO.,
506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
ALL YEAR ROUND HOME.
Located near boating and bathing, with all water-front rights; within block of trolley; only 40 minutes out; elegant house; all modern improvements; on large plot of ground; terms $350 down, balance as rent. Maeder, 118 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.
100 ACRES!
Mountain Tarraces; Mountain Springs; Kaatskill Villa, furnished; private ave.; grand elevation, view, and surroundings.
Also, 26 ACRES!
Bayport, Merrick Road, L. I.
GRAND House, barn, garage, stable, poultry house; elms, larches, and maples; electric lights, and furnished.
ASA F. SMITH, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.
—Phone 1280 Main—

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
RARE CHANCE for PROMOTER
The death of her husband compels widow to dispose of her property consisting of about 400 lots, semi-developed, located in New Jersey, 10 miles from New York, 20 minutes out. Houses with gas, electricity and water on property. Main roads macadamized. Adjoining property highest class. No reasonable offer refused. "C. C.," 602 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

SUMMER HOMES
FOR RENT OR SALE.
ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL BEACH, INTERLAKEN,
and vicinity. Write for our booklet. Will meet trains by appointment.
MILAN ROSS AGENCY,
Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 406-406. Allenhurst, N. J.

BIG OPPORTUNITY.
Home of Willie Hoppe, Champion Billiardist of the World, at Ridgefield Park; 5 blocks from 2 railroad stations; 12 large rooms, steam heat, modern appointments throughout, large grounds.
OWNER GOING TO EUROPE.
Will sell at TREMENDOUS Sacrifice.
FRANK HOPPE, 178 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.
For Sale or To Let
Retired Summer residence of seven large rooms and bathroom; detached servant's quarters; stable and about forty acres of land in little village on
South Shores of Cape Cod.
Little river running by the house, and boat house on bay about half

Automobile Exchange.

35-foot Gentleman's Express Launch—Fine lines, sound, seaworthy; reliable four-cycle, four-cylinder engine under cover; always starts, always runs; dashboard control, Remy magneto, Schebler carburetor; speed 14 miles with muffler, 16 without; elaborate equipment; insured; in New York waters; cost $2,800; for quick sale, $800, or exchange for automobile of equal value. G 44 Times.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER.
We have completed the rebuilding of (5) used models, and will offer them during the coming week at very low prices; this offer will appeal to the buyer who is desirous of obtaining a high-class car of recognized quality and ability at the minimum price.
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.,
275 Amsterdam Av.

Limousine Selden, 1913 model, equipped with electric lights, demountable rims, speedometer and other equipment. Car has been used but a short time. Upholstery has always been covered with slip covers, and is as good as new. Originally cost $4,000. Will sell for $1,600. Stevens, 7,156 Broadway. Telephone 7803 Schuyler.

BARGAINS—WHITE STEAMERS.
1909 to 1911 models. Cost $2,500 to $5,000 each. Will sell $125 to $500. 20 to 40 H. P. Two touring and 3 landaulets. A 40 H. P. landaulet, formerly used exclusively by President Taft. All fine cars, in excellent running condition. A. Elliott, 190 Columbus Av. Phone 8628 Col.

A.—Reo, 1911 model, foredoor, touring, equipped with mohair top, windshield, speedometer, Klaxon horn, Prestolite tank, trunk rack; overhauled at cost of $135 five weeks; sold account sickness; $425. Mrs. Joseph's car. See Mr. Baldwin, 516 West 145th St.

New cars; 50 per cent. off.
New fore-door bodies; 65 per cent. off.
100 cars; all makes; $100-$3,000.
New Ford tops, $7.50; others all sizes.
Deliv. wagons, $150 up; windsh'lds, spdmtrs, $5.
20th Century Co., 1,760 B'way, cor. 54th.

Owing to change in plans calling me suddenly to Europe, will sacrifice deposit on order for limousine due for delivery this week; handsomest car in New York; must turn it before Saturday, the 15th; $2,500. Address Robt. G. Kennedy, No. 11 Wall St., city.

Locomobile Touring, five-passenger, 30 H. P. Has every appearance of a new car; has been rebuilt and repainted; guaranteed by the manufacturer; equipped with electric lights. Sell for $1,650. Swart, 2,156 Broadway. Telephone 4481 Schuyler.

Locomobile, seven-passenger touring, six-cylinder "48" H. P., rebuilt and repainted, and carries the manufacturer's guarantee. Original cost $5,000. Bargain. Lockhart, 2,156 Broadway. Telephone 7801 Schuyler.

Stoddard-Dayton Baby tonneau; appearance good; always given intelligent care; equipped with windshield, speedometer, etc. Will sell for $750. Hann, 2,156 Broadway. Telephone 7802 Schuyler.

A 1911 Buick delivery wagon; thoroughly overhauled and painted; new motor; Bosch magneto, radiator, &c. Glencoe Garage and Machine Co., 750-52 7th Av. Inquire Mr. Coon, top floor. 'Phone 5497 Columbus.

Here's a Benz for $750; 18-22 H. P., 5-passenger touring, top, windshield, clock, speedometer; cost $3,500; A1 condition; can be seen by appointment. William D. Bleier, 518 East 72d St. Phone Lenox 4076.

Baby Tonneau Locomobile, 30 H. P., equipped with two extra shoes, speedometer, air tank. Must sell at once. Kingsley, 2,156 Broadway. Telephone 4480 Schuyler.

MUST SELL AT ONCE.
Stanley Steamer, runabout; perfect condition, full equipment; no reasonable offer refused. Bell & Waring Steam Vehicle Co., Inc., 1,784 Broadway.

1912 Peerless, 6 cylinder, 38 h. p., 5-passenger, with top, windshield, electric lights, speedometer; car as good as new; $2,800. Owner, 6 East 92d St. 'Phone 1812 Lenox.

Auto for Sale.—Lozier, 45 H. P.; good condition; Limousine and touring bodies; can be bought cheap. Apply Oscar Voigt, Lenox Garage, 112 East 75th St.

Skillful auto repairing and overhauling done at low cost. Guaranteed machine blacksmith work of all descriptions. W. Scott, 331 West 37th St.

Pope-Hartford touring, old model, good condition; extra tire and tubes; top, windshield. Sunday, 9 to 2. Thelander, 180 12th St., Brooklyn.

GARAGE —TO LEASE— GARAGE
for term of years, 2 story garage, 536-538 W. 49th St. P. J. Frawley, 1547 Broadway.

Saurer 5-ton truck, just overhauled, in first-class condition; bargain to a quick buyer. S. B. Gofield, 304 West St.

For Sale—1911 Hotchkiss landaulet automobile, 24-30 h. p., with extra body. Barnes-Curtiss Co., 147 West 99th St.

Dragon, 5 passenger, 4 door, late model touring; expensive make; A1 condition; $300; act quick. Krinsky, 450 West 164th St.

For Sale—Seven-passenger Packard, first-class condition. McGillick, 1,154 Intervale Av. 'Phone 3239 Melrose.

Taken in exchange, 1911 Chalmers, Hupmobile, Overland; bargain. R. M. Owen, 19 West 62d.

Flanders runabout, good condition; sell or exchange for diamond; value $350. Phone 383M Flushing.

Fifty slightly used cars taken in exchange; $150 up. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo, 1912, centre control, fully equipped, like big bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less 1,000 miles; equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo 1912 model R, fully equipped, $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD LIMOUSINE, new cars, for monthly service; special to theatre or opera, with privilege of stopping one hour for supper, $10. Largest renters of Packard cars in New York.
'PHONE..... PLAZA 2100

Beautiful private automobile. Packard landaulet, to rent very reasonable; owner drives himself; highest recommendations. Hoffman, 105 West 80th St. 8088 Riverside.

It's cheaper to rent a car by the month than to own one; Renault, exclusively up-to-date. Mr. J. Mandola, 112 East 75th.

Beautiful 1912 seven-passenger Premier touring, equipped with heaters, $3 hour; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

By month $400, private car including chauffeur and upkeep. Telephone 10,400 Riverside. Apartment 1103.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 8423.

Beautiful Packard Limousine; rent hour, day, week or month. Murphy, 6701 Plaza.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Overland Roadster in good mechanical condition; give full particulars; no dealers. Box S 40 Times.

Business Opportunities

Wanted—Partner with $1,500 to $3,000 cash or with good standing credit to join an established manufacturing sales agent; must be good outside or good office man; money fully secured, with best of references; agency. Address R 443 Times.

THEATRICAL MANAGER REQUIRES INVESTOR WITH $500 TO PRODUCE VAUDEVILLE GIRL ACT NOW REHEARSING; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RETURNS. 715 COLUMBIA THEATRE BUILDING.

Airdome Theatre, America's millionaire ocean thickly populated resort; only one there; also Long Branch Boardwalk theatre, amusement garden; rental or partnership. Nevada, 2,025 Broadway.

FOR SALE—UP-TO-DATE BUTCHER SHOP, ALL MARBLE FIXTURES; WILL SACRIFICE; GOOD LOCATION, CHEAP RENT. CALL FRIDAY MORNING, 1,078 BOSTON ROAD.

A gas and electric fixture business for sale, occupying entire building; owner retiring; annual business $50,000; price $8,000; easy terms; lifetime opportunity. Goodstein, 25 West 42d.

For Sale—Two-story manufacturing factory, all woodworking machinery, boiler and engine; running business in N. J., close to Harlem, N. Y. W. H. Stein, 1,947 Broadway.

I want to invest $5,000 to $8,000 in some business in which I can take an active interest; retail business preferred; must draw $40-$50 weekly. Box X 143 Times.

Partner wanted with capital or portable bungalow builder, Elberon and Long Branch; hotel, bungalow, airdrome, theatre, club. Nevada, 2,025 Broadway.

We are a progressive sales agency. Completely equipped office for handling patents and novelties. Sales Company, Room 203, 25 West 42d.

Thousand dollars wanted immediately; will pledge security, give share in proposition maturing within 30 days; large profits certain. S 32 Times.

Quartz and mica mine, including factory and machinery. Frederick Knipping, 317 Summit Av., West Hoboken.

WANTED—Man possessed of initiative and ability to engage in profitable enterprise; some capital. R 149 Times.

Partner, soda dispenser; must have $400; great oportunity. Inquire 705 Broadway, cigar store.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2208 Stuyvesant.

Pianos and Organs

COHMER upright piano, fine order; cost $800; sell for $135. ANGUERA, 816 W. 42d.

Lost

LOST—Friday morning, about 10:30, between 137th Subway station and the City College main building, large yellow envelope containing 40 tissue paper reports on school children in Public School 4 and 44; of no use to any one else, but indispensable to the owner. Richards, 229 West 97th. Tel., 9431 River.

LOST—In Subway, small black velvet purse, containing money, also receipt from Bodell & Co. Reward will be paid for return of same to Hilda Odde, 490 Riverside Drive, care of Mrs. J. W. Stinson.

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Company preferred stock certificate No. 30,216; for 100 shares, in the name "B. F. Stauffer." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. B. F. Stauffer.

LOST—Monday evening, diamond bar pin, thirteen stones, at Waldorf Hotel, at reception in east room or corridor or restaurant. Liberal reward if returned to M. Creighton, 1,730 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 4921.

LOST—On Tuesday, March 11, between 5 and 6 P. M., on 5th Av., from 52d to 59th St., a lady's platinum barpin set with four pearls and a number of small diamonds. Return to Hickson, 657 5th Av.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, March 11, in Franklin Simon store, gold vanity box enameled light bluish gray. Liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to E. J. Kenney, 12 Elm St., City.

LOST—Lady's small gold Swiss watch, on Riverside Drive, between 108th and 115th Sts., Friday, March 14th. Liberal reward if returned to R. H. Clarke, 417 Riverside Drive.

LOST—A little gold chain, with a heart-shaped locket set with stones; used as a bracelet. Reward given return to Mrs. L., 22 East 47th.

LOST.—Lady's diamond horseshoe pin, between South Ferry, Subway station, and Aquarium. Liberal reward for return to A. Tamper, 9 West 26th St. Gram. 840.

LOST.—Lady's gray leather handbag at Bronx Zoo, Thursday; contained commutation ticket to Evanston. Kindly return to Knickerbocker Hotel Information Desk.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, between 39th Street and 10th Street, lozenge-shaped Alpha Delta Phi fraternity pin; suitable reward. 15 St. Nicholas Place.

LOST—Naturalization papers of Alexander Szunyog on August 20th, 1912. Finder will please return same to 319 East Houston St., City.

LOST—Restaurant, taxicab, on street, manuscript play entitled "The Boomerang." Return Players Club. Reward.

LOST—A diamond cross, on Monday; cherished heirloom of dead sister; liberal reward. Return Mrs. Fisher, 139 West 75th St.

LOST—Pass book, Union Park Developing Co.; reward $5. Return to 124 East 65th.

MY WATCH was stolen in dressing room of Berkeley Theatre on Thursday. Return to box office. Reward. No questions asked.

$50 REWARD
for a diamond circle brooch, lost Tuesday afternoon, Hudson Tunnel to 8th St., cab to Lord & Taylor's; reward and no questions asked. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Found

FOUND.—Keys, March 8, 6th Av. and 43d St. Inquire Police Station, near.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—A black Scotch terrier; green color, with a name plate, E. Harding, Fanwood, N. J. Reward. R. E. T. Rigge, 142 East 40th Street.

FOUND—Brown and white collie, male, about 8 months old. Mrs. John H. Pell, 182 Riverside Drive.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

117H, 29 EAST, Near 5th Av.—Desirable, large room; southern exposure; references; telephone.

157H ST., 210 East, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; private baths, telephone; references; home cooking.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Rooms, large, small; steam heated; excellent table; reference; phone.

51D ST., 37 EAST, (Near Madison Av.)—Room, with board; table board; references.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Large room and lavatory, adjoining bath; board optional; furnished or unfurnished.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Floor, two rooms, bath; elevator; single room; excellent table; reasonable.

83D ST., 155 EAST.—Sunny large front, adjoining bath; modern improvements; private house; telephone; superior table; suitable for couple or physician.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Suite of rooms; private bath; 2d floor; telephone. Gramercy 1978.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large, handsome rooms, with board; breakfast in rooms; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; double and single rooms; private bath; table board.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; attractively furnished; excellent table; references; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms, running hot and cold water; studio room.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room, private bathroom; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Two attractive rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences.

72D ST., 267 WEST.—Southern house, desirable double, second-story front rooms; private bath. Also single room.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Front room, southern exposure; table guests; references.

78TH, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent board; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 108 WEST.—Just opened, French and Spanish boarding house; all conveniences; excellent table and service.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and the Bonheur; select residential hotels; new throughout; steam heat; large parlors; reception rooms; lounge and tea room; Southern cooking; white maid service; rates reasonable; write for booklet; phone.

79TH ST., 162 West.—Large well furnished room, southern exposure; first-class boarding house.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Sunny hall room; large closet; beautiful house; generous table; 81ST ST., 116 WEST.—Sunny, well furnished room; strictly high class board; satisfactory references necessary.

80TH, 144 WEST, COSTA HOUSE.
Rooms, private bath, all conveniences; French cuisine.

81ST ST., 138 WEST. — Large, small room; excellent table; table guests; new management. Schuyler 8510.

82D ST., 50 and 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; business people. Telephone 8397 Schuyler.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath, suitable two, three; superior table. Blumenfeld.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant, large, small rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; table guests; telephone.

86TH, 149 WEST.—Two rooms together or separate with board; reference; table guests.

105TH, 300 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new, private dwelling; perfect for comfort and convenience; steam heat, electricity, gas; two rooms, two baths; few select people accommodated; excellent home cooking.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; couple, gentlemen; unusual table. Morningside 8136.

114TH, 526 WEST. — Delightfully situated large room, adjoining bath; excellent table.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Near "L" station; large, medium-sized rooms to let with board.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Hall room, closet; good table; private family; telephone; near "L" station.

149TH ST., 552 AND 554 WEST, AUDUBON ANNEX. Two newly furnished houses. Following vacancies:
Two large-size rooms, $10 and $12.
Two medium-size rooms, $9 each.
Two smaller rooms, $8 each.
Add $5 table board each additional person. Prices include first-class meals and service. Parlor dining room; superior accommodations; social surroundings; most beautiful, healthful section. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

A.— A.— WHEELOCH MANSION.
158th St. and Hudson River, two blocks Subway station; unusually attractive rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water, showers; large private grounds, piazza 125x10 feet; telephone.

FREE INFORMATION.
Save time, carfare, and annoyance.
Consult our investigated list; superior accommodations; rooms and board; best locations. Leland's, 4 West 33d St. (Established over 25 years.)

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Unusual opportunity for refined married couple to secure accommodations in private adult family, owning beautifully furnished apartment; southwestern exposure; highest references exchanged. C 100 Times

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

REFINED PEOPLE may obtain attractive rooms and board with private family. Phone 5262 River.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; 20 minutes Manhattan; rates 25% lower than New York. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

THE VICTOR HOUSE.
Handsomely furnished, large, comfortable, sunny rooms for couples, business men, &c.; table d'hote service; superior French cooking; excellent service; telephone.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached and meals, $16 a week.

WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive, two blocks north of 157th Subway; beautiful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Country Board.

Long Island.

Richmond Hill.—One of the best appointed boarding houses on Long Island; bright, sunny rooms; all modern conveniences; electric lights, steam heat, &c.; accessible to city by five routes; near golf links and tennis courts; exellent table board. 342 Oak St., Richmond Hill, L. I. Telephone 813 Richmond Hill.

CONGENIAL COUPLE or gentlemen are invited to share high-class Summer cottage; beautifully furnished; piano; every comfort; ocean bathing from house; fishing, boating; garden; 50 minutes from Broadway. A 258 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

BEAUTIFUL HOME, CHESTER HILL.—Table and service excellent; references. 153 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

Room and board, on the Sound; near stations; quiet. 74 Lockwood Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

8TH, 5 EAST, (5th Av.)—Attractive large and small rooms; all conveniences; absolutely clean.

28TH ST., 109 EAST.—Comfortably furnished, well-heated large rooms; reasonable rent; telephone; near Subway.

29TH ST., 132 EAST.—Furnished room, all conveniences; board optional; telephone.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light, telephone.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small handsomely furnished, clean room, with bath, for gentlemen.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; to business lady, small, beautifully furnished room; separate entrance; connecting bath; telephone. Ring first bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Sunny, square room, single room; running water; breakfast optional; telephone; reference.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with and without bath; gentlemen; references.

48TH, 138 EAST.—Delightful, airy rooms; private; steam; bath adjoining; breakfast optional; reasonable. Knowles.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Large front room, running water; southern exposure; private house; telephone; references.

72D, 208 EAST.—Doctor's office to let; occupied 10 years; exceptionally good location.

LEXINGTON AV., 14.—Immaculately clean, well-kept, sunny rooms; running water, private bath; electric lights, telephone; many other modern conveniences; inspect.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,054, Corner 75th.—Large, cozy, front parlor; steam heat, bath; friends, couple; private. Herzog.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small rooms with or without private bath; electricity; telephone; reference.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large rooms, second floor; running water, bath; breakfast.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 37 WEST.—Elegant, large room; private bath; quiet, refined surroundings; moderate; also single.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Medium-sized room, also single room; every convenience; rates moderate.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean, light rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

14TH ST., 233 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms, single or connecting; private bath; all conveniences; reasonable.

35TH ST., 27 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $9; single, $3; gentlemen. Howard Tea Room

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large, small rooms; running water, bath; private house; $9-$4.50.

37TH, 17 WEST.—Attractive furnished apartment; large room, bath, dressing room; meals if desired; references. Apply tea room. Tel. 953 Greeley.

42D, 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, heat, bath, telephone, $2.50. Hughes, number 322 only.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, also medium front room; steam heat; elegantly furnished.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; hall rooms; steam heat; telephone; Subway.

56TH, 351 WEST.—Double and single room; telephone; every convenience; well kept house; reasonable.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Unexcelled appointments; parlor floor; Italian mahogany, Persian rugs, grand piano; also single and double rooms; running water, telephone.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Unusually attractive large, medium, single, newly decorated, handsomely furnished rooms; tiled bathrooms; exquisitely kept private house; references.

70TH, 130 WEST.—Large, second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

71ST, 165 WEST.—Newly, artistically furnished rooms; home for refined people; Subway, 72d; telephone.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Excellent bachelor accommodation; private bath; private house; breakfast optional. Columbus 806.

72D, 147 WEST.—Desirable, newly furnished room, with private bath; Subway, "L"; private family.

72D ST., 344 WEST.—Attractive room for gentleman in first-class apartment occupied by two bachelors; breakfast optional. Apt. 2C.

72D ST., 207 WEST.—Southern house, desirable double, second story front rooms; private bath. Also single room.

73D ST., 103 West; pleasant, large and medium rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

73D, (near Broadway.)—Attractive sunny room, adjoining bath; references. X 128 Times.

74TH, 106 WEST.—We looked for rooms at one time ourselves, therefore think we know what people require.

75TH, 181 WEST.—Large room, $8; all conveniences; single room. Telephone 7390 Schuyler. Keenan.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny second floor single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Desirable large third-story front room, bath adjoining; electric light; telephone.

77TH ST., 105 WEST.—Refined lady having apartment in quiet, select neighborhood, desirous of renting two rooms adjoining bath. Mrs. Du Boss.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, front room, with twin beds; private house, all modern conveniences; phone.

78TH, 115 WEST.—Two large front rooms; running water; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged.

78TH ST., 132 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, one flight; twin beds; small rooms; phone; private house.

78TH ST., 166 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; all modern conveniences; telephone; electricity; convenient; Subway.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful sunny front room; twin beds; parquet floor; running water; Subway; delightful small rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Unusually large rooms, with, without private bath; reduced rents; choicest location.

79TH ST., 173 WEST.—Handsome furnished room and bath; convenient to all cars.

81ST ST., 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor floor, with private bath; suitable for doctor or professional man; also two large connecting rooms, with dressing rooms and private bath; one flight up; board optional; excellent surroundings; every convenience; terms moderate.

82D, 118 WEST.—Two large, front rooms, nicely furnished; running water; Summer rates; 'phone.

82D, 6 WEST.—Large, small room, floor, bath, kitchenette; out-of-town guests accommodated.

82D, 27 WEST.—Large room, one flight; all conveniences; quiet house; breakfast optional; reference.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor front; modern conveniences; telephone, elevator; refined neighborhood.

82D ST., 114 West.—Comfortable, spacious room; doctor's residence; nicely furnished; large closets; gentlemen; reference.

82D, 115 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated large and small sunny rooms; well heated; conveniences.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations, sunny second floor rooms; single or connected; private bath.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large, single, clean room; running water; private family. Schuyler 8706. Huggins.

The New York Times

Censored Want Advertisements

"Only advertisements fit to print."

At 9 o'clock to-night the Censored Want pages of THE NEW YORK TIMES will close and any Want advertisements received after that hour may be omitted. Telephone

Bryant 1000

NOW. Or go to the nearest advertising agent and ask him to send your Want advertisement to the Times Building before 9 o'clock.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

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Help Wanted..... Situations Wanted.....	15c
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Public Notices	40c

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL SUNNY, LIGHT ROOMS, PARLOR FLOOR; PRIVATE BATH, TOILET; BUSINESS OR LIVING; EXCELLENT BOARD; REFERENCE REQUIRED.

83D, 65 WEST.—Three elegant rooms, bath, suitable gentlemen or couple; reasonable if permanent.

88D, 121 WEST.—Nice room in small private house for gentleman; $3 weekly.

88TH, 183 WEST.—Single room, well heated; running water; private house; breakfast optional; gentleman.

87TH, 156 WEST.—Rooms, suite, single; bath; southern exposure; excellent; private house; Subway, "L."

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Medium-sized room, running water, large closets, suitable two; telephone; select house.

91ST, 4 WEST.—Large, light room; hot, cold water; private family; no other roomers. Apartment 5. Phone 8044 J Riverside. Trimble.

92D ST., 12 WEST.—Beautiful, large, comfortable rooms; modern elevator building; excellent board, optional; moderate.

94TH, 146 WEST.—Large, warm, sunny room, running water; private house; telephone; reasonable.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity for one or two gentlemen to secure well-furnished, sunny room; private family; breakfast optional. Linz.

95TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large front room, newly and elegantly furnished; all conveniences; rental reasonable; near Subway, "L;" private home; private bath.

97TH, 27 WEST, (Apartment 10.)—Large, cozy, clean; electricity; moderate; German family of culture.

97TH ST., 135 WEST.—Well furnished rooms; electricity; telephone; Subway express; reference.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Private house; exceptionally attractive rooms; bath; gentlemen only; $6-$8.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Grossman.

98TH ST., 316 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite; also single room; married couple or lady appreciating house near Drive; references.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Large, light room; telephone, electricity; adjoining bath; homelike; $3. Hubbard.

103D, 132 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; all conveniences; convenient "L," Subway; $6; private house.

103D, 145 WEST.—Attractive sunny rooms, suitable for business gentlemen; private house; telephone; references.

106TH, 38 WEST.—Beautiful, large sunny room; every convenience; private house; telephone; gentlemen; $4.

107TH ST., 237 WEST.—Immaculately clean, sunny suite; running water; comfortably furnished; modern improvements; homelike environment. Must see to appreciate. Apt. 16.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Excellent opportunity secure beautiful room or suite; refined private family; modern apartment overlooking Hudson; one block Subway; reasonable.

113TH ST., 541 WEST.—Newly furnished room; bath adjoining; private entrance; gentleman; moderate. Apt. 3.

113TH ST., 622 WEST. (near Riverside Drive.) —Attractive rooms; suite or singly; elevator. Apartment 31.

114TH St., 500 WEST, (corner Amsterdam.)—Homelike, comfortable room, $3.50; light, airy; fine view, bath convenient; telephone; near Subway, parks; private. Clinton.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking Broadway and Riverside; private house; reasonable.

114TH, 622 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, elevator apartment; very convenient Subway. Apartment 53.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Light rooms; modern bath, shower; telephone; elevator; gentlemen. Apt. L.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Attractive, warm light room; running water; desirable neighborhood; references. White.

115TH, 403 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large, adjoining shower bath; reasonable. Inquire hallboy.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Elevator, telephone; single rooms, double; $3.50, $6. Smith.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; reasonable; elevator. Inquire at Apartment 1.

121ST, 114 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Newly furnished outside sunny room; elevator; private family. Pettersen.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Morningside Heights; large corner room; small room; elevator; reasonable. Apt. 2B.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Two sunny connecting rooms; others $3 up. Also two-room apartment.

124TH ST., 538 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Room, with private bath; telephone, steam heat, electricity; one or two men; elevator apartment. Apartment 31.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Artistically furnished room; piano, kitchen privileges, home comforts; modern house; no other roomers; unusual opportunity; $3. Fullerton.

124TH ST., 546 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny room; modern apartment; private family. Phone 5070 Morn. Neff.

130TH ST., 106 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, running water, bathroom; all conveniences; telephone.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suite, single rooms; high-class accommodations; running water; Subway block. Apartment 22A.

139TH ST., 601 WEST, (Near Station.)—Front rooms; southern exposure; electricity, elevator; reasonable. Apartment 31.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms; electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

144TH, 601 WEST.—Beautiful outside room; elevator, electricity; river view; suitable two; reasonable. Glover.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large room, overlooking Hudson; closets; running water; good board; telephone; reference.

ADVERTISER, owning elegantly kept private residence, will rent to high-class gentleman square room and private bath, $40-$50 monthly; breakfast optional; references. Address West Sixty-ninth, 2,029 Broadway.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE, P. O. 1716.

A MOST desirable home in high-class apartment; 96th St. Subway; no other roomers; references exchanged. Inquire 2,852 Broadway. 9068 Riverside.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 619 W. 123d St.; rooms, suite or singly; good table board.

FREE information regarding rooms and board; all investigated. Leland's, 4 West 33d. (25th year.)

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st, Convent Av.)—Handsomely furnished suite, dressing room, $6.50; single room, $2.50; private residence.

HOTEL ENNIS, 152-154 EAST 42D ST.—New fireproof hotel, diagonally opposite Grand Central Terminal; every room a good room; hot and cold running water, electric light, telephone, elevator service; ladies' restaurant; first-class cafe. Rates $1 upward. Special rates for permanent guests.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

MANHATTAN ST., 127.—Beautiful room; steam, bath; suitable for two gentlemen; near Subway. Moran.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54.—One room, handsomely furnished; high-class elevator apartment; reasonable. Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (Corner 136th St.)—Block from Subway; desirable room with family of two; high-class elevator apartment; bath. Apartment 4B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Alabama Apartments; rooms, singly and en suite; private bath; references.

TRIANON APARTMENT HOTEL, Broadway, 2,848 and 2,850, (110th Subway station.)—Hotel service combined with home comforts. Luxuriously furnished, one, two, three room suites; kitchenette, large window; private bath, electric light; reasonable. Telephone 4245 Morningside.

WASHINGTON SQ., 36 West.—Large, light room, with bath and hotel service; with or without meals; $9 per week upward.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached; $9 per week; service.

WEST END AV.—Gentleman can have beautiful front room; private residence. Box X 144 Times.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

YOUNG WOMAN, editor, desires cheerful room, alcove, lavatory, with pleasant, cultured people. Name price and exact facts. "Editorial," X 159 Times.

NOTICE—Register your rooms at Hewitson's New Directory. Thoroughfare Building, 1,777 Broadway. (Open evenings.)

Help Wanted, Female

A large department store require the services of a number of
EXPERIENCED YOUNG WOMEN
LEDGER CLERKS.
THOSE FAMILIAR WITH TRIAL BALANCE.
State age, salary, and experience. Good prospects for those who qualify.
Address L. C., Box 64 Times.

ALTERATION HANDS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced alteration hands on women's costumes and suits; come prepared to work. Apply at workroom, sixth floor.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Ave., at 35th St.,
require bright, active girls, 16 years of age, as cash girls. Only those having health certificate need apply.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av. at 35th St.,
require experienced fitters on women's gowns and suits. Apply all week, sixth floor.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Ave., at 35th St.,
require tall, active girls as stockkeepers for suits and gowns.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, double entry; state where last employed, and salary. W 259 Times Downtown.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a model for their dressmaking department; 38-inch bust. Apply at dressmaking department, fifth floor.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK; (white.) Apply mornings. 309 West 93d St. Mrs. Hawley.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
New York,
require the services of several
YOUNG
WOMEN,
ABOUT THE AGE OF 20 YEARS, TO SERVE AS
CASHIERS.
Those having experience preferred.
Apply employment office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
Require the services of a number of
YOUNG GIRLS
at the age of sixteen years
to serve as
PARCEL WRAPPERS.
Opportunities given to those who qualify to fill better positions throughout the house.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32nd Street Side.

NURSEMAID with city reference, to assist with child 1½ years old; state where last employed and salary expected. Apply Box G 90 Times.

WANTED—Neat, intelligent colored woman; must be excellent cook; general housework, except washing; small family; live in; bring references; $5 weekly. Apply Saturday morning, Berry, 604 West 112th.

WANTED—Stenographer and typewriter; experienced; must be rapid, accurate worker. Best references required. Bronx resident preferred. Box 29, North Side News.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR who has had thorough experience in handling retail advertisements on a daily newspaper, who knows how to do construction work; securing contracts instead of copy; who can get business for a leading newspaper without misrepresentations, or making foolish promises; who is temperate, energetic, conscientious. Good opening for the right man. State experience and salary expected. Box S 46.

AMBITIOUS, industrious young men who desire thorough training in important, profitable, and independent business in which they can earn while they learn will be given free thoroughly practical instruction and assistance in accident and health insurance; important territory is about to be assigned by large, liberal company, and this opportunity to earn full commissions while learning will not occur again; representatives also desired on very attractive, exclusive arrangements in many towns and cities in New York and New Jersey. Call between 10 and 12, or address Elmer Dw

FIREMEN GET LITTLE FROM RAILROAD GAINS

Wages Advanced but $637,437 Last Year, While Revenues Showed $31,875,844 Increase.

FEDERAL REPORT FIGURES

Men Should Get More, Taft Investigator Tells Arbitrators—Hawley Road Warned Not to Quit.

Judge W. L. Chambers, Chairman of the Arbitration Board that is to decide the wage dispute between the fifty-four Eastern railroads and their 30,000 firemen, said yesterday that if the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad insisted on withdrawing from the case the board might institute proceedings to have it declared in contempt. The intention of the road was made known at Thursday's hearing, when Elisha Lee, Chairman of the Conference Committee of Managers, said that a letter had been received from President W. L. Ross saying his road desired to withdraw, as it would not be able to pay increased wages if they were awarded.

Mr. Lee said at the time that the committee disapproved the action of the Clover Leaf, and it was learned yesterday that Mr. Ross had first written asking if he could withdraw, and had been advised that he could not, as his road was bound by the agreement of the committee to arbitrate. This was followed up by his letter saying the road desired to withdraw, the context indicating that it constituted a withdrawal.

"The Circuit Court, as I understand it," suggested Mr. Lee, "has power to put this award in operation."

"But this board," said the Chairman, "has power to punish a witness, for instance, for perjury. We have the right to punish for contempt committed in the presence of the board by certifying it to the court in the district in which we sit. A party that comes into this arbitration and for some reason which may be good in its opinion concludes to withdraw from the case before it is decided, without the consent of the board, is in contempt, and I am not so sure but what we could certify the fact to the Circuit Court for such action as it would inflict if the case was one pending before that court.

The principal witness yesterday was W. J. Lauck of Washington, who submitted comprehensive statistics as to the increased business and earnings of the roads and the increase in the pay of firemen. Mr. Lauck was formerly a teacher of economics at Washington and Lee University and was employed on statistical work for President Roosevelt's foreign immigration commission and for President Taft's tariff board.

Mr. Lauck said his figures were based on the sworn reports of the railroads concerned to the Inter-State Commerce Commission. His investigation and statistical studies, with a force of clerks employed, had cost about $18,000 and had been in progress since last May. The conclusion at which he arrived was that the firemen had not received their proper share of the increased earnings.

Increase in Trainloads.

"During the past eleven years," he said, "the transportation companies represented in the present proceedings, by an increase in the tractive power of their locomotives of 120.69 per cent., have been able to increase the weight of their average freight train loads 35.13 per cent. and to transport an increase of 62.90 per cent. in ton mileage with an increase of only 19.36 per cent. in freight train miles.

"As a result of this remarkable development, each freight train fireman has increased his productive efficiency, in terms of transportation units or ton miles, 28.50 per cent. To accomplish this result, however, it was necessary for each fireman to handle an increase in coal used of 32.67 per cent.

"Large gains in revenue were secured by these transportation companies as a result of increase in productive efficiency of firemen and other transportation labor. During the past fiscal year only $637,437 has been added to the wage payments of locomotive firemen, while transportation revenues have increased $30,973,931 and operating revenues $31,875,844. During the past six years, the increase in cost of firemen of these railroads has been only $3,256,604 as compared with an increase in transportation revenue of $87,154,396 and an operating revenue of $81,675,435. During the period 1902-1912 there was an increase of $4,969,080 in the cost of freight train firemen and a gain in freight revenue of $253,320,990.

"On the basis of a revenue train mile, the cost of firemen has advanced only twenty-two hundredths of one per cent. during the past fiscal year, while there was a gain in transportation revenue of ten cents, or, expressed in other terms, for each additional $1,000 paid firemen, there was proportionately an increased revenue yield of $45,000 per revenue train mile. During the past eleven years the outlay for locomotive firemen per revenue train mile has increased only 1.75 cents as compared with a gain of fifty-five cents in transportation revenue. The transportation revenue gain since the year 1907 on these railroads has been approximately twenty-six times the rise in cost of firemen per revenue train mile.

MRS. HECKSCHER'S CONCERT.

Composer's Works Heard Under Advantageous Conditions.

For the concert of her own compositions given by Mrs. Colgate D. Hecksher in Aeolian Hall last evening, advantageous conditions had been prepared—an orchestra was drawn from the New York Symphony Society, and soloists of high attainments, as Miss Florence Hinkle, Mr. Hans Kronold, and Mr. Efrem Zimbalist, were enlisted; unusually detailed, and, it may be said, unusually favorable notices concerning the concert giver and her works had been distributed. An audience of considerable numbers was present. Mrs. Heckscher's offerings were varied; five movements of an orchestral suite, two dances for orchestra, a suite for violin and piano in four movements played by Mr. Zimbalist, a romance for 'cello and orchestra, played by Mr. Kronold, songs with orchestra and with piano, sung by Miss Hinkle. One of the orchestral dances and one of the songs were from an opera.

Mrs. Heckscher's work as a composer is thus seen to be ambitious and extensive. Even an indulgent estimate of it, however, could hardly admit that the value of her achievement keeps even pace with her aspirations. She has written a number of agreeable melodies. Her "Dances of the Pyrenees," as her orchestral suite is called, has Spanish color, partly due to the Spanish rhythms, partly to the tambourines and castanets which admit of no mistake, but her orchestration is strident and noisy. The "Asiatic Dance," from the opera "The Flight of Time," with a piquant rhythm, was repeated. The songs also show pleasing melody, with little distinction. Miss Hinkle sang them with skill, and "The Norse Maiden's Lament" she was called upon to repeat. Both Mr. Kronold and Mr. Zimbalist put sincere effort into their solos, and, no doubt, made them count at their full value. There seemed to be a better sense of form in the suite "To the Forest"; it is agreeably tuneful, and its suggestion of woodland fancies and fairies is on the order of Raff's and MacDowell's. But Mrs. Heckscher is neither a Raff nor a MacDowell.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Last of the Friday Afternoon Concerts—Miss Gerhardt Soloist.

The last of the Friday afternoon concerts of the New York Symphony Society, to be repeated to-morrow as the last of the Sunday afternoon concerts, was given yesterday in Aeolian Hall. The most significant number on the programme was Beethoven's seventh symphony, which received a vigorous and buoyant and well-finished performance, though a little damage was done to its finish by certain slips made by the horn.

A number that evidently had interest of unusual kind for the audience was the prelude to the second act of Mr. Damrosch's new opera of "Cyrano;" the prelude may be considered a tone poem depicting the love letter that Cyrano writes to Roxane before he discovers her tenderness for his rival. The eloquent violin solo, the theme of which is afterward repeated by the whole orchestra, was well played by Mr. Saslavsky, concert master of the orchestra. The prelude stood out at the performance of the opera as one of the most fortunate and successful passages; and its melodious appeal was evidently not made in vain to the ears of yesterday's audience.

The third and closing orchestral number was Dvorak's swinging and brilliant "Carneval" overture. Miss Elena Gerhardt was the soloist. She sang, first, four of the five songs by Wagner, that he composed for Mathilde Wesendonck, with the piano accompaniments orchestrated by Felix Mottl, and then four songs by Hugo Wolf with piano accompaniments, played by Erich Wolff. Miss Gerhardt's delivery of Wagner's songs was intense and dramatic in conception, a little to the detriment at times of the quality and steadiness of her tone; but her singing made a deep impression and she was warmly applauded.

SMOKER IN HENRY'S MEMORY

North Carolinians to Hear from the Late Author's Intimates.

North Carolinians of New York will have a smoker to-night at the Hotel Woodstock, in West Forty-third Street, to honor the memory of O. Henry as the writer of short stories. O. Henry was born in Greensboro, N. C., moved to Texas as a young man, and won fame in New York. Three men who knew him well—Robert H. Davis, Richard Duffy and Walter H. Page—will tell stories about him as a writer and good fellow, and T. A. Gudger will read aloud one of the short stories particularly relating to the South. Mr. Gudger, who is a cousin of O. Henry's second wife, was once a Vice Consul in Central America, where he used to translate O. Henry stories into Spanish for diversion. Since then he has read them aloud to his fellow mountaineers in Western North Carolina; so, having now acquired a Manhattan accent, it may be said that he can interpret O. Henry in at least three languages.

NAME DAY FOR PEACE JUBILEE

Hundredth Anniversary Committee Decides on Feb. 17, 1915.

The American Committee for the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of peace among English-speaking people met in the Lawyers' Club yesterday to arrange for the conference of delegates to be held here May 5 to May 9. It was announced that acceptances had been received from the foreign delegates. The celebration is to take place Feb. 17, 1915.

To accomplish this in a National way Senator Elihu Root will introduce a bill in the United States Senate to make that date a National holiday, and the States will be asked to take similar action.

ACCUSES HENDRICK OF CARICATURING JEW

The Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris Replies to His Recent Magazine Article.

ARE ALLIES, NOT INVADERS

Defender Says Author by Emphasis and Omission Made Picture Distinctly One-Sided.

According to the Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris, the Jewish citizens of America were caricatured unjustly by Burton J. Hendrick in his article, "The Jewish Invasion of America," published in the March number of McClure's Magazine. Dr. Harris spoke last night before the congregation of Temple Israel, 120th Street and Lenox Avenue. He maintained that Mr. Hendrick had given a false impression of the Jewish race by emphasis and omission, and that only a few redeeming sentences had saved his article from being a libel.

Dr. Harris said that he was aware of the fact that the author had disclaimed any intent to write an anti-Jewish article, but this, to his mind, did not lessen the injury done.

"One may start out with the honest purpose of saying a kindly word of the Hebrew people," said Dr. Harris, "and yet be so unfortunate in the presentation of data as to injure rather than aid. Sometimes we pray Heaven to save us from our friends.

"The task requires judgment as well as facts, a psychological insight from within rather than a statistical survey from without. After running through the list of Jewish names in the trades journals and over the stores of Broadway, and gathering statistics of their numerical strength in the domains of commerce and public service, one must not expect to have the material in hand for the presentation of the Jews' function in America. What constitutes the truth about a movement or a man? Not the individual data, but the general impression. One can lie damnably and yet tell nothing but the truth, simply by the choice of information one decides to present or conceal.

Unjust from the Title On.

"Accepting, then, the author's benevolent intent, I consider this article gives a wrong impression of the American Jew. The wrong begins with the title. It is called 'A Jewish Invasion of America.' One aim of an invading army is to seize territory, and even that is applied here to the Jew by the author, who says, 'there is not the slightest doubt that within a few years the Jew will own the largest part of Manhattan Island, the richest parcel of real estate in the world.'"

With short quotations Dr. Harris brought forward the contentions of the author that the Jews had invaded and conquered the clothing industry; that they had displaced the Scotch and the Irish by controlling 80 per cent. of the stock in the National Liquor Distillers' Association; that the Jews had commercialized the domain of amusement; that they were overrunning the colleges and universities; that they were crowding the Gentiles out of the large department stores, and likewise beginning to dominate many professions and other occupations.

"The impression of the article is something like this," he said. "Here is a people alert and enterprising, gifted with sleepless energy, remorseless as pacemakers, submitting themselves and their families to cruel privation in order to further their insatiable ambition; surveying the whole domain of activity in the higher and lower walks of life with the steeled determination of mastering it. Is not that just the same kind of suggestion that in olden times set the masses aflame against the Jews, and are not similar charges at the door of Russia to-day?

"While he tells us what the Jews have done for themselves in controlling certain industries, he says little of what they have done for the industry itself. Mr. Hendrick gives a false impression by his omissions. It is true that he gives us a picture of Isaac A. Hourwich of the Census Bureau, but we are told nothing of his great work on immigration and labor. He has much to say of what the Jew is doing in commercializing amusement, but he is silent as to what he is contributing as artist, musician, actor, and playwright."

How They Aided Republic.

Dr. Harris recalled the part taken by the Jews in the early struggle of the American Republic, and he mentioned also what members of that race had contributed to science, art, literature, and philanthropy. He recalled the names of Haym Solomon, Commodore Levy, Mordecai Noah, Judah Tuoro, Oscar S. Straus, the late Senator Isidor Rayner, Simon Flexner, the late Dr. Morris Loeb, Joseph Fels, Miriam Michelson, Mary Antin, Josephine Goldmark, Lillian Wald, Louis Brandeis, and others.

"But taking our defects as a whole," continued Dr. Harris, "I still feel that this magazine picture is not a photograph, but a caricature. A few redeeming sentences only save it from being a libel. We are not as religious as we should be, but there is a deep religiousness in the American Jews as a whole, and no picture of them can be complete that fails to mention it.

"If we have built up trades, we have also built up synagogues and congregations and mission schools. Yes, there is much to be desired here among the average American Jews. We should be by no means satisfied with ourselves. We are not making the best use of our wondrous opportunities in this free land. Still we are doing enough good at least to be regarded as an asset to America. I think it may be said that the Jews who have come and who are coming to these shores are not, as Mr. Hendrick would call them, 'invaders,' but are allies."

NEW AID FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Auxiliary to be Organized for Inwood Hospital and House of Rest.

A meeting in the interest of the Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives on Bolton Road, Inwood, was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Andrew C. Zabriskie, 34 West Fifty-third Street. After the officers of the institution had made their reports showing gratifying results for the past year, it was proposed to the thirty-five women present that they should form an auxiliary to assist in the work of the Hospital and House of Rest.

The plan was received with interest, and a meeting will be held next Tuesday morning to perfect an organization at the home of Mrs. J. Warren Goddard in East Fifty-seventh Street.

Vice President Andrew C. Zabriskie, in making his report, said that while the Hospital and House of Rest was somewhat isolated and difficult of approach, it had the advantage of plenty of open ground and fresh air. He said that the death rate in the institution was higher than the average general hospital in New York City, but explained that this was due to the willingness of the officers to admit all cases, even in the most advanced stages. The institution, he said, had at present about sixty-five beds, and was making preparations to open soon a children's ward with ten more beds.

Others making reports were Woodbury G. Langdon, President; Howard Townsend, Secretary, and William M. Cruikshank, Treasurer.

NEW YORK'S SPRING CLEAN-UP PLANNED

Committee in Each Borough to Direct Work of Fighting Bad Sanitation.

FROM FLY TO TUBERCULOSIS

Wider Range of Work Than Ever Is Contemplated for This Campaign to Make Healthy City.

The "Spring Clean-up" campaign, to free the city of general unsanitary conditions, fight tuberculosis, eradicate the fly, mosquito, and other pests, and give thousands of babies a chance for life, was inaugurated yesterday at the first meeting of the central controlling committee, called by Health Commissioner Lederle and held in the offices of the Health Department, at Centre and Walker Streets.

It was decided to appoint an Executive Committee in each borough to direct the work of the district committees. The membership of these Executive Committees will be representative of anti-tuberculosis associations, anti fly and mosquito campaigns, babies' welfare organizations, and movements for clean streets and stores. Each Borough President will be asked to act as Chairman of the committee in his borough, and will be provided with an executive secretary. Cooperating with the borough committee will be sub-committees representing individual organizations.

James Jenkins, Jr., will be Executive Secretary of the Brooklyn committee, and will begin at once the organization of that borough. Charles E. Reid has been asked to serve as Executive Secretary of the Bronx committee.

Important factors in the campaign will be the various neighborhood associations of the city, including the Gramercy Neighborhood Association, the Yorkville Association, Riverside Association, West Side Taxpayers' Association, and other local organizations in Brooklyn and the outlying boroughs.

The central controlling committee will ask clergymen of all denominations to devote one Sunday to the "Spring Clean-up" movement and preach a sermon on the subject. Dr. S. Josephine Baker of the Division of Child Hygiene of the Board of Health offered the use of her inspectors as lecturers in schools or settlement houses, or wherever else an audience could be obtained. She said these inspectors could also render valuable service by distributing literature.

In addition to Health Commissioner Lederle, the committee is composed of Dr. M. B. McMillan, Assistant Sanitary Superintendent, as executive officer of the committee; C. E. A. Winslow, Professor of Sanitary Science, City College of New York; J. J. Jackson, Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity; Edward Hatch, Jr., Merchants' Association; Dr. S. Josephine Baker, Division of Child Hygiene of the Health Department; Mrs. Julian Heath of the Housewives' League; Charles E. Reid of the Bronx Board of Trade, James Jenkins, Jr., Brooklyn Bureau of Charities; Gerrit Smith, Babies' Welfare Association; Eugene Winship, Sanitary Engineer, Department of Health; S. E. Lavelle, Chief Inspector of the Tenement House Department; Frank Mann of the Tuberculosis Committee of Manhattan, and in addition the heads of the Street Cleaning Department, Department of Water Supply, Gas and Elecricity, Board of Education, Bureau of Fire Prevention, and Police Department.

THE ACTOR'S PERSONALITY.

Gillette Tells Academy Graduates That It Is Necessary to Success.

William Gillette, speaking to the audience that filled the Empire Theatre yesterday afternoon at the graduating exercises of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts, provided entertainment for himself and his audience by indulging in several flings at present-day opinion about the theatre. Twenty-eight diplomas were awarded members of the graduating class, but this seemed to interest them less than Mr. Gillette's speech.

"It has been quite the thing to sneer at personality," he said, "as an altogether cheap affair, not worthy to be associated with what is best in art. Though it would be like shaking a red rag before a bull if it were heard by the most enlightened students and critics, nevertheless I will boldly state, for I don't think they can do anything to me for it, that cheap or otherwise, inartistic or otherwise, and whatever it really is or is not, it is the most singularly important factor in diffusing life into modern stage creations that is known to man, woman, or child.

"The actors of recent times who have been universally acknowledged to be great, have invariably been so because of their successful use of their own personalities in the roles which they made famous. And when they undertook parts, as they frequently did, not suited to their personalities, they were great no longer, and frequently quite the reverse. The elder Salvini's "Othello" towered so far above any other performance of the role known to modern times that they were all lost sight of beside it. His "Gladiator" was superb, his "Hamlet" an unfortunate occurrence. Mr. Booth's personality brought him almost adoration in his "Hamlet," but for "Othello" it was unsuited. And Henry Irving, and Ellen Terry, and Modjeska, and Mary Anderson, each of them with marvellous skill transferred their personalities to the appropriate role.

"It is not the thing at all to consider a truly magnificent performance, but to discern the true art we must inquire how many kinds of things the man can do. This, you will observe, brings it down to a question of pure stage gymnastics. How many parts can an actor balance on his nose without letting any of them quite drop? Doubtless an interesting exhibition if you are looking for that kind of sport."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. LIBERTY HALL with JOHN MASON

KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway and 38th St. Evgs. 8 sharp. Matinees To-day & Wed. 2. JULIA SANDERSON with JOSEPH CAWTHORN in THE SUNSHINE GIRL

LYCEUM 45th St. nr. B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:30. H. B. WARNER "THE GHOST BREAKER."

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. The Conspiracy

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

HUDSON W. 44 St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. MATINEE TO-DAY 2:20 THE Poor Little Rich Girl By ELEANOR GATES. 100 LAUGHS and THEN SOME

FULTON 46 St. W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:45. Mats. To-day, Tues. & Thur. 2:45. RUTH ST. DENIS in NEW JAPANESE & HINDOO DANCE PLAYS.

The Show All New York Is Talking About at the Harris. Mat. To-day. Extra Mat. Monday. THE MASTER MIND

New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. OH! OH! DELPHINE The Last Word in Musical Comedy

Liberty W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c to $1.50. LAST 2 WEEKS MILESTONES

GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY. "STOP THIEF" A farce by Carlyle Moore.

PARK, 59th St. 25c. to $1.00. Matinee To-day. THE MIRACLE

LYCEUM THEATRE, B'way and 45th St. MON., MARCH 24th, at 3 P. M. KITTY CHEATHAM'S ANNUAL EASTER MATINEE and last recital this year.

GLOBE MATINEE TO-DAY 2:20. MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS, THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE. B'way & 43d. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. A GRAND NEW LAUGH THAT'S SOUND TO LINGER. MAY IRWIN in "WIDOW BY PROXY"

ASTOR B way 45 St. LAST MAT. TO-DAY 2:15. LAST TIME TO-NIGHT. Fine Feathers Robert Edeson, Wilton Lackaye, Max Figman, Rose Coghlan

GRAND OP. HO., 23d St., 8th Av. Mat. To-day. Next Week—FINE FEATHERS—All Star Cast. "The Chocolate Soldier."

Ad. Philipp's 57 St. Th., n'r 3 Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 'Auction Pinochle'

8TH AVE. & 25TH ST. TEL. 1268 CHEL. PEOPLE'S BOWERY & 3RD AV. TEL. 3730 ORCH. BRONX 3 AVE. & 156TH ST. TEL. 1023 MEL. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. Miss New York, Jr. Amateurs To-night. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. Stars of Stageland Amateurs To-night. LADIES' MAT. DAILY. The Gay Widows Wrestling To-night.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15. Years of Discretion

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. To-day, Tues. & Wed. 2:10. A Good Little Devil

THE RIALTO 116th St. & 7th Av. Exclusive $600,000 Photo Play House. Special.....To-day SIEGE OF PETERSBURG Continuous 1 to 11 Daily Mats., 10-15c. Evs. & Sat. & Sun., 15c-25c-50c.

Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., 7th Av., 25c to $1.00. Twice daily and Sundays, 2:30 & 8:30 P. M. PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR AND THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION IN KINEMACOLOR.

Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sun.) Aft. at 3, Song Recital WM. HINSHAW Baritone of the Metropolitan Opera Co. Seats now on Sale at Box Office.

BERKELEY THEA., 23 W. 44th St. Pop. Prices. TALES OF To-day 11 A. M., Baroness A. de Meyer. TRAVEL (c. "A Promenade Through Paris"; at 2:30, Miss Dora Keen, "The First Ascent of Mt. Blackburn"; 8:30 P. M., Miss Keen, "Through the Alaskan Wilderness."

BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 2:30. PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

COLUMBIA B'WAY & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day THE WINNING WIDOWS

OPERA TICKETS. Choice seats for all operas and theatres. Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th St. Tel. 3026-3027 Greeley.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50, 75, $1. Daily Matinee 25 & 50c. Irene Franklin, Edwin Arden and Anne Sutherland, and 12 others.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY CONDUCTOR. Brooklyn Academy of Music TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) AFT., AT 3:15. Soloist, EDMOND CLEMENT, Tenor. Tickets on sale at Box Office.

HOTELS.

HOTEL GERARD WEST 44TH STREET, Bet. B'dway and Sixth Ave. Within One Block of Ten Theatres. SINGLE ROOMS..$1.00 per day up ROOM AND BATH (2 people).... 2.50 per day up RESTAURANT Table d'Hote Lunch..50 cts. Table d'Hote Dinner..75 cts. Also a la carte.....Music

HOTEL Bretton Hall BROADWAY 85th to 86th St. Between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Large rooms, large closets and all comforts of the best New York Hotels at one-third less price. Within ten minutes of shopping and theatre centres. Subway station at the door.

HOTEL ABERDEEN 32d St., Bet. B'way & 5th Ave. 300 ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 & $2.00 PER DAY. PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $2.50 & $3.00 PER DAY.

RESTAURANTS.

Kaiser-Hof B'way & 39th St. High-class German Kitchen Luncheon Daily in Annex 60 CENTS Table d'Hote Dinners Sundays Only 6 to 9 P. M., $1.00

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'TOKIO' New, 141 West 45th St., nr. Broadway. Am. & Oriental. "Cabaret International."

HIPPODROME 6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. GYPSY LIFE. Plunging Horses MAMMOTH NEW CIRCUS. In addition to the Great Spectacle, UNDER MANY FLAGS

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8. Phone 9260 Columbus. Mat. To-day, 2. The HONEYMOON EXPRESS with GABY DESLYS, Al Jolson. Sunday Night Concert—Entirely New Star Acts. ST. PATRICK'S DAY MAT. NEXT MONDAY.

Weber & Fields' 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER'S ALL-STAR GAMBOL Prices 50c., 75c., $1.00. Best Seats $1.50.

PRINCESS 39th St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:45. Matinees 2:30. With a Policy similar to that pursued at the Grand Guignol, Paris. FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY.

Broadway Thea., cr. 41st. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. LOUISE GUNNING in THE AMERICAN MAID

William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. FANNY'S FIRST PLAY

LYRIC 42d St., W. of Broadway. Evs., 8:15. Mats. To-day & St. Patrick's Day 2:15. SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eve. 8:30. Mat. To-day 2:30. Special Matinee St. Patrick's Day. ROMANCE

48TH ST. Theatre. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. Join the Crowd and Laugh at WILLIAM COLLIER in Never Say Die. Last 2 Weeks.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15. TRENTINI Last Night THE FIREFLY

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day. THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS

Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Thur. 2:15. Extra Mat. St. Patrick's Day. LITTLE WOMEN

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. 2. Evs. & Mat. To-day 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat., 25c. to $1.50. 500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.00.

WEST END 125th, West of 5th Av. Evs., 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. RUDOLPH SCHILDKRAUT IN "NO. 37"

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

To-day at 2. Traviata. Hempel, Mattfeld; Macnez, Amato, Cond., Sturani.

To-night at 8. Pop. Prices. Faust. Farrar, Fornia; Jorn, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Sturani.

Sun. Eve. Concert; 50c. to $1.50. Elman, Russian Violinist. Case; Macnez. Ent. Orch.

Next Mon. at 8. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.

Tues. at 8. Spec'l Perf'ce. Act 4 Rigoletto. Hempel; Macnez, Amato. Act 2 Aida. Destinn, Homer; Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Act 2 Butterfly. Farrar; Scotti. Act 3, Scene 2, Meistersinger. Alten; Jorn, Buers, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss. Prices $1.00 to $5.00.

Wed. at 8. Premiere Boris Godunoff. Homer, Case, Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.

Thurs. at 8:15. Donne Curiose. Farrar, Alten; Macnez, Scotti, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.

Fri. Spec'l Mat. at 1. Parsifal. Fremstad; Jorn, Buers, Witherspoon, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.

Fri. at 8. Tales of Hoffmann. Hempel, Bori, Duchene; Macnez, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.

Sat. at 2. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur, Toscanini.

Sat., 7:30. Pop. Prices. Meistersinger. Gadski; Urlus, Buers, Braun, Goritz, Reiss. Cond. Hertz.

HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Wallack's B'way & 30th. Last Week. The Irish Players. Mat. To-day 2:20. To-night 8:20. "Shadow of the Glen," "The Building Fund" & "The Workhouse Ward."

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN at the CENTURY THEATRE Evs. 8 on the minute. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2 on the min. 8th Av. & 62d St.

Children's Mats. To-day, Tues. & Thurs. 3. Thea., Century Thea. Bldg. EVENINGS AT 9. Everyman With Edith Wynne Matthison

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. To-Day at 2:30. Carnegie Hall. SPRING FESTIVAL—MUSIC & DANCE. Part I—N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Walter Damrosch.....Conductor. Part II—Dances 16th Cent'y to present day. Interpreted by professional dancers. Rythmic Pantomime, Mythological Dance. Florence Fleming Noyes. Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St., & Box Office.

TO-NIGHT AT EIGHT TO-NIGHT AT CARNEGIE HALL. Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue. Nahum Sokolow of Berlin, will speak in English and Yiddish on "The Jews as a Creative Force in Modern Life" with special reference to Palestine. Tickets 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00, at Box Office.

SYMPHONY Society of New York. WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor. New Aeolian Hall, 34 W. 43d St. To-morrow (Sunday) Aft. at 3. Soloist ELENA GERHARDT. Symphony No. 7, Beethoven; Prelude, "Cyrano," Damrosch; Carneval, Dvorak.

National Academy of Design FINE ARTS GALLERIES 215 and 217 West 57th St. NOW OPEN. 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M. Admission 50c. 88th Annual Exhibition

Carnegie Hall, Mon. Eve., (St. Patrick's Night.) MARCH 17 SONG RECITAL BY JOHN McCORMACK Celebrated Irish Tenor, assisted by MELVILLE CLARKE, Irish Harpist. Seats now on sale at Box Office.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.' Evs. 8:15.

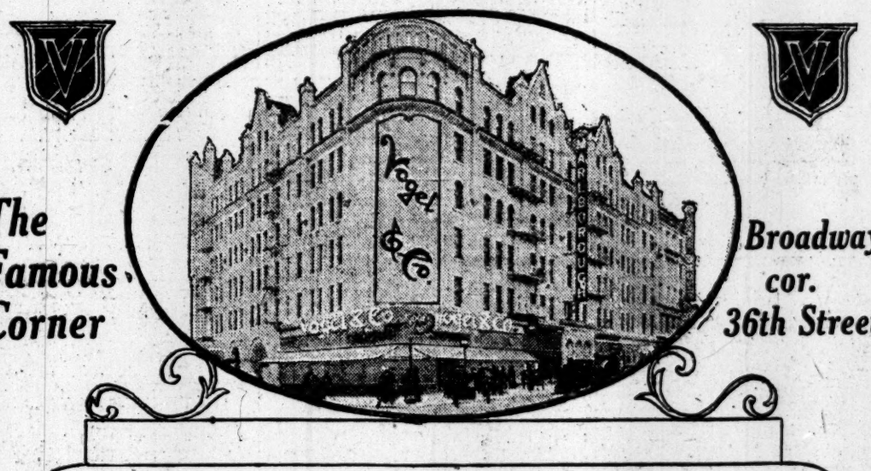
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW

IRVING PLACE THEATRE Brandt-Christians in SUENDEN-Tonight—Christians in KEAN.

Wallach's Hats. Broadway at 29th St. 647 Eighth Ave. (nr. 42d St.) 246-248 W. 125th St. 3rd Ave., cor. 122d St. The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

EASTER comes on March 23rd. One week from tomorrow new Hat time comes in earnest. If you want your Spring Hat money to bring its utmost yours will be a Wallach Hat. $5 Style, $3 Quality, $2

E&W SHIRTS. New Spring Patterns Now on Display. $1.50 to $10.00. Your Inspection Invited By All Good Haberdashers. EARL & WILSON Makers of Red-Man Collars



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